

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

Mr. Ajit Thomas *(Executive Chairman)* Mr. Dilip Thomas *(Executive Vice Chairman)* Mr. Habib Hussain Mr. F.S.Mohan Eddy (upto 29.05.2025) Mrs. Kavitha Vijay Mr. S. Ganesan (w.e.f. 27.05.2025)

#### **REGISTERED OFFICE**

W-21/674, Beach Road, Alappuzha - 688 012. Tel: 0477-2243624 / 2243625 Email: avt.alapuzha@gmail.com Website: www.avthomas.in

#### **CORPORATE OFFICE**

No. 60, Rukmani Lakshmipathi Salai, Egmore, Chennai - 600 008. Tel: 044-28553249 CIN: U51109KL1935PLC000024

#### AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. F.S. Mohan Eddy (upto 29.05.2025) Mr. Ajit Thomas Mrs. Kavitha Vijay Mr. S. Ganesan (w.e.f. 30.05.2025)

#### **AUDITORS**

Suri & Co. Chartered Accountants Guna Complex, No.443 & 445 4<sup>th</sup> Floor Main Building, Anna Salai, Teynampet, Chennai 600 018

#### BANKERS

The Federal Bank Limited Bank of Baroda

#### **REGISTRAR & SHARE TRANSFER AGENT**

Cameo Corporate Services Limited "Subramanian Building" No. 1, Club House Road, Chennai - 600 002.

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# A.V. THOMAS AND COMPANY LIMITED

Registered Office: W-21/674, Beach Road, Alappuzha-688012 CIN: U51109KL1935PLC000024

#### NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS

NOTICE is hereby given that the NINETIETH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Company will be held on Wednesday, 23<sup>rd</sup> July, 2025 at 11.00 A.M.. IST through Video Conferencing (VC)/other Audio-Visual Means (OAVM) to transact the following business:

#### ORDINARY BUSINESS:

- To receive, consider and adopt the Audited financial statements (including the Consolidated financial statements) of the Company for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2025, the reports of the Board of Directors and Auditors thereon.
- (a) To confirm the payment of Interim Dividend at Rs.150/-per Equity Share (1500%) already paid for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2025.
  - (b) To declare a Final Dividend on Equity Shares. [The Directors have recommended a final Dividend of Rs. 150/- per Equity share (1500%)]
- **3.** To appoint a director in place of Mr. Habib Hussain (DIN: 00018665), who retires by rotation and being eligible has offered himself for re-appointment.

#### SPECIAL BUSINESS:

#### 4. Re-appointment of Mr. Ajit Thomas, (DIN:00018691) Executive Chairman

To consider and, if thought fit to pass, with or without modification(s), the following resolution as a Special Resolution:

**"RESOLVED THAT** pursuant to the provisions of Sections 196, 197 read with Schedule V and any other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 including any statutory modification or any amendment or any substitution or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force, consent and / or approval be and is hereby accorded by the shareholders for the re-appointment of Mr. Ajit Thomas (DIN:00018691) as Whole-Time-Director and designated as Executive Chairman of the Company for a period commencing from 1<sup>st</sup> February 2025 to 31<sup>st</sup> January 2028, subject to retirement by rotation, without entitlement to sitting fees, on the following principal terms of re-appointment and remuneration:

- 1. Salary: Rs.12,00,000/- per month.
- 2. Perquisites and other benefits:
  - a) Company's contribution to Provident fund @ 12% in accordance with the rules of the Company.
  - b) Gratuity: As per the rules of the Company.
  - c) Company car and communication facilities: Use of the Company's car, chauffeur and communication facilities at the residence for official purposes, as per the rules of the Company.

**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** pursuant to Section 196(3) read with Schedule V and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment(s) thereof, for the time being in force), consent and / or approval be and is hereby accorded by the shareholders for continuation of holding of office by Mr. Ajit Thomas (DIN - 00018691), Whole-time Director of the Company, who has attained the age of 70 (Seventy) years.

**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** the re-appointment of Mr. Ajit Thomas as Whole-Time Director of the Company designated as Executive Chairman and payment of remuneration is specifically sanctioned, with the liberty and power to the Board of Directors, at its discretion, to revise the payment of salary, within the overall ceiling limits as prescribed in Section I of Part II of Schedule V of The Companies Act, 2013 and also to alter and vary from time to time, the Board of Directors may deem it appropriate and expedient and that the Board of Directors be and is hereby authorised to do such acts, deeds and things as are considered necessary to give effect to these resolutions without further reference to the shareholders."

#### 5. Re-appointment of Mr. Dilip Thomas, (DIN:00052185) Executive Vice Chairman

To consider and, if thought fit to pass, with or without modification(s), the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

"**RESOLVED THAT** pursuant to the provisions of Sections 196, 197 read with Schedule V and any other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 including any statutory modification or any amendment or any substitution or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force, consent and / or approval be and is hereby accorded by the shareholders for the re-appointment of Mr. Dilip Thomas (DIN:00052185) as Whole-Time-Director and designated as Executive Vice Chairman of the Company for a period commencing from 1<sup>st</sup> February 2025 to 31<sup>st</sup> January 2028, subject to retirement by rotation, without entitlement to sitting fees, on the following principal terms of re-appointment and remuneration:

- 1. Salary: Rs.11,00,000/- per month.
- 2. Perquisites and other benefits:
  - a) Company's contribution to Provident fund @ 12% in accordance with the rules of the Company.
  - b) Gratuity: As per the rules of the Company.
  - c) Company car and communication facilities: Use of the Company's car, chauffeur and communication facilities at the residence for official purposes, as per the rules of the Company.

**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** the re-appointment of Mr.Dilip Thomas as Whole-Time Director of the Company designated as Executive Vice Chairman and payment of remuneration is specifically sanctioned, with the liberty and power to the Board of Directors, at its discretion, to revise the payment of salary, within the overall ceiling limits as prescribed in Section I of Part II of Schedule V of The Companies Act, 2013 and also to alter and vary from time to time, the Board of Directors may deem it appropriate and expedient and that the Board of Directors be and is hereby authorised to do such acts, deeds and things as are considered necessary to give effect to these resolutions without further reference to the shareholders."

#### 6. Appointment of Mr.S.Ganesan, (DIN : 08588380) as an Independent Director- 1st Term

To consider and if thought fit to pass with or without modification(s) the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

"**RESOLVED THAT** pursuant to the provisions of Sections 149, 152, 160 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules made thereunder (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force) read with Schedule IV to the Companies Act, 2013, Mr.S.Ganesan (DIN : 08588380), who has submitted a declaration that he meets the criteria for independence as provided in Section 149(6) of the Act and who is eligible for appointment, be and is hereby appointed as a Director of the Company designated as Non-Executive and Independent Director not liable to retire by rotation, for the first term of three years with effect from 27<sup>th</sup> May, 2025 to 26<sup>th</sup> May, 2028.

# 7. To approve the remuneration payable to M/s.Rajendran, Mani & Varier, as Cost Auditors for the Financial Year 2025-26

To consider and, if thought fit to pass, with or without modification(s), the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

**"RESOLVED THAT** pursuant to the provisions of Section 148 and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules,2014 (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof, for the time being in force), M/s.Rajendran, Mani & Varier, Cost Auditors (Firm Registration No.000006), appointed by the Board of Directors of the Company, to conduct the audit of the cost records of the Company for the financial year ending 31st March, 2026 be paid a remuneration of Rs.1,50,000/- (Rupees One Lakh Fifty Thousand only) per annum & taxes applicable thereon and reimbursement of out-of- pocket expenses incurred.

**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** the Board of Directors of the Company be and are hereby severally authorised to do all acts and take all such steps as may be necessary or expedient to give effect to this resolution."

By Order of the Board For A.V. THOMAS AND COMPANY LIMITED

Chennai 27.05.2025 AJIT THOMAS Executive Chairman DIN: 00018691

#### NOTES:

- 1. In accordance with framework provided in the MCA General Circular Nos. 20/20 dated 05.05.2020, Nos.14/2020 dated 08.04.2020, 17/2020 dated 13.04.2020, 22/2020 dated 15.06.2020, 33/2020 dated 28.09.2020, 39/2020 dated 31.12.2020, 10/2021 dated 23.06.2021, 20/2021 dated 08.12.2021, 03/2022 dated 05.05.2022, 11/2022 dated 28.12.2022, No.09/2023 dated 25.09.2023 and No.09/2024 dated 19.09.2024 and other applicable circulars issued in this regard and further in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Act and the said Circulars issued by MCA are allowed to hold General Meetings through Video Conferencing (VC) upto 30th September, 2025 without the physical presence of members at a common venue. In compliance with the circular and in view of the continuing social distancing norms, the 90<sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting of the Company will be held through Video Conference (VC) / Other Audio-visual Means (OAVM). The registered office of the Company shall be deemed to be the venue for the AGM.
- 2. The Explanatory Statement pursuant to Section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013, which sets out details relating to Special Business at the meeting is annexed hereto.
- 3. The relevant details, pursuant to Secretarial Standard on General Meetings issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India, in respect of Director seeking re-appointment at this AGM is annexed.
- 4. Pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act") a Member entitled to attend and vote at the AGM is entitled to appoint a proxy to attend and vote on his / her behalf and the proxy need not be a Member of the Company. Since this AGM is being held pursuant to the MCA Circulars through VC / OAVM, physical attendance of Members has been dispensed with. Accordingly, the facility for appointment of proxies by the Members will not be available for the AGM and hence the Proxy Form, Attendance Slip and route map of the AGM are not annexed to this Notice.
- 5. Corporate members intended to send their authorized representatives to attend the meeting are requested to send to the Company a certified copy of the board resolution authorizing their representative to attend and vote on their behalf at the meeting.

- The Register of Members and Share Transfer Books of the Company will remain closed from 17<sup>th</sup> July, 2025 (Thursday) to 23<sup>rd</sup> July, 2025 (Wednesday) (both days inclusive) for the purpose of Annual General Meeting.
- 7. The Voting rights of members shall be in proportion to their shares of the paid-up equity share capital of the Company as on the Cut-off date 16<sup>th</sup> July, 2025 (Wednesday).
- 8. The Company has appointed M/s Cameo Corporate Services Limited, Chennai as its Registrar & Share Transfer Agent and depository interface of the Company with CDSL and NSDL. Shareholders intending to hold their shares in electronic form may approach their depository participants for dematerialization of shares. Shareholders may send their physical shares for effecting transmission/transposition to M/s Cameo Corporate Services Limited.
- 9. The dividend as recommended by the Board, if approved at this meeting, will be paid within 30 days from the date of AGM, to those members whose names appear in the Register of Members on that date.
- 10. Members are requested to notify immediately any change in their address to the company's Share Transfer Agent, M/s. Cameo Corporate Services Limited, Subramanian Building, No. 1, Club House Road, Chennai- 600 002 in the case of physical holdings and to their respective Depository Participants in case of dematerialized shares.
- 11. Members are requested to lodge their e-mail ID's along with their Name and Folio No. to Company's Registrar and Share Transfer Agent, M/s. Cameo Corporate Services Limited, 'Subramanian Building', No.1, Club House Road, Chennai 600 002, Email:- investor@cameoindia.com to enable the Company to send all future communications including Annual Reports through electronic mode.
- 12. The Finance Act, 2020 had made the dividend declared from 01st April 2020, taxable in the hands of shareholders, where the dividend exceeds Rs.5000/- in a financial year. This has created a requirement for the investors to submit Form 15G/15H in case if they would like to be exempted from deduction of tax from their dividend. Form 15G/ 15H can be downloaded from the web link https: // investors.cameoindia. com to avail the benefit and email to investor@cameoindia.com, immediately. There is also a provision to upload Form 15G/15H in the web link viz. https://investors.cameoindia.com provided by the Company's Registrar and Share Transfer Agent M/s Cameo Corporate Services Limited.
- 13. Members are requested to notify the Company's Registrar and Share Transfer Agent immediately of their bank account number and name of the bank and branch in the case of physical holdings, and to their respective Depository Participants in case of dematerialized shares, so that the payment of dividend when made through National Electronic Clearing Service (NECS), National Electronic Fund Transfer (NEFT), Direct Credit, Real Time Gross Settlement (RTGS), cheques / drafts etc., can be made without delay.
- 14. Shareholders who have multiple folios in identical names or in joint names in the same order, are requested to intimate to the Company those folios, to enable the Company to consolidate all such shareholdings into one folio.
- 15. Shareholders of the Company may avail the nomination facility by executing the prescribed nomination form, which can be obtained from the Registered Office of the Company or from the company's Registrar and Share Transfer Agent.
- 16. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 124 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Company has transferred the unclaimed dividends from time to time on due dates, upto the financial year 2016-17 and Interim Dividend for the year 2017-18 to the Investor Education and Protection Fund (the IEPF) established by the Central Government.

The Company is liable to transfer the Final Dividend declared for the year 2017 2018 and remaining unpaid or unclaimed to the Investor Education and Protection Fund during the month of October 2025 The shareholders are, therefore, advised to claim immediately from the Company the dividends, if any, for the said year remaining unpaid before they are transferred to the Fund.

- 17. Pursuant to Investor Education and Protection Fund Authority (Accounting, Audit, Transfer and Refund) Amendment Rules, 2017 ("Rules") notified by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs on 28th February, 2017, the Company is required to transfer all shares in respect of which dividend has not been paid or claimed for seven consecutive years to the IEPF. The shareholders are requested to claim the unpaid dividend amount(s) immediately, failing which their shares shall be transferred to the demat account of the IEPF Authority as per Section 124 of the Act, read with applicable IEPF rules.
- 18. To prevent fraudulent transactions, members are advised to exercise due diligence and notify the Company of any change in address or demise of any member as soon as possible. Members are also advised not to leave their demat account(s) dormant for long. Periodic statement of holdings should be obtained from the concerned Depository Participant and holdings should be verified.
- 19. Members may also note that the Notice of the 90<sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting and the Annual Report for 2024 2025 will also be available on the Company's website: www.avthomas.in for downloading. The physical copies of the aforesaid documents will also be available at the Company's Registered Office for inspection during normal business hours on working days. For any communication, the shareholders may also send requests to the Company's Registrar and share transfer agent email ID: investor@cameoindia.com.
- 20. In terms of Section 101 of the Companies Act 2013 read with rule 18 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 and section 136 of the Companies Act 2013 read with rule 11 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, electronic copy of the notice of 90<sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting of the Company inter alia, indicating the process and manner of e-voting is being sent to all the members whose e-mail id's are registered with the Company/ depository participant(s)for communication purpose.
- 21. Members whose names appear on the Register of Members / List of Beneficial Owners as on Cut-off date i.e.16<sup>th</sup> July, 2025 (Wednesday) will be considered for the purpose of availing Remote e-voting or Vote in the Annual General Meeting. A person who is not a member as on the cut-off date should treat this Notice for information purposes only.
- 22. Since the AGM will be held through VC in accordance with the circulars, the route map, proxy form and attendance slip are not attached to this Notice.

#### 23. Voting facilities

In compliance with provisions of Section 108 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014, the Company is pleased to provide members facility to exercise their right to vote at the 90<sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting (AGM) by electronic means and the business may be transacted through e-Voting Services provided by Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL).

The facility for voting either through electronic voting system shall be made available at the meeting and members attending the meeting who have not already cast their vote by remote e-voting shall be able to exercise their right at the meeting. Members who have cast their vote by remote e-voting prior to the meeting may also attend the meeting but shall not be entitled to cast their vote again.

#### 24. CDSL e-Voting System – For Remote e-voting and e-voting during AGM

i. In accordance with the framework provided by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) vide Circular No. 14/2020 dated April 8, 2020, Circular No.17/2020 dated April 13, 2020, Circular No. 20/2020 dated May 05, 2020, circular no.19/2021 dated 08.12.2021, circular no.21/2021 dated 14.12.2021, dated May 5, 2022 in relation to Circular No.10/2022 dated 28th December, 2022, Circular No.09/2023 dated 25th September, 2023 and Circular No.09/2024 dated 19<sup>th</sup> September, 2024, the forthcoming AGM will thus be held through video conferencing (VC) or other audio-visual means(OAVM). Hence, Members can attend and participate in the ensuing AGM through VC or OAVM.

- ii. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 108 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 (as amended) the Company is providing facility of remote e- voting to its Members in respect of the business to be transacted at the AGM. For this purpose, the Company has entered into an agreement with Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL) for facilitating voting through electronic means, as the authorized e-Voting agency. The facility of casting votes by a member using remote e- voting as well as the e-voting system on the date of the AGM will be provided by CDSL.
- iii. The Members can join the AGM in the VC/OAVM mode 15 minutes before and after the scheduled time of the commencement of the Meeting by following the procedure mentioned in the Notice. The facility of participation at the AGM through VC/OAVM will be made available to all members on first come first served basis. This will not include large Shareholders (Shareholders holding 2% or more shareholding), Promoters, Institutional Investors, Directors, Key Managerial Personnel, the Chairpersons of the Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Share Transfer Committee, Auditors etc. who are allowed to attend the AGM without restriction on account of first come first served basis.
- iv. The attendance of the Members attending the AGM through VC/OAVM will be counted for the purpose of ascertaining the quorum under Section 103 of the Companies Act, 2013.

# THE INTRUCTIONS OF SHAREHOLDERS FOR REMOTE E-VOTING AND E-VOTING DURING AGM AND JOINING MEETING THROUGH VC/OAVM ARE AS UNDER:

- (i) The voting period begins on the 20<sup>th</sup> July, 2025 (Sunday) at 09.00 A.M.. and ends on 22<sup>nd</sup> July, .2025 (Tuesday) at 05.00 P.M.. During this period shareholders of the Company, holding shares either in physical form or in dematerialized form, as on the cut-off date (record date) of 16<sup>th</sup> July, 2025 (Wednesday), may cast their vote electronically. The e-voting module shall be disabled by CDSL for voting thereafter.
- (ii) Shareholders who have already voted prior to the Annual General meeting date through e-voting would not be entitled to vote at the Annual General Meeting.

Currently, there are multiple e-voting service providers (ESPs) providing e-voting facility. This necessitates registration on various ESPs and maintenance of multiple user IDs and passwords by the shareholders.

In order to increase the efficiency of the voting process, pursuant to a public consultation, it has been decided to enable e-voting to all the demat account holders, by way of a single login credential, through their demat accounts/ websites of Depositories/ Depository Participants. Demat account holders would be able to cast their vote without having to register again with the ESPs, thereby, not only facilitating seamless authentication but also enhancing ease and convenience of participating in e-voting process.

Type of shareholders	Login Method	
Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with <b>CDSL</b>	<ol> <li>Users who have opted for CDSL Easi / Easiest facility, can login through their existing user id and password. Option will be made available to reach e-Voting page without any further authentication. The users to login to Easi / Easiest are requested to visit cdsl website www. cdslindia.com and click on login icon &amp; New System Myeasi Tab.</li> </ol>	
	2) After successful login the Easi / Easiest user will be able to see the e-Voting option for eligible companies where the evoting is in progress as per the information provided by company. On clicking the evoting op- tion, the user will be able to see e-Voting page of the e-Voting service pro- vider for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting. Additionally, there is also links provided to access the system of all e-Voting Service Providers, so that the user can visit the e-Voting service providers' website directly.	

(iii) Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meetings for Individual shareholders holding securities in Demat mode is given below:

Type of shareholders	Login Method	
Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with CDSL	3) If the user is not registered for Easi/Easiest, option to register is available at cdsl website <u>www.cdslindia.com</u> and click on login & New System Myeasi Tab and then click on registration option.	
	4) Alternatively, the user can directly access e-Voting page by providing Demat Account Number and PAN No. from a e-Voting link available on <u>www.cdslindia.com</u> home page. The system will authenticate the user by sending OTP on registered Mobile & Email as recorded in the Demat Account. After successful authentication, user will be able to see the e-Voting option where the evoting is in progress and also able to directly access the system of all e-Voting Service Providers.	
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with NSDL	1) If you are already registered for NSDL IDeAS facility, please visit the e- Services website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: https://eservices.nsdl.com either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Services is launched, click on the "Beneficial Owner" icon under "Login" which is available under 'IDeAS' section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID and Password. After successful authentication, you will be able to see e-Voting services. Click on "Access to e-Voting" under e-Voting services and you will be able to see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be re-directed to e-Voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.	
	<ol> <li>If the user is not registered for IDeAS e-Services, option to register is available at https://eservices.nsdl.com. Select "Register Online for IDeAS "Portal or click at https://eservices.nsdl.com/SecureWeb/ IdeasDirectReg.jsp</li> </ol>	
	Visit the e-Voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: <u>https://www.evoting.nsdl.com</u> either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Voting system is launched, click on the icon "Login" which is available under 'Shareholder/ Member' section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID (i.e. your sixteen digit demat account number held with NSDL), Password/OTP and a Verification Code as shown on the screen. After successful authentication, you will be redirected to NSDL Depository site wherein you can see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be redirected to e-Voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting	
Individual Shareholders (holding securities in demat mode) login through their Depository Participants	You can also login using the login credentials of your demat account through your Depository Participant registered with NSDL/CDSL for e-Voting facility. After Successful login, you will be able to see e-Voting option. Once you click on e-Voting option, you will be redirected to NSDL/CDSL Depository site after successful authentication, wherein you can see e-Voting feature. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be redirected to e-Voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.	

**Important note:** Members who are unable to retrieve User ID/ Password are advised to use Forget User ID and Forget Password option available at above mentioned website.

# Helpdesk for Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode for any technical issues related to login through Depository i.e. CDSL and NSDL

Login type	Helpdesk details
Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with <b>CDSL</b>	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact CDSL helpdesk by sending a request at helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or contact at 1800 22 55 33.
Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with <b>NSDL</b>	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact NSDL helpdesk by sending a request at evoting@nsdl.co.in or call at toll free no.: 1800 1020 990 and 1800 22 44 30

- (iv) Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meeting for shareholders other than individual shareholders holding in Demat form & physical shareholders.
  - 1) The shareholders should log on to the e-voting website www.evotingindia.com.
  - 2) Click on "Shareholders" module.
  - 3) Now enter your User ID
    - a. For CDSL: 16 digits beneficiary ID,
    - b. For NSDL: 8 Character DP ID followed by 8 Digits Client ID,
    - c. Shareholders holding shares in Physical Form should enter Folio Number registered with the Company.
  - 4) Next enter the Image Verification as displayed and Click on Login.
  - 5) If you are holding shares in demat form and had logged on to www.evotingindia.com and voted on an earlier e-voting of any company, then your existing password is to be used.
  - 6) If you are a first-time user follow the steps given below:

	For Members holding shares in Demat Form and Physical Form
PAN	Enter your 10 digit alpha-numeric *PAN issued by Income Tax Department (Applicable for both demat shareholders as well as physical shareholders)
	Shareholders who have not updated their PAN with the Company/ Depository Participant are requested to use the sequence number sent by Company/RTA or contact Company/ RTA.
Dividend Bank Details	Enter the Dividend Bank Details or Date of Birth (in dd/mm/yyyy format) as recorded in your demat account or in the company records in order to login.
Or Date of Birth (DOB)	If both the details are not recorded with the depository or company, please enter the member id / folio number in the Dividend Bank details field as mentioned in instruction (iv).

- (v) After entering these details appropriately, click on "SUBMIT" tab.
- (vi) Shareholders holding shares in physical form will then directly reach the Company selection screen. However, shareholders holding shares in demat form will now reach 'Password Creation' menu wherein they are required to mandatorily enter their login password in the new password field. Kindly note that this password is to be also used by the demat holders for voting for resolutions of any other company on which they are eligible to vote, provided that company opts for e-voting through CDSL platform. It is strongly recommended not to share your password with any other person and take utmost care to keep your password confidential.
- (vii) For shareholders holding shares in physical form, the details can be used only for e-voting on the resolutions contained in this Notice.
- (viii) Click on the EVSN for A.V. Thomas and Company Limited on which you choose to vote.
- (ix) On the voting page, you will see "RESOLUTION DESCRIPTION" and against the same the option "YES/ NO" for voting. Select the option YES or NO as desired. The option YES implies that you assent to the Resolution and option NO implies that you dissent to the Resolution.
- (x) Click on the "RESOLUTIONS FILE LINK" if you wish to view the entire Resolution details.
- (xi) After selecting the resolution, you have decided to vote on, click on "SUBMIT". A confirmation box will be displayed. If you wish to confirm your vote, click on "OK", else to change your vote, click on "CANCEL" and accordingly modify your vote.
- (xii) Once you "CONFIRM" your vote on the resolution, you will not be allowed to modify your vote.
- (xiii) You can also take a print of the votes cast by clicking on "Click here to print" option on the Voting page.
- (xiv) If a demat account holder has forgotten the login password then Enter the User ID and the image verification code and click on Forgot Password & enter the details as prompted by the system.
- (xv) Facility for Non Individual Shareholders and Custodians –Remote Voting
  - Non-Individual shareholders (i.e. other than Individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) and Custodians are required to log on to www.evotingindia.com and register themselves in the "Corporates" module.
  - A scanned copy of the Registration Form bearing the stamp and sign of the entity should be emailed to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com.
  - After receiving the login details a Compliance User should be created using the admin login and password. The Compliance User would be able to link the account(s) for which they wish to vote on.
  - The list of accounts linked in the login should be mailed to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com and on approval of the accounts they would be able to cast their vote.
  - A scanned copy of the Board Resolution and Power of Attorney (POA) which they have issued in favour of the Custodian, if any, should be uploaded in PDF format in the system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.
  - Alternatively, Non-Individual shareholders are required to send the relevant Board Resolution/ Authority letter etc. together with attested specimen signature of the duly authorized signatory who are authorized to vote, to the Scrutinizer and to the Company at the email address viz; avt.alapuzha@gmail.com, if they have voted from individual tab & not uploaded same in the CDSL e-voting system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.

# INSTRUCTIONS FOR SHAREHOLDERS ATTENDING THE AGM THROUGH VC/OAVM & E-VOTING DURING MEETING ARE AS UNDER:

- 1. The procedure for attending meeting & e-Voting on the day of the AGM is same as the instructions mentioned above for Remote e-voting.
- 2. The link for VC/OAVM to attend meeting will be available where the EVSN of Company will be displayed after successful login as per the instructions mentioned above for Remote e-voting.
- 3. Shareholders who have voted through Remote e-Voting will be eligible to attend the meeting. However, they will not be eligible to vote at the AGM.
- 4. Shareholders are encouraged to join the Meeting through Laptops / IPads for better experience.
- 5. Further shareholders will be required to allow Camera and use Internet with a good speed to avoid any disturbance during the meeting.
- 6. Please note that Participants Connecting from Mobile Devices or Tablets or through Laptop connecting via Mobile Hotspot may experience Audio/Video loss due to Fluctuation in their respective network. It is therefore recommended to use Stable Wi-Fi or LAN Connection to mitigate any kind of aforesaid glitches.
- 7. Shareholders who would like to express their views/ask questions during the meeting may register themselves as a speaker by sending their request in advance atleast **5 days prior to meeting** mentioning their name, demat account number/folio number, email id, mobile number at avt.alapuzha@gmail.com. The shareholders who do not wish to speak during the AGM but have queries may send their queries in advance **5 days prior to meeting** mentioning their name, demat account number, email id, mobile number at avt.alapuzha@gmail.com. The shareholders who do not wish to speak during the AGM but have queries may send their queries in advance **5 days prior to meeting** mentioning their name, demat account number/folio number, email id, mobile number at avt.alapuzha@gmail.com. These queries will be replied to by the company suitably by email.
- 8. Those shareholders who have registered themselves as a speaker will only be allowed to express their views/ask questions during the meeting.
- 9. Only those shareholders, who are present in the AGM through VC/OAVM facility and have not casted their vote on the Resolutions through remote e-Voting and are otherwise not barred from doing so, shall be eligible to vote through e-Voting system available during the AGM.
- 10. If any Votes are cast by the shareholders through the e-voting available during the AGM and if the same shareholders have not participated in the meeting through VC/OAVM facility, then the votes cast by such shareholders shall be considered invalid as the facility of e-voting during the meeting is available only to the shareholders attending the meeting.

# PROCESS FOR THOSE SHAREHOLDERS WHOSE EMAIL/MOBILE NO. ARE NOT REGISTERED WITH THE COMPANY/DEPOSITORIES.

- 1. For Physical shareholders- please provide necessary details like Folio No., Name of shareholder, scanned copy of the share certificate (front and back), PAN (self-attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self-attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) by email to **Company/RTA email id**.
- 2. For Demat shareholders Please update your email id & mobile no. with your respective Depository Participant (DP)
- 3. For Individual Demat shareholders Please update your email id & mobile no. with your respective Depository Participant (DP) which is mandatory while e-Voting & joining virtual meeting through Depository.

If you have any queries or issues regarding attending AGM & e-Voting from the CDSL e-Voting System, you can write an email to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or contact at 1800 22 55 33.

All grievances connected with the facility for voting by electronic means may be addressed to Mr. Rakesh Dalvi, Sr. Manager, (CDSL,) Central Depository Services (India) Limited, A Wing, 25th Floor, Marathon Futurex, Mafatlal Mill Compounds, N M Joshi Marg, Lower Parel (East), Mumbai - 400013 or send an email to helpdesk. evoting@cdslindia.com.

#### General instructions

- i) M/s.V. Suresh Associates, Practising Company Secretaries, Chennai have been appointed as the Scrutinizers to scrutinize the e- Voting process in a fair and transparent manner.
- ii) The Scrutinizer shall after the conclusion of voting at the general meeting, will first count the votes cast at the meeting and thereafter unblock the votes cast through remote e-voting in the presence of at least two witnesses not in the employment of the Company and make, not later than 3 working days of conclusion of the meeting a consolidated scrutinizer's report of the total votes cast in favour or against, if any, to the Chairman or a person authorized by him in writing, who shall countersign the same and declare the result of the voting forthwith. The resolutions will be deemed to have been passed on the AGM date, subject to receipt of the requisite number of votes in favour of the resolutions.
- iii) The results declared along with the Scrutinizer's Report shall be placed on the Company's website www. avthomas.in and on the website of CDSL www.evotingindia.com immediately. The results shall also be displayed on the notice board at the Registered Office of the Company.
- iv) The voting rights of shareholders shall be in proportion to their shares of the paid-up equity share capital of the Company as on Wednesday, 16<sup>th</sup> July, 2025. A person who is not a Member as on the cut-off date should treat this Notice for information purposes only.

The Explanatory Statement pursuant to Section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013, which sets out the details relating to Special Business at the meeting, is annexed hereto and shall be taken as forming part of this Notice:

#### SPECIAL BUSINESS:

#### Item No. 4

The tenure of appointment of Mr.Ajit Thomas re-appointed as whole-time Director and designated as Executive Chairman as approved by the shareholders at the 87th Annual General Meeting held on 22nd July 2022 had ended on 31st January, 2025.

The Board of Directors at their Meeting held on 4<sup>th</sup> December 2024, after taking into account his rich knowledge and experience in Finance and Business Management and expertise in the Plantation Industry and the business growth of the Company during the tenure of Mr. Ajit Thomas as Executive Chairman and in order to sustain the business growth achieved by the Company, on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, had re-appointed Mr. Ajit Thomas as Whole-Time Director, , designated as Executive Chairman for further period of three years from 1st February, 2025 to 31<sup>st</sup> January, 2028 on the terms as stated in the resolution. The remuneration payable to him would be within the overall limits of remuneration as prescribed under Section 197 read with Section I of Part II of Schedule V of the Companies Act, 2013. The remuneration payable to him would be Within the overall limits of remuneration 197 read with Section 197 read with Secti

Mr. Ajit Thomas is interested in the resolution relating to his re-appointment and to the extent of managerial remuneration payable to him.

Mr. Dilip Thomas, Executive Vice-Chairman, is also interested in the resolution being related to Mr. Ajit Thomas.

None of the Directors/Key Managerial Personnel of the Company/their relatives is, in any way concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the resolution.

The Board of Directors recommend the resolution as set out in the Item No.4 of the Notice for approval of the shareholders.

#### Item No. 5

The tenure of appointment of Mr.Dilip Thomas re-appointed as whole-time Director and designated as Executive Vice Chairman as approved by the shareholders at the 88th Annual General Meeting held on 25<sup>th</sup> July, 2023 had ended on 31st January, 2025.

The Board of Directors at their Meeting held on 4<sup>th</sup> December 2024, after taking into account his rich knowledge and experience in Finance and Business Management and expertise in the Plantation Industry and the business growth of the Company during the tenure of Mr. Dilip Thomas as Executive Vice Chairman and in order to sustain the business growth achieved by the Company, on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, had re-appointed Mr.Dilip Thomas as Whole-Time Director, designated as Executive Vice Chairman for further period of three years from 1<sup>st</sup> February, 2025 to 31st January, 2028 on the terms as stated in the resolution. The remuneration payable to him would be within the overall limits of remuneration as prescribed under Section 197 read with Section I of Part II of Schedule V of the Companies Act, 2013.

Mr.Dilip Thomas is interested in the resolution relating to his re-appointment and to the extent of managerial remuneration payable to him.

Mr. Ajit Thomas, Executive Chairman is also interested in the resolution being related to Mr. Dilip Thomas

None of the Directors/Key Managerial Personnel of the Company/their relatives is, in any way concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the resolution.

The Board of Directors recommend the resolution as set out in the Item No.5 of the Notice for approval of the shareholders.

#### Item No.6

The Board of Directors, based on the recommendation of Nomination and Remuneration Committee had appointed Mr. S. Ganesan, as an additional Director designated as Non-Executive Independent Director of the Company at the Board Meeting held on 27<sup>th</sup> May, 2025.

The Board of Directors decided to appoint Mr.S.Ganesan a Chartered Accountant by profession, as Director who has considerable knowledge and experience in Accounts, Finance, Corporate Auditing and Taxation matters more particularly in Plantation Industry. The Board considered that his appointment will be in the interest of the Company. Mr.S.Ganesan has filed with the Company a letter of consent, pursuant to section 152(5) and the relevant rules, to act as a Director of the Company.

In compliance with the provisions of Section 149 read with Schedule IV of the Act, the appointment of Mr.S.Ganesan, as an Independent Director is now being placed before the members for approval for the first term and he is proposed to be appointed as an Independent Director for three years from the date of his appointment i.e. 27<sup>th</sup> May, 2025 to 26<sup>th</sup> May 2028.

Mr.S. Ganesan is interested in the resolution set out as Item No.6 of the Notice with regard to his appointment.

None of the other Directors or Key Managerial Personnel of the Company nor their relatives is in any way concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the resolution.

The Board of Directors recommends the resolution as set out in Item No.6 of the Notice for approval of the shareholders.

#### Item No. 7

In accordance with the provisions of Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, the remuneration payable to the Cost Auditors has to be ratified by the shareholders of the Company.

Based on the recommendation of the Audit Committee, the Board of Directors of the Company at their meeting held on 27.05.2025, have appointed M/s. Rajendran, Mani & Varier, Cost Auditors, Cochin, to conduct the audit of the cost records of the Company for the financial year ending 31st March, 2026 on a remuneration of Rs.1,50,000/- (Rupees One Lakh and Fifty Thousand only) per annum & taxes applicable thereon and reimbursement of out-of-pocket expenses incurred.

Accordingly, consent of the members is sought for passing the Resolution as set out at Item No.7 for ratification of the remuneration payable to the Cost Auditors for the financial year ending 31st March 2026.

None of the Directors / Key Managerial Personnel of the Company / their relatives is, in any way concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the resolution.

The Board of Directors recommends the Resolution as set out in Item No.7 of the Notice for approval of the shareholders.

By Order of the Board For A.V. THOMAS AND COMPANY LIMITED

Chennai 27.05.2025 AJIT THOMAS Executive Chairman DIN: 00018691

# PARTICULARS OF DIRECTOR SEEKING RE-APPOINTMENT AS REQUIRED TO BE FURNISHED UNDER CLAUSE 1.2.5 OF THE (SS-2) SECRETARIAL STANDARD ON GENERAL MEETINGS

#### For Agenda Item No.3

Name of the Director	Mr.Habib Hussain		
Date of Birth	01-02-1953		
DIN	18665		
Qualifications	BE (Electronics)		
Expertise in specific functional areas	Vast experience in Business administration and International business		
Date of appointment	17.06.2016		
Number of Board Meeting attended during the year 2024-25	Held – 6 Attended – 5		
Relationship with other Directors	Not related to any Director		
Directorship held in other Companies (excluding foreign companies)	Chairman - Leather Sector Skill Council		
	Director		
	- The Nelliampathy Tea and Produce Company Limited		
	- Aspera Logistic Private Limited		
	- Midland Corporate Advisory Private Limited		
	- A V Thomas Investments Company Limited		
	- Aspera Holdings Private Limited (formerly AVT Holdings Private Limited)		
	- A V Thomas Exports		
	- Consortium of Shoes & Product Manufacturers Private Limited		
	- Council for Leather Exports		
	- Indian Leather Industry Foundation		
	- Alina Private Limited		

Mr.Habib Hussain is the member of Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Share Transfer Committee of the company.

#### For Agenda Item No.4

# PARTICULARS OF DIRECTOR SEEKING RE-APPOINTMENT AS REQUIRED TO BE FURNISHED UNDER CLAUSE 1.2.5 OF THE (SS-2) SECRETARIAL STANDARD ON GENERAL MEETINGS

Name of the Director	Mr. Ajit Thomas	
Date of Birth	07.06.1954	
DIN	00018691	
Qualifications	B.Sc. (Statistics)	
Expertise in specific functional areas	Vast experience in Plantation Industry, Corporate affairs, Finance and Business Management	
Date of appointment	29.10.2009	
Number of Board Meetings attended during the year 2024-2025	Held - 6 Attended - 6	
Relationship with other directors	Brother of Mr.Dilip Thomas, Executive Vice-Chairman	
Directorships held in other	Chairman	
Companies as on March 31, 2025 (excluding	- AVT Natural Products Limited	
foreign companies)	- Neelamalai Agro Industries Limited	
	- The Nelliampathy Tea & Produce Company Limited	
	- The Midland Rubber & Produce Company Limited	
	- Aspera Logistics Private Limited	
	- AVT Mccormick Ingredients Private Limited	
	- Midland Corporate Advisory Services Private Limited	
	<ul> <li>Aspera Holdings Private Limited (Formerly AVT Holdings Private Limited)</li> </ul>	
	- A.V. Thomas Leather & Allied Products Private Limited	
	Director	
	- AVT Gavia Foods Private Limited	
	- A.V. Thomas Leather & Allied Products Private Limited	
	- A.V. Thomas Investments Co. Ltd.	
	- Saksoft Limited	

Membership of	Member - Audit Committee
Committees of other Companies	- AVT Natural Products Limited
Companies	- Neelamalai Agro Industries Limited
	- Saksoft Limited
	Member – Nomination & Remuneration Committee
	- Saksoft Limited
	- Neelamalai Agro Industries Limited
	Chairman - Stakeholders Relationship Committee
	- AVT Natural Products Limited
	- The Midland Rubber & Produce Company Limited
	- The Nelliampathy Tea & Produce Company Limited
	- Neelamalai Agro Industries Limited
	Chairman – CSR Committee
	- The Midland Rubber & Produce Company Limited
	- AVT Natural Products Limited
	Member – Risk Management Committee
	- AVT Natural Products Limited
Number of Shares held in the Company	2,28,127 equity shares of Rs. 10 each

Mr. Ajit Thomas is the Chairman of Corporate Social Responsibility Committee, Share Transfer Committee and Member of Audit Committee of the company.

#### For Agenda Item No.5

# PARTICULARS OF DIRECTOR SEEKING RE-APPOINTMENT AS REQUIRED TO BE FURNISHED UNDER CLAUSE 1.2.5 OF THE (SS-2) SECRETARIAL STANDARD ON GENERAL MEETINGS

Name of the Director	Mr. Dilip Thomas	
Date of Birth	07-08-1958	
DIN	00052185	
Qualifications	B. Com	
Expertise in specific functional areas	Vast experience in Plantation Industry, Corporate affairs, Finance and Business Management	
Date of appointment	29-10-2009	
Number of Board Meetings attended during the year 2024-2025	Held - 6 Attended – 5	
Relationship with other directors	Brother of Mr.Ajit Thomas, Executive Chairman	
Directorships held in other	Chairman	
Companies as on March 31, 2025 (excluding	- A.V. Thomas International Limited	
foreign companies)	- The Rajagiri Rubber & Produce Company Limited	
	- The Highland Produce Company Limited	
	- Dalp Trading & Manufacturing Limited	
	Director	
	- A V Thomas Investments Company Limited	
	- L J International Limited	
	- A V Thomas Exports Limited	
	- A V Thomas Leather & Allied Products (P) Limited	
Membership of Committees of other Companies	-	
Number of Shares held in the Company	1,57,020 equity shares of Rs. 10 each	

Mr. Dilip Thomas is the Member of Corporate Social Responsibility Committee of the company

#### For Agenda Item No.6

# PARTICULARS OF DIRECTOR SEEKING RE-APPOINTMENT AS REQUIRED TO BE FURNISHED UNDER CLAUSE 1.2.5 OF THE (SS-2) SECRETARIAL STANDARD ON GENERAL MEETINGS

	1		
Name of the Director	Mr.S. Ganesan		
Date of Birth	21.06.1950		
DIN	08588380		
Qualifications	Chartered Accountant		
Expertise in specific functional areas	Vast experience in Corporate Audit and Corporate Taxation, more particularly in Plantation Industry		
Date of appointment in present term	27.05.2025		
Number of Board Meeting attended during the year 2024-2025	Not Applicable		
Relationship with other directors	Not related to any Director		
Directorships held in other	Director		
Companies as on March 31, 2025 (excluding	1. Neelamalai Agro Industries Ltd., (Independent Director)		
foreign companies)	2. The Midland Rubber & Produce Co. Ltd.		
	3. The Nelliampathy Tea & Produce Co. Ltd.		
	4. The Highland Produce Co.Ltd.		
	5. L.J. International Ltd.		
	6. Grover Zampa Vineyards Ltd., (Independent Director)		
Membership of Committees	Neelamalai Agro Industries Ltd.,		
of other Companies	Audit Committee – Chairman		
	Nomination and Remuneration Committee - Chairman		
	Stakeholder Relationship Committee – Member		
Number of Shares held in the Company	Nil		

Mr.S. Ganesan is the Chairman of Audit Committee, Member of Nomination and Remuneration Committee, Member of Corporate Social Responsibility Committee and Member of Share Transfer Committee of the company w.e.f. 30.05.2025.

#### **REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS**

Your Directors have pleasure in presenting the NINETIETH ANNUAL REPORT with the audited accounts of the Company for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2025.

		(Rs.in lakhs)
Particulars	2024-25	2023-24
FINANCIAL RESULTS:		
Income from Operations	1190,83.09	1078,87.05
Other Income	18,87.63	15,49.93
Total Income	1209,70.72	1094,36.98
Profit before tax for the year	74,06.42	87,00.93
Less: Provision for taxation		
Current Tax	17,67.10	20,52.11
Deferred Tax	77.21	1,87.56
Profit after tax	55,62.11	64,61.26
Add: Surplus brought forward	129,46.61	103,62.81
Total Amount available for dividend pay-out	185,08.72	168,24.07
Less:		
Interim Dividend paid on equity shares	6,84.81	6,88.73
Transfer to General Reserve	-	25,00.00
Final Dividend paid on Equity shares for earlier year	9,13.08	6,88.73
Net Amount available for dividend pay-out	169,10.83	129,46.61
Surplus carried Forward to balance sheet	169,10.83	129,46.61

Proposed Final Dividend for the current year \*

\* Proposed final dividend on equity shares and tax on dividend have not been recognised as a liability in the current year's accounts in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standard 10 Events after the reporting period.

#### DIVIDEND

An Interim Dividend of Rs.150/- per equity share (1500%) was paid during the financial year ended 31st March 2025. The Board of Directors had recommended a final dividend of Rs.150/- per equity share (1500%) for approval of the shareholders at the Annual General Meeting. The aggregate of the dividends, amounts to Rs.300/- per equity share ( 3000%) for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2025.

#### TRANSFER TO GENERAL RESERVE

The Company has not transferred any amount to the General Reserve for the Financial Year 2024-25.

#### DEPOSIT FROM PUBLIC

The Company has not accepted any deposits from the public during the year.

# MATERIAL CHANGES AND COMMITMENTS, IF ANY, AFFECTING THE FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY

There was no material changes and commitments, affecting the financial position of the Company between the end of the financial year of the Company and the date of the report other than those disclosed in the financial statements.

#### OPERTIONS

#### CONSUMER PRODUCTS DIVISION

The division achieved double digit increase in turnover of 11% on account of higher sales volume as well as realisation, however profitability decreased by 14% due to an exceptional increase in tea cost. AVT continues to be the market leader in Kerala with the AVT Premium Brand and has further improved on its market share in Tamil Nadu with the lucrative AVT Gold Cup Brand. The sales volume in other states of Andhra, Karnataka and Orissa as well as Exports had been fairly steady.

#### **ROOFING DIVISION**

The performance shows improvement due to a value increase of 8% as well as a volume increase by 22% and a return to profitability.

#### LOGISTICS DIVISION

The operations under Logistics, especially Sea cargo Operations has shown improvement in volume.

#### DAIRY DIVISION

The sales has been affected due to competitive market conditions and supplier issues. However, the overall profitability was satisfactory with marginal improvement.

#### SUBSIDIARY/ASSOCIATE COMPANIES

As required under Section 129(3) of the Companies Act, 2013, the Company has prepared a consolidated financial statement in respect of its Associate Companies (AVT Gavia Foods Private Limited), (A.V. Thomas Investments Company Limited) and (Grover Zampa Vineyards Limited) along with its own financial statements. Further, the particulars showing the salient features of the Subsidiary/ Associate Companies as required under first proviso to Section 129(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 5 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 are provided in Form AOC-1 which is attached as **Annexure** I to this report.

#### PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES

The statement containing remuneration paid to employees and other details as required under Section 197(12) of the Companies Act, 2013 (Act) read with Rule 5(2) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, is provided in a separate annexure forming part of this report. Further, the report and the accounts are being sent to the members excluding the aforesaid annexure. In terms of Section 136 of the Act, the said annexure is open for inspection at the Registered Office of the Company during business hours on working days of the Company upto the date of the forth coming Annual General Meeting. Any member interested in obtaining a copy of the same may write to the Company and the same will be provided free of cost to the member.

#### DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

In accordance with the provisions of Section 152 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rules made there under Mr. Habib Hussain (DIN : 00018665) Director retires by rotation at the ensuing Annual General Meeting and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment. The Directors recommend re-appointment of Mr. Habib Hussain at the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

Mr. Ajit Thomas (DIN:00018691), whose terms of office ended on 31<sup>st</sup> January 2025, has been re-appointed by the Board of Directors at their meeting held on 4th December 2024, based on the recommendations of Nomination and Remuneration Committee, for a further period of three years with effect from 1st February 2025 to 31<sup>st</sup> January 2028, subject to the approval of shareholders. Necessary resolution for the re-appointment and payment of remuneration is included in the notice calling the ensuing Annual General Meeting of the Company for the approval of the shareholders.

Mr. Dilip Thomas, (DIN:00052185), Executive Vice Chairman, whose terms of office ended on 31<sup>st</sup> January 2025, by the Board of Directors at their meeting held on 4<sup>th</sup> December 2024, based on the recommendations of Nomination and Remuneration Committee, for a further period of three years with effect from 1<sup>st</sup> February 2025 to 31<sup>st</sup> January 2028, subject to the approval of shareholders. Necessary resolution for the re-appointment and payment of remuneration is included in the notice calling the ensuing Annual General Meeting of the Company for the approval of the shareholders.

Mr. S. Ganesan, (DIN:08588380) was appointed as an Additional Director designated as Non-Executive and Independent Director, based on the recommendations of Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Board of Directors at their meetings held on 27th May 2025, for the 1st term for a period of three years from 27th May, 2025 to 26th May, 2028. Necessary resolution for the appointment is included in the notice calling the ensuing Annual General Meeting of the Company for the approval of the shareholders.

#### BOARD MEETINGS

During the financial year 2024-25 the Board of Directors met six (6) times. The dates on which the meetings were held 11.06.2024, 23.09.2024, 04.12.2024, 31.01.2025, 05.02.2025 and 21.03.2025.

#### AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee consists of three Directors, namely Mr.F.S.Mohan Eddy, Independent Director, (Chairman), Mr.Ajit Thomas, Executive Chairman and Mrs.Kavitha Vijay, Independent Director as members. During the financial year 2024-25, the Audit Committee met once which was on 11.6.2024.

#### NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE/POLICY (NRC)

The Nomination & Remuneration Committee consists of three Directors, namely Mr.F.S.Mohan Eddy, Independent Director, (Chairman) Mr.Habib Hussain, Non-Executive Director and Mrs. Kavitha Vijay, Independent Director, as members.

The Nomination and Remuneration policy of the Company comprising the appointment and remuneration of the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Executives of the Company is uploaded in the website of the Company i.e. www.avthomas.in. During the financial year 2024-25, Nomination and Remuneration Committee met twice which was on 4.12.2024 and 21.03.2025.

#### SHARE TRANSFER COMMITTEE (STC)

The Share Transfer Committee consists of three Directors, namely Mr.Ajit Thomas, Executive Chairman, [STC- Chairman], Mr.Habib Hussain, Non-Executive Director, Mr.F.S.Mohan Eddy, Independent Director as Members of the Committee. During the financial year 2024-2025, the Share Transfer Committee met 3 times which was on 30.07.2024, 25.11.2024 and 18.12.2024.

#### INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS

In the opinion of the Board, all Independent Directors fulfill the conditions of independence as specified in the Act and the Rules made thereunder and are independent of the management. There has been no change in the circumstances affecting their status as Independent Directors of the Company. The Board is of the opinion that the Independent Directors of the Company possess requisite qualifications, experience and expertise in the fields of human resources, strategy, auditing, tax and risk advisory services, financial services, corporate governance, etc. and that they hold highest standards of integrity. The Independent Directors of the Company have the inclusion of their names in the data bank of Independent Directors maintained with the Indian Institute of Corporate Affairs in terms of Section 150 of the Act read with Rule 6 of the Companies (Appointment & Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014.

In compliance with Schedule IV of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rules thereunder, the Independent Directors met on 21<sup>st</sup> March, 2025 and discussed issues as prescribed under the schedule IV of the Companies Act, 2013 and evaluated the performance of the Board and the Company. The Directors expressed the satisfaction on the performance of the Company.

#### INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS' DECLARATION

Mr. F.S. Mohan Eddy and Mrs. Kavitha Vijay, who are Independent Directors, have submitted declaration that each of them meets the criteria of independence as provided in Sub-Section (6) of Section 149 of the Act. Further, there has been no change in the circumstances which may affect their status as independent director during the year.

#### **CHANGES IN SHARE CAPITAL**

There is no change in share capital during the year under review.

#### AUDITORS

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 139 and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, the members in their 87th Annual General Meeting held on 22nd July, 2022, had re-appointed M/s. Suri & Co, Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No.004283S), the Statutory Auditors of the Company for a period of 5 years till the conclusion of the 92nd Annual General Meeting. In view of the amendments to the Companies Act, 2013, their appointment need not required to be ratified by the Members in the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

#### AUDITORS REPORT

There are no qualifications, reservations or adverse remarks in the Auditors Report.

#### DISCLOSURE OF ACCOUNTING TREATMENT

The Company has adopted the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) with effect from 1st April 2020 and all its financial statements are made according to the said standard. Further, in the preparation of the financial statements, the Company has followed the accounting Standards referred to in Section 133 of the Companies Act,2013. The significant accounting policies which are applied are set out in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

#### **COST AUDITORS**

As required under the Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Rules 2014, the Company filed the Cost Audit Report for the financial year 2023-24 in XBRL format. In Compliance with the provisions of Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Board of Directors on the recommendation of the Audit Committee re-appointed M/s. Rajendran, Mani & Varier, Cost Accountants, Cochin to conduct the Cost Audit for the financial year 2025-26. In terms of the provision of Section 148(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with rule 14(a)(ii) of The Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, the remuneration of the Cost Auditors has to be ratified by the members. Accordingly, necessary resolution is proposed at the ensuing Annual General Meeting for ratification of the remuneration payable to the Cost Auditors for the Financial Year 2025-26.

#### SECRETARIAL AUDIT

Pursuant to provisions of Section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules 2014, your Company engaged the services of M/s. V Suresh Associates, Practising Company Secretaries, Chennai, to conduct the Secretarial Audit of the Company for the financial year ended 31st March, 2025. The Secretarial Audit Report in Form MR-3 is attached as **Annexure - II** to this Report. There are no qualifications, reservations or adverse remarks in the Secretarial Auditors Report for the period under review.

The relevant Secretarial Standards issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India (ICSI) relating to the Board and General Meetings have been complied with by the Company.

#### **INTERNAL AUDIT & CONTROLS**

The Company has appropriate and adequate internal control system commensurate with the size and nature of its business. The Company has an In-house Internal Audit Department as well as appointed M/s. PKF Sridhar & Santhanam LLP, Chartered Accountants, as the Internal Auditors of the Company to conduct internal audit function of the Company. The Internal Audit coverage is adequate to ensure that the assets of the company are safeguarded and protected and there is regular review by Management on policies, internal controls and procedures and also internal audit reports.

#### PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES AND INVESTMENTS

Details of Loans, Guarantees and Investments covered under the provisions of Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 are given in the notes to the Financial Statements.

#### TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

All transactions entered by the Company with Related Parties were in the Ordinary course of business and at Arm's Length pricing basis. Details of the transaction are provided in Form AOC-2 which is attached as **Annexure - III** to this report.

#### SIGNIFICANT AND MATERIAL ORDERS PASSED BY THE REGULATORS OR COURTS

There were no significant material orders passed by the Regulators/ Courts which would impact the going concern status of the Company and its future operations.

#### EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN

As required under Section 92(3) copy of Annual Return of the Company is uploaded on the company's website i.e. <u>www.avthomas.in.</u>

#### CONSERVATION OF ENERGY AND TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION

The company has no activities relating to conservation of energy and technology absorption on account of the nature of its business.

#### FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS/OUTGO

The Company's earnings in foreign exchange on FOB value of Exports during the year amounted to Rs. 3,393.90 lakhs compared to Rs.3,664.45 lakhs during the previous year. The foreign exchange outgo during the year was Rs.1,401.01 lakhs against Rs.450.61 lakhs in previous year.

#### **RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY**

The Risk Management is overseen by the Audit Committee of the Company on a continuous basis. The Committee oversees Company's process and policies for determining risk tolerance and review management's measurement and comparison of overall risk tolerance to established levels. Major risks identified by the businesses and functions are systematically addressed through mitigating actions on a continuous basis. The Risk Management Policy has been provided in the **Annexure - IV** to this Report.

#### CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY COMMITTEE / POLICY (CSR)

The CSR Committee consists of three Directors namely, Mr. Ajit Thomas, Executive Chairman [CSR - Chairman], Mr. Dilip Thomas, Executive Vice Chairman and Mr.F.S.Mohan Eddy, Independent Director as members of the Committee. The committee met once during the year i.e. on 21.03.2025.

The CSR Policy of the Company and the details about the initiatives taken by the Company on CSR during the year as per the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014 have been disclosed in **Annexure - V** to this Report.

#### DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

In pursuance of section 134 (5) of the Companies Act, 2013, the Directors hereby confirm that:

- a. in the preparation of the annual accounts for the financial year ended 31st March, 2025, the applicable accounting standards have been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures, if any;
- b. they have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of the financial year and of the profit of the Company for the financial year;
- c. they have taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act. They confirm that there are adequate systems and controls for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- d. they have prepared the annual financial statements on a going concern basis;
- e. they have devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

#### INVESTOR EDUCATION AND PROTECTION FUND (IEPF)

Pursuant to Section 124 of the Companies Act, 2013 and IEPF Authority (Accounting, Audit, Transfer and Refund) Rules, 2016 ('the Rules') as amended from time to time, all unpaid or unclaimed dividends, after the completion of seven years, are required to be transferred by the Company to the IEPF established by the Central Government. Further according to the Rules, the shares in respect of which dividend has not been paid or unclaimed by the shareholders for seven consecutive years or more shall also to be transferred to the demat account created by the IEPF Authority. During the financial year 2024-2025 no shares had been transferred to the IEPF Authority.

# DISCLOSURE UNDER THE SEXUAL HARASSMENT OF WOMEN AT WORKPLACE (PREVENTION, PROHIBITION AND REDRESSAL) ACT 2013

The Company has in place an Anti-Sexual Harassment Policy in line with the requirements of the Act and that an Internal Complaints Committee has been set up for redressal of complaints and that all employees (permanent, contractual, temporary, trainees) are covered under this policy. During the year the Company has not received any complaint under Sexual Harassment of Women at the Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition & Redressal) Act, 2013.

#### ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

Your Directors place on record their appreciation for the continued support extended to the Company by its Bankers and Employees during the year.

By Order of the Board

Chennai 27.05.2025 AJIT THOMAS Executive Chairman DIN: 00018691

#### ANNEXURE - I

### FORM AOC-1

#### Part "B" : Associates and Joint Ventures

# Statement pursuant to Section 129 (3) of the Companies Act, 2013 related to Associate Companies and Joint Ventures

SI No:	Name of Associates	AVT Gavia Food Private Limited	A.V.Thomas Investments Company Limited	Grover Zampa Vineyards Limited
1	Latest audited Balance Sheet Date	31.03.2025	31.03.2025	31.03.2025 *
2	Shares of Associate/Joint Ventures held by the company on the year end			
	Number	1 65 00 000	1 19 480	4 45 45 856
	Amount of Investment in Associates/ Joint Venture (Rs.)	16 50 48 413	11 94 800	50 04 00 295
	Extent of Holding	50.00%	48.77%	21.35%
3	Description of how there is significant influence	More than 20% of the Total Share Capital of the Associate Concern is held by A V Thomas & Company Ltd.	More than 20% of the Total Share Capital of the Associate Concern is held by A V Thomas & Company Ltd.	More than 20% of the Total Share Capital of the Associate Concern is held by A V Thomas & Company Ltd.
4	Reason why the associate/joint ventures is not consolidated	The accounts of Associates have been consolidated	The accounts of Associates have been consolidated	The accounts of Associates have been consolidated
5	Net worth attributable to shareholding as per latest audited Balance Sheet (Rs.)	5 96 68 000	3 39 65 988	22 93 05 405
6	Profit/Loss for the year (Rs.)			
	i) Considered in Consolidation	(1 64 85 000)	40 36 010	(31 75 70 000)
	ii) Not Considered in Consolidation	-	-	-
7	Total Net Worth (Rs.)	11 93 36 000	6 96 45 250	107 40 30 000

\* Management Certified Balance Sheet

#### ANNEXURE - II

#### Form No. MR-3

#### SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

#### For the Financial Year 2024-25

[Pursuant to section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule No.9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To,

The Members,

#### M/s. A V THOMAS AND CO LTD

We have conducted the Secretarial Audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by **M/s. AV THOMAS AND CO LTD (hereinafter called the Company)**. Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/ statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of **M/s. A V THOMAS AND CO LTD's** books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, the explanations and clarifications given to us and the representations made by the Management and considering the relaxations granted by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, We hereby report that in our opinion, the Company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2025, complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by **M/s. A V THOMAS AND CO LTD** ("the Company") for the financial year ended on 31<sup>st</sup> March 2025 according to the provisions of:

- (i) The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the rules made thereunder;
- (ii) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made thereunder;
- (iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder;
- (iv) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings. (Not applicable to the Company during the audit period)
- (v) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act'):-
  - (a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011; **(Not Applicable)**
  - (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 1992; **(Not Applicable)**
  - (c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2009; **(Not Applicable)**
  - (d) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations, 2021; **(Not applicable to the Company during the audit period)**

- (e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008; **(Not Applicable)**
- (f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client; **(Not Applicable)**
- (g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 2018; (Not Applicable)
- (h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015; **(Not Applicable)**

Other Laws specifically applicable to this Company is as follows:

- (vi) Food Safety and Standards Act, 2006
- (vii) Tea Act, 1953
- (viii) Tea (Marketing) Control Order 2003.
- (ix) Spices Board (Registration of Exporters) Regulations, 1989
- (x) The Legal Metrology Act, 2009

We have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:

- (i) Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India.
- (ii) The Listing Agreements entered into by the Company (Not Applicable)

**We further report** that the Board of Directors of the Company is constituted with Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors. There is no change in the composition of the Board of Directors during the period under review.

Adequate notice is given to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings, which is sent at least seven days in advance and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

**We further report** that there are adequate systems and processes in the company commensurate with the size and operations of the company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

Place: Chennai Date: 27.05.2025 For V Suresh Associates Practising Company Secretaries

> V Suresh Senior Partner FCS No.2969 C.P.No.6032 UDIN: F002969G000458985

#### ANNEXURE TO SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

To,

The Members

#### M/s. A.V. THOMAS AND CO LTD

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

- 1. Maintenance of secretarial records is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
- 2. We have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
- 3. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the Company.
- 4. Where ever required, we have obtained the Management representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.
- 5. The compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test basis.
- 6. Due to the inherent limitations of an audit including internal, financial and operating controls, there is an unavoidable risk that some Misstatements or material non-compliances may not be detected, even though the audit is properly planned and performed in accordance with the Standards.
- 7. The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

Place: Chennai Date: 27.05.2025 For V Suresh Associates Practising Company Secretaries

V Suresh Senior Partner FCS No.2969 C.P.No.6032 UDIN: F002969G000458985

#### ANNEXURE - III

#### Form No. AOC-2

(Pursuant to clause (h) of sub-section (3) of section 134 of the Act and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

# Form for disclosure of particulars of contracts/arrangements entered into by the company with related parties referred to in sub-section (1) of Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 including certain arm's length transactions under third proviso thereto

1. Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions not at arm's length basis:

Company has not entered into any contract or arrangement or transaction with its related parties which is not at arm's length during financial year 2024-25.

- 2. Details of material contracts or arrangement or transactions at arm's length basis:
  - a) Name(s) of the related party and nature of relationship:
  - b) Nature of contracts/arrangements/transactions:
  - c) Duration of the contracts/arrangements/transactions:
  - d) Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transactions including the value, if any:
  - e) Date(s)of approval by the Board, if any:
  - f) Amount paid as advances, if any:
    - Details are given in Annexure IIIA

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Chennai 27.05.2025 AJIT THOMAS Executive Chairman DIN: 00018691

# ANNEXURE IIIA

# AOC 2

A.V.Thomas International Ltd.	Nature of Relationship	Nature of Transaction	Duration of Transactions	Amount (Rs)	Salient Terms	Date of Approval by the Board	Amount paid as Advance if any
	Common Control through	Rent Received	On going transactions	9,000	Market Rate	Not Applicable	Nil
	Constitution of Board/ Share holding	Commission Paid	On going transactions	75,81,104	Market Rate	Not Applicable	Nil
L.J.International Ltd.	Common Control through	Income from C&F & Warehousing	On going transactions	1,21,69,959	Market Rate	Not Applicable	Ni
	Constitution of Board/	Rent received	On going transactions	24,000	Market Rate	Not Applicable	ĪŽ
	oliale liviuliy	Service Charges	On going transactions	60,000	Market Rate	Not Applicable	Nil
A.V. Thomas Investments Co. Ltd. Co.	Common Control through Constitution of Board/ Share holding	Rent received	On going transactions	24,000	Market Rate	Not Applicable	Nil
The Midland Rubber & Produce Co.Ltd Co	Common Control through	Purchases of Tea	On going transactions	39,85,58,400	Market Rate	Not Applicable	ÏŻ
	Constitution of Board/ Share holding	Income from Sale of Roofing Sheets	On going transactions	13,52,863	Market Rate	Not Applicable	ĨŻ
		Sale of Gunny Bags	On going transactions	30,750	Market Rate	Not Applicable	ĨŻ
		Income from C&F & Warehousing	On going transactions	1,16,095	Market Rate	Not Applicable	ĪŽ
		Rent Received	On going transactions	22,176	Market Rate	Not Applicable	ĪŻ
		Miscellaneous Income	On going transactions	6,89,847	Market Rate	Not Applicable	Nil
The Nelliampathy Tea & Produce Co.Ltd Co	Common Control through	Purchases of Tea	On going transactions	25,44,67,180	Market Rate	Not Applicable	Ĩ
	Constitution of Board/ Share holding	Income from Sale of Roofing Sheets	On going transactions	1,18,888	Market Rate	Not Applicable	Nil
		Sale of Gunny Bags	On going transactions	11,750	Market Rate	Not Applicable	IJ
		Income from C&F & Warehousing	On going transactions	92,672	Market Rate	Not Applicable	Ĩ
		Rent Received	On going transactions	22,176	Market Rate	Not Applicable	ĪŻ
		Miscellaneous Income	On going transactions	3,23,581	Market Rate	Not Applicable	Nil
Neelamalai Agro Industries Ltd. Co	Common Control through	Income from C&F & Warehousing	On going transactions	2,10,223	Market Rate	Not Applicable	Nil
	Constitution of Board/ Share holding	Purchases of Tea	On going transactions	1,78,21,599	Market Rate	Not Applicable	Nil
		Rent Received	On going transactions	10,176	Market Rate	Not Applicable	Nil
		Miscellaneous Income	On going transactions	3,54,681	Market Rate	Not Applicable	Ĩ
AVT Natural Products Ltd. Co	Common Control through	Income from C&F & Warehousing	On going transactions	4,01,15,167	Market Rate	Not Applicable	Ĩ
	Constitution of Board/	Purchases of Premix Tea	On going transactions	64,97,400	Market Rate	Not Applicable	ĪŽ
		Income from Sales of Tea	On going transactions	25,69,560	Market Rate	Not Applicable	Nil
AVT McCormick Ingredients Private Ltd. Co	Common Control through	Purchase of Spices	On going transactions	1,87,19,246	Market Rate	Not Applicable	Nil
	Constitution of Board/ Share holding	Income from C&F & Warehousing	On going transactions	8,43,24,759	Market Rate	Not Applicable	Nil

A.V. THOMAS AND COMPANY LIMITED, ALAPPUZHA

**ANNEXURE IIIA** 

AOC 2

Nature of Relationship
Income from C&F & Warehousing
Income from Sale of Roofing Sheets
Income from Sales of Guny Bags
Income from Sale of Roofing Sheets

#### **ANNEXURE - IV**

#### **RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY**

Regarding the general risk, the company follows a minimal risk business strategy as given below.

Particulars	Risk Minimizing steps
Fixed Assets and Current Assets	The company has taken adequate insurance coverage of its fixed as- sets and current assets which will minimize the impact of another event or development
Financial Risk	The company has a conservative debt policy. The debt component is very marginal
Commodity Risk	Whenever the company deals in commodity trading or exports, the selling and buying is concluded on back-to-back basis so that risk on commodity is minimized
Foreign Exchange Risk	Whenever there is an export, the Foreign Exchange is covered at the time of confirmation of order so as to negate any fluctuation in the exchange ratio
Credit Risk on Exports	All the exports are done either by advance payment or through irre- vocable LC from the prime bank. In other case, where goods are sent on DP basis, the credit is insured through ECGC.

#### ANNEXURE V

#### ANNUAL REPORT ON CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY (CSR) ACTIVITIES

- 1. A brief outline of the Company's CSR policy, including overview of the project or programs proposed to be undertaken and a reference to the web-link to the CSR policy and projects or programs.
  - i. The Company has undertaken activities relating to the Activities envisaged in the Schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013. for the financial year 2024-25.
- 2. Composition of the CSR Committee

Name of the Member	Designation	No. of Meetings held	No. of Meetings attended
Mr. Ajit Thomas, Executive Chairman	Chairman	1	1
Mr. Dilip Thomas Executive Vice Chairman	Member	1	1
Mr. F.S.Mohan Eddy, Independent Director	Member	1	1

- 3. Details of the web link where composition of the CSR committee, CSR Policy are disclosed on the website of the company www.avthomas.in
- 4. Provide the executive summary along with web-links(s) of Impact Assessment of CSR Projects carried out in pursuance of sub-rule(3) of rule 8, if applicable. Not applicable.
- 5. a) Average net profit of the company as per sub-section (5) of section 135 Rs.6525.46 lakhs
  - b) Two percent of average net profit of the company as per sub-section (5) of section 135 Rs.130.50 lakhs.
  - c) Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or Programmes or activities of the previous financial year- Nil
  - d) Amount required to be set off for the financial year, if any. Nil
  - e) Total CSR obligation for the financial year Rs.130.50 lakhs
- 6. a) Amount spent on CSR Projects (both Ongoing Project and other than Ongoing Project). Rs.130.50 Lakhs
  - b) Amount spent in Administrative Overheads. Not Applicable.
  - c) Amount spent on Impact Assessment, if Applicable- Not Applicable.
  - d) Total amount spent for the Financial Year [(b) +(c)-(d)]. Not Applicable.
  - e) CSR Amount spent or unspent for the Financial Year: -

Total Amount	Amount Unspent (in.Rs.)				
Spent for the Financial Year. (in Rs.)	Total Amount transferred to Unspent CSR Account as per sub-section (6) of section 135.		Amount transferred to any fund specified under Schedule <b>VII</b> as per second proviso sub-section (5) of section 135.		
	Amount	Date of transfer	Name of the Fund	Amount	Date of transfer
	NOT APPLICABLE				

f) Excess amount for set-off, if any: -

SI.No (1)	Particular (2)	Amount (3)
(i)	Two percent of average net profit of the company as per sub- section (5) of section 135	Rs.130.50 lakhs
(ii)	Total amount spent for the Financial Year	Rs.130.50 lakhs
(iii)	Excess amount spent for the Financial Year [(ii)-(i)]	NA
(iv)	Surplus arising out of the CSR project or programmes or activities of the previous Financial Years, if any	Nil
(v)	Amount available for set off in succeeding Financial Year [(iii)-(iv)]	NA

7. Details of Unspent Corporate Social Responsibility amount for the preceding three Financial Years: -

1	2	3	4	5	(	6	7	8
SI. No.	Preceding Financial Year(s)	Amount transferred to Unspent CSR Account under sub- section (6) of section 135 (in Rs.)	Balance Amount in Unspent CSR Account under sub- section (6) of section 135 (in Rs.)	Amount Spent in the Financial Year (in Rs.)	a Fund as under Scl as per seco to sub-sec	nsferred to specified nedule VII ond proviso ction (5) of 35, if any Date of Transfer	Amount remaining to be spent to succeeding Financial Years (in Rs.)	Deficiency, if any
1	FY-1							
2	FY-2	NOT APPLICABLE						
3	FY-3							

8. Whether any capital assets have been created or acquired through Corporate Social Responsibility amount spent in financial year

) Yes ( ) No

If Yes, enter the number of Capital assets created/acquired

9. Specify the reason(s), if the company has failed to spend two per cent of the average net profit as per sub-section (5) of section 135. – Not Applicable.

Place: Chennai Date: 27.05.2025 Dilip Thomas (Member) Ajit Thomas (Chairman)

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

#### To the Members of

#### A V Thomas & Company Limited, Alappuzha

#### Report on the Audit of the standalone financial statements

#### Opinion

We have audited the standalone financial statements of A V Thomas and Company Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the standalone balance sheet as at 31<sup>st</sup> March 2025, and the standalone statement of profit and loss (including other comprehensive income), the standalone statement of changes in equity, standalone statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the standalone financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as the "Standalone financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the company as at 31<sup>st</sup> March 2025, the profit and other comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

#### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those SAs are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the standalone financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Information Other than the Standalone financial statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Management and Board of Directors are responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report and Shareholder's Information, but does not include the standalone financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone financial statements, or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

# Responsibilities of the Management and Those Charged with Governance for Standalone financial statements

The Company's Management and Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, including other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2015. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone financial statements, management and board of directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the company's financial reporting process.

#### Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the standalone financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due
  to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence
  that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material
  misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion,
  forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

• Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the standalone financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the standalone financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

#### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, we give in the Annexure "A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
  - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
  - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books except for the matters stated in the paragraph 2(h)(vi) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014.
  - c) The standalone Balance Sheet, the standalone Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, standalone Statement of Changes in Equity and standalone Statement of Cash Flow dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of accounts of the company.
  - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act.
  - e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31<sup>st</sup> March 2025 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31<sup>st</sup> March 2025 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
  - f) The modifications relating to the maintenance of accounts and other matters connected therewith are as stated in the paragraph 2(b) above on reporting under 143(3)(b) of the Act and paragraph 2(i)(vi) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules2014.

- g) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B".
- h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended:

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the company to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act.

- i) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
  - i. The Company does not have any pending disclosed litigation which would impact its financial position in its standalone financial statements.
  - ii. The Company has made provision, as required under the applicable law or accounting standards, for material foreseeable losses, if any, on long-term contracts including derivative contracts Refer Note 44 to the standalone financial statements.
  - iii. There has been no delay in transferring amounts required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund.
  - iv. (a) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the note no. 54 to the standalone financial statements, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entity ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
    - (b) The Management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the note no. 54 to the standalone financial statements, no funds have been received by the Company from any person or entity, including foreign entity ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and
    - (c) Based on such audit procedures that we have considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.
  - v. As stated in note 49 to the standalone financial statements,
    - a. The final dividend proposed in the previous year, declared and paid by the Company during the year is in accordance with section 123 of the Companies Act 2013 as applicable.
    - b. The interim dividend declared and paid by the company during the year and until the date of this audit report is in accordance with section 123 of the Companies Act 2013 as applicable.
    - c. The Board of Directors of the Company has proposed final dividend for the year which is subject to the approval of the members at the ensuing Annual General Meeting. The dividend declared is in accordance with section 123 of the Companies Act 2013, as applicable.

vi. Reporting under Rule 11(g) of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 is applicable from 1<sup>st</sup> April 2023:

Based on our examination which included test checks, except for the instances mentioned below, the company has used an accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software except for the below:

• The feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility was not enabled at the BASIS level to log any direct data changes done at the database for the accounting software used for maintaining the books of account.

Further, during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of the audit trail feature being tampered with and the audit trail has been preserved by the company as per the statutory requirements for record retention, except for the audit trail at BASIS Level.

For Suri& Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 004283S

> G Rengarajan Partner Membership No. 219922

Date: 27/05/2025 Place: Chennai UDIN: 25219922BMISUC5250

### ANNEXURE A

# Referred to in paragraph 1 on 'Report on other legal and other regulatory requirements' of our report of even date to the members of A V Thomas & Company Limited ("the Company")

- (i) a. (A) The company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment.
  - (B) The company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets.
  - b. The company has a regular programme of physical verification of its property, plant and equipment by which all property, plant and equipment are verified in a phased manner over a period of three years. In our opinion, this periodicity of physical verification is reasonable having regard to the size of the company and the nature of its assets. In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
  - c. According to the information and explanation given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the company, the title deeds of immovable properties (other than immovable properties where the Company is the lessee, and the lease agreements are duly executed in favor of the lessee) disclosed in the standalone financial statements are held in the name of the Company.
  - d. According to the information and explanation given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the company, the Company has not revalued any of its Property, Plant and Equipment (including right of use assets) and intangible assets during the year.
  - e. Based on the information and explanations given to us, no proceedings have been initiated during the year or are pending against the Company as at March 31, 2025 for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (as amended in 2016) and rules made thereunder.
- (ii) a. The inventory, except goods in transit, has been physically verified by the management at reasonable intervals during the year. In our opinion, the frequency of such verification is reasonable. We were informed that, no material discrepancies in excess of 10% or more in aggregate for each class of inventory were noticed. The discrepancies noticed on verification between the physical stocks and the book records have been properly dealt in the books of accounts.
  - b. According to the information and explanation given to us the company has been sanctioned working capital limit in excess of five crore rupees, in aggregate, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets. In our opinion, the quarterly returns or statements filed by the company with such banks are in agreement with the books of account of the company.
- (iii) The Company has made investments in companies and the same are not prejudicial to the Company's interest. According to the information and explanation given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has granted advances in the nature of loan to a company and the same is not prejudicial to the Company's interest.

Nature	Aggregate amount of loan advanced during the year	Balance Amount outstanding
(A) Subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates	Rs. 50,00,000	NIL
B) Others	NIL	NIL

a) During the year the company has provided loans, and the details are given as follows:

- b) According to the information and explanations provided to us, the investment made and the terms and conditions of all the above-mentioned loans, during the year are, prima facie, in our opinion, not prejudicial to the Company's interest.
- c) The loans and advances in the nature of loans, is an inter corporate loan which has been settled during the year itself along with interest.
- d) There is no amount which is overdue for more than ninety days and hence clause 3 (iii)(d) of the order is not applicable.
- e) The loan or advance in the nature of loan was granted during the year and there was no renewal or extension of the loan or fresh loans granted to settle the overdue of existing loans given to the same party. Accordingly, clause 3 (iii)(e) of the order is not applicable.
- f) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans either repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment and hence clause 3(iii)(f) of the order is not applicable.
- (iv) According to the information and explanation given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records, the company has complied with the provisions of section 185 and 186 of the act.
- (v) The Company has not accepted any deposits or amounts which are deemed to be deposits within the meaning of the Act and the directives issued by the Reserve Bank of India and the provisions of sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Act and the rules framed there under. Accordingly, paragraph 3(v) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (vi) The maintenance of cost records has been specified by the Central Government under section 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013. We have broadly reviewed the books of accounts relating to materials, labour and other items of cost maintained by the Company pursuant to the Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Rules, 2014, prescribed by the Central Government for the maintenance of the cost records under sub-section (1) of Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013, and are of the opinion that, prima facie, the prescribed accounts and cost records have been made and maintained. However, we have not carried out any detailed examination of the cost records with a view to determine whether they are accurate or complete.
- (vii) a) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the company examined by us, the Company is regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including Provident Fund, Employee State Insurance Fund, Income Tax, Goods and Services Tax, Customs duty, cess and any other statutory dues as applicable with the appropriate authorities. No undisputed statutory dues were outstanding as at the last day of the financial year for a period of more than 6 months from the date they became payable.
  - b) The details of the statutory dues which have not been deposited as on 31<sup>st</sup> March 2025 on account of dispute are as under:

Name of the Statute	Nature of the dues	Amount Demanded	Amount Paid under protest (Rs in lakhs)	Period to which the amount relates	Forum where dispute is pending
Kerala General Sales Tax	KGST Demand	1935052	1717583	(1996-97, 97-98, 2000-01 & 2001- 02 Assessments)	Giving Effect to Deputy Commissioner (Appeals) Kollam order pending
Central Sales Tax	CST Demand	480753	NIL	1988-89, 1990- 91, 1993-94 to 1995-96, 2001- 02 to 2004-05	Deputy Commissioner of Commercial Taxes, Alappuzha

- (viii) Based on our audit procedures and as per the information and explanations given by the management, no amount has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961. Accordingly, paragraph 3(viii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (ix) (a) Based on our audit procedures and as per the information and explanations given by the management, the company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender.
  - (b) Based on the explanation and information given to us, the Company has not been declared a willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
  - (c) Based on the information and explanation given to us, and the records of the company examined by us, term loans were applied for the purpose for which the loans were obtained.
  - (d) Based on the information and explanation given to us and based on an overall examination of the standalone financial statements of the Company, funds raised on short term basis have, prima facie, not been used during the year for long term purposes by the company.
  - (e) The company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligation of its subsidiaries as defined under the Companies Act, 2013. Accordingly, clause 3(ix) (e) of the Order is not applicable.
  - (f) The company has not raised any loan during the year on the pledge of securities held in its any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligation of its subsidiaries as defined under the Companies Act, 2013. Accordingly, clause 3(ix)(f) of the Order is not applicable.
- (x) (a) The Company did not raise any money by way of an Initial Public Offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year and accordingly, clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the company.
  - (b) The company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully or partly or optionally) during the year and hence reporting under clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the company.
- (xi) (a) Based on the examination of the books and records of the Company and according to the information and explanations given to us, there was no fraud by the Company and no fraud on the Company has been noticed or reported during the year.
  - (b) Based on the information and explanation given to us and based on the examination of the company's records, no report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government, during the year and upto the date of this report.
  - (c) We have taken into consideration the whistle blower complaints received by the Company during the year (and upto the date of this report), while determining the nature, timing and extent of our audit procedures.
- (xii) The Company is not a Nidhi Company in accordance with Nidhi rules 2014. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xii)(a) to (c) of the order is not applicable.
- (xiii) Based on our audit procedures and according to the information and explanation given to us, all the transactions entered into with the related parties during the year are in compliance with section 177 and section 188 of the Act where applicable and the details have been disclosed in the standalone financial statements as required by the applicable Indian Accounting Standards.

- (xiv) (a) In our opinion, based on the information and explanation given to us, the Company has an adequate internal audit system commensurate with the size and the nature of its business.
  - (b) We have considered the internal audit reports of the Company issued till date for the period under audit.
- (xv) Based on the information and explanations given to us and based on the audit of the books of accounts, during the year the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with its directors and hence provisions of section 192 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company.
- (xvi) (a) In our opinion, the Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, clause 3(xvi)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
  - (b) In our opinion, the Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, clause 3(xvi)(b) of the order is not applicable.
  - (c) The company is a not Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India and hence clause 3(xvi)(c) and 3(xvi)(d) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xvii) The Company has not incurred cash losses during the financial year covered by our audit and the immediately preceding financial year.
- (xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during year. Accordingly, clause 3(xviii) of the order is not applicable.
- (xix) On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the standalone financial statements and our knowledge of the Management plans, we are of the opinion that no material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report of the Company's capability of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
- (xx) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, there is no unspent amount under sub-section (5) of Section 135 of the Companies Act 2013 pursuant to any project. According to clauses 3(xx)(a) and 3(xx)(b) of the Order are not applicable.

For Suri& Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 004283S

> G Rengarajan Partner Membership No. 219922

Date: 27/05/2025 Place: Chennai UDIN: 25219922BMISUC5250

### ANNEXURE B

## Referred to in paragraph 2(f) on 'Report on other legal and regulatory requirements' of our report of even date

## Report on the Internal Financial Controls with reference to the aforesaid standalone financial statements under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements of AV Thomas and Company Limited ("the Company") as of March 31<sup>st</sup> 2025 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

#### Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management and the board of directors are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control with reference to standalone financial statements criteria established by the company considering the essential components of internal controls stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (the "Guidance Note"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing, prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable. To an audit of internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements were established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements.

#### Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with reference to standalone financial statements

A company's internal financial control with reference to standalone financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of standalone financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that:

- (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company;
- (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of Ind AS standalone financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and
- (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the Ind AS standalone financial statements.

#### Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31-Mar-2025 based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For Suri& Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 004283S

> G Rengarajan Partner Membership No. 219922

Date: 27/05/2025 Place: Chennai UDIN: 25219922BMISUC5250

CIN: U51109KL1935PLC000024

#### **STANDALONE BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31ST MARCH 2025**

	(All amou	unts in Rs. Lakhs, unle	ss otherwise stated
Particulars	Note No.	As at	As at
ASSETS		31st March 2025	31st March 2024
lon-current assets			
a) Property, Plant and Equipment	3	86,57.97	36,76.38
b) Capital work-in-progress	3	4,81.85	50.20
c) Investment Property	4	35.92	37.64
d) Right-of-use assets	6	6,41.95	7,84.11
e) Other Intangible Assets	5	1,18.90	1,42.33
f) Intangible assets under development	5	-	,
g) Financial assets			
i) Investments	7	59,66.17	26,16.17
ii) Other financial assets	8	1,04.85	1,11.25
n) Deferred tax assets (net)	9	1,51.29	2,28.50
) Other non-current assets	10	1,80.15	2,07.06
otal non-current assets		163,39.05	78,53.64
current assets			
a) Inventories	11	159,45.89	139,96.79
b) Financial Assets		100,40.00	,
i) Investments	7	130,68.97	124.47.55
ii) Trade receivables	, 12	43,87.86	34,01.95
iii) Cash and cash equivalents	13	2,05.32	15,96.70
iv) Bank balances other than (iii) above	13	80.04	60.86
v) Loans	14	54.97	25,36.42
vi) Other financial assets	8	62.22	69.12
c) Current Tax Assets (Net)	23	26.75	47.58
d) Other current assets	10	12,07.36	13,19.84
otal current assets	10	350,39.38	354,76.81
otal Assets		513,78.43	433,30.45
		515,70.45	455,50.40
QUITY AND LIABILITIES guity			
a) Equity Share Capital	15	45.05	45.05
b) Other Equity	16	45.65	45.65 366,68.88
,	10	405,82.26	
otal equity		406,27.91	367,14.54
iabilities on-current liabilities			
a) Financial Liabilities i) Borrowings	17	4 00 00	
ia) Lease liabilities	18	1,93.86	4 40 70
b) Provisions	19	3,77.49 2,97.21	4,49.79 2,77.06
otal non-current liabilities	10	8,68.56	7,26.85
current liabilities		0,00.30	.,
a) Financial Liabilities			
i) Borrowings	17	24,93.31	
ia) Lease liabilities	18	1,98.80	2,51.59
ii) Trade Payables	20	1,00.00	2,01.00
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises; and		4,34.10	2,19.13
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and		1,01.10	2,10.10
small enterprises.		47,53.06	31,30.29
iii) Other financial liabilities	21	4.73	7.51
b) Other current liabilities	22	6,43.34	10,56.68
c) Provisions	19	13,54.63	12,23.87
d) Current Tax liabilities (Net)	23	-	-,
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
otal current liabilities		98,81.97	58,89.07
otal liabilities		107,50.53	66,15.92
otal equity and liabilities		513,78.43	433,30.45
orporate information & material accounting policies	1&2		
ee accompanying notes to the standalone financial statements			
As per our report of even date attached For Suri & Co.	For and c	n behalf of the Board	of Directors
Chartered Accountants Firm's Regn.No:004283S	Ajit Thoma		F.S. Mohan Eddy
•	Executive Cha		Directo
G. RENGARAJAN Partner	DIN: 000186	591	DIN: 01633183

Place: Chennai Date: 27<sup>th</sup> May 2025 R. Venugopalan Chief Financial Officer

Partner Membership No.219922

CIN: U51109KL1935PLC000024

#### STANDALONE STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31ST MARCH 2025

	(All amo	ounts in Rs. Lakhs, unle	ess otherwise stated)
Particulars	Note No.	Year ended 31st March 2025	Year ended 31st March 2024
I Revenue from operations	24	1190,83.09	1078,87.05
II Other Income	25	18,87.63	15,49.93
III Total income		1209,70.72	1094,36.98
IV Expenses			
Cost of materials consumed	26 (a)	803,30.66	706,26.74
Purchases of Stock-in-Trade	26 (b)	125,95.23	118,37.82
Changes in inventories of finished goods and stock in trade	27	(1,67.13)	(6,39.49
Manufacturing Expenses	28	31,48.01	27,95.43
Employee benefits expense	29	48,66.13	45,07.26
Finance costs	30	3,48.05	1,53.94
Depreciation and amortisation expense	31	10,31.86	9,31.73
Selling Expenses	32	89,18.55	83,67.72
Other expenses	33	24,92.94	21,54.90
Total expenses (IV)		1135,64.30	1007,36.0
<ul> <li>Profit/(loss) before exceptional items and tax (III-IV)</li> <li>Exceptional items</li> </ul>		74,06.42	87,00.93
/II Profit/(loss) before tax (V-VI)		74,06.42	87,00.93
/III Tax expense			
Current tax	36	17,67.10	20,52.11
Deferred tax	36	77.21	1,87.56
IX Profit (Loss) for the year (VII-VIII)		55,62.11	64,61.26
X Other Comprehensive Income			
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or			
(i) Equity instruments through other comprehensive income	7	-	(11,37.39)
(ii) Remeasurement of the defined benefit plans	39	(67.95)	(8.39)
<li>(iii) Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss</li>	36	17.10	2,62.35
Total other comprehensive income / (loss), net of tax		(50.85)	(8,83.43)
XI Total Comprehensive Income for the year		55,11.26	55,77.83
XII Earnings per equity share (in Rs.)			
(1) Basic	37	1,218.32	1,407.28
(2) Diluted	37	1,218.32	1,407.28
Face value per ordinary share - Rs. 10			
Corporate information & material accounting policies	1 & 2		
See accompanying notes to the standalone financial stater	nents		

See accompanying notes to the standalone financial statements

As per our report of even date attached For Suri & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm's Regn.No:004283S G. RENGARAJAN Partner Place: Chennai Date: 27<sup>th</sup> May 2025 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Ajit ThomasF.S. Mohan EddyExecutive ChairmanDirectorDIN: 00018691DIN: 01633183

R. Venugopalan Chief Financial Officer

CIN: U51109KL1935PLC000024

### STANDALONE CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2025

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

		31st March 2025	31st March 2024
Α	CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
	Net Profit Before Tax and Extraordinary Items:	74,06.42	87,00.93
	Adjustments for:		
	Depreciation and amortisation	10,31.86	9,31.73
	(Profit)/ Loss on Sale of PPE	(18.93)	(61.35)
	Allowance for credit impairment	0.23	1.43
	Interest / Dividend Received	(21.55)	(44.41)
	Unrealised Exchange gain fluctuation	(10.34)	(8.72)
	Interest Expense	3,48.05	1,53.94
	Adjustment for fair valuation of leases	77.00	87.33
	Repayment of Lease Liability	(4,28.03)	(4,43.65)
	Interest income on financial assets measured at amortised cost	(1,00.08)	(45.95)
	Fair Value of investments recognised in P&L account	(14,77.98)	(11,35.01)
		(5,99.77)	(5,64.66)
	Operating Profit before Working Capital Changes	68,06.65	81,36.27
	Adjustments for:		
	Trade Receivables	(9,75.80)	(2,46.50)
	Inventories	(19,49.10)	(4,13.87)
	Trade Payables	18,37.74	7,39.99
	Other current liabilities	(4,13.34)	2,33.09
	Provision	82.96	(68.17)
	Accrued Income	6.90	(0.85)
	Loans	(18.55)	2.31
	Other current assets	126.61	8,40.02
		(13,02.58)	10,86.02
	Cash Generated from Operations	55,04.07	92,22.29
	Direct Taxes Paid	(17,29.17)	(22,63.33)
	Net Cash from Operating Activities	37,74.91	69,58.96
Б			
В	CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Sales of PPE	4 40 77	4 5 4 00
		4,19.77	1,54.20
	Purchase of PPE	(64,52.73)	(5,70.01)
	Interest / Dividend Received	1,21.63	90.36
	Purchase of Investments	(86,78.23)	(99,52.36)
	Inter- Corporate Loan	25,00.00	(25,00.00)
	Sale of Investments	61,84.83	84,86.45
	Net Cash From Investing Activities	(59,04.73)	(42,91.36)

CIN: U51109KL1935PLC000024

### STANDALONE CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2025

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

		31st March 2025	31st March 2024
С	CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
	Long Term Borrowings Repayment	-	(3,90.00)
	Long Term Borrowings Receipt	1,93.86	-
	Short-term Borrowings	24,93.31	-
	Interest Paid	(3,48.05)	(1,53.94)
	Buy Back of shares (including tax)	-	(5,74.23)
	Dividend Paid	(16,00.67)	(13,81.45)
		7,38.45	(24,99.62)
	Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(13,91.38)	1,67.98
	Cash and Cash Equivalents as at beginning of the period	15,96.70	14,28.72
	Cash and Cash Equivalents as at end of the period	2,05.32	15,96.70
		(13,91.38)	1,67.98
	Corporate information & material accounting policies	1&2	
	See accompanying notes to the standalone financial stateme	ents	

Notes:

1. The above Standalone Statement of Cash Flows has been prepared under the 'Indirect Method' as set out in Ind AS 7, 'Statement of Cash Flows'.

2. The figures in brackets represent cash outflow.

As p	per our report of even date attached	For and on behalf of the	Board of Directors
	For Suri & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm's Regn.No:004283S	Ajit Thomas Executive Chairman	F.S. Mohan Eddy Director
	G. RENGARAJAN Partner	DIN: 00018691	DIN: 01633183
hennai <sup>≞</sup> May 2025	Membership No.219922	R. Venugo <i>Chief Financ</i> i	

Place: Chennai Date: 27<sup>th</sup> May 2025 CIN: U51109KL1935PLC000024

### Standalone Statement of Changes in Equity for the period ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

#### Equity Share Capital Α.

Balance as at 1st April 2024	Changes in Equity Share Capital due to prior period errors	Restated balance at the beginning of the previous reporting period	Changes in equity share capital during the year	Balance as at 31st March 2025
45.65	-	-	-	45.65

1st April 2023 45.92	to prior period errors	of the previous reporting period	the year (0.27)	45.65
Balance as at	Changes in Equity Share Capital due	Restated balance at the beginning	Changes in equity share capital during	Balance as at 31st March 2024

#### **Other Equity** Β.

Place: Chennai

	Reser	ves and Surp	lus	Items of Other Comprhe	nsive Income	
	Capital Redemption Reserves	General Reserve	Retained Earnings	Remeasurements of post employment benefit obligations through Other Comprehensive Income	Equity Instruments through Other Comprehensive Income	Total
Balance as at 31st March 2023	1.10	229,02.96	103,62.81	(62.53)	(1,61.86)	330,42.48
Changes in accounting policy or prior period errors	-	-	-	-	-	-
Restated balance at the beginning of the current reporting period	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Comprehensive Income for the year	-	-	64,61.26	(6.28)	(8,77.15)	55,77.83
Dividends	-	-	(13,77.46)	-	-	(13,77.46)
Transfer to General Reserve	-	25,00.00	(25,00.00)	-	-	-
Transfer to capital redemption reserve	0.27	(0.27)	-	-	-	-
Buyback of Equity shares	-	(5,73.96)	-	-	-	(5,73.96)
Balance as at 31st March 2024	1.37	248,28.73	129,46.61	(68.81)	(10,39.01)	366,68.88
Changes in accounting policy or prior period errors	-	-	-	-	-	-
Restated balance at the beginning of the current reporting period	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Comprehensive Income for the year	-	-	55,62.11	(50.85)	-	55,11.26
Dividends	-	-	(15,97.89)	-	-	(15,97.89)
Transfer to General Reserve	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfer to capital redemption reserve	-	-	-	-	-	-
Buyback of Equity shares	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 31st March 2025	1.37	248,28.73	169,10.83	(1,19.66)	(10,39.01)	405,82.26

As per our report of even date attached For Suri & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm's Regn.No:004283S G. RENGARAJAN Partner Membership No.219922 Date: 27th May 2025

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Ajit Thomas Executive Chairman DIN: 00018691

F.S. Mohan Eddy Director DIN: 01633183

R. Venugopalan Chief Financial Officer

#### Notes to Financial Statements

#### 1. Company Information:

A V Thomas & Company Limited ("The Company") is engaged in the trading, production and distribution of Consumer Products (which includes Tea, Coffee, Cardamom, Milkshakes, Ghee, Dairy Whitener) and Roofing Materials (which includes GI Sheets, Pipes and Profiled Sheets). The company has a Logistics Division which is into the service of Clearing House Agency. The Company has branded beverage business operations mainly in South India and exports to Middle East. The Company has a pipe manufacturing facility at Perundurai, Erode Tamilnadu and Roof Profiling units in the states of Tamil Nadu & Kerala and sells primarily in India through independent distributors.

The Company is a public limited company incorporated and domiciled in India and has its registered office at Alappuzha Kerala. The financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025, were approved for issue by Company's board of directors on 27<sup>th</sup> May 2025.

#### 2. Material Accounting Policies:

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of the financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### a. Basis of preparation and presentation of financial statements

(i) Accounting convention:

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with and in compliance, in all material aspect with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) read along with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended from time to time.

(ii) Basis of measurement:

The financial statements have been prepared on accrual and going concern basis. The accounting policies are applied consistently to all the periods presented in the financial statements,. All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the Company's normal operating cycle and other criteria as set out in the Division II of Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013. Based on the nature of products and the time between acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents, the Company has ascertained its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of current or non-current classification of assets and liabilities.

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis except for the following assets and liabilities which have been measured at fair value:

- Derivative financial instruments, if any
- Financial assets and liabilities that are qualified to be measured at fair value
- The defined benefit asset / liability is recognised as the present value of defined benefit obligation less fair value of plan assets.

#### b. Foreign currency and translations:

(i) Functional and presentation currency Items included in the financial statements of the Company are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates ("functional currency"). The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (Rs.), which is the functional currency of the Company.

(ii) Foreign currency transactions and balances: Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated at the year end rate. Any resultant exchange differences are taken to the statement of profit and loss, except when deferred in other comprehensive income as qualifying cash flow hedges. Nonmonetary assets and liabilities denominated in a foreign currency and measured at historical cost are translated at the exchange rate prevalent at the date of transaction

#### c. Property, Plant and Equipment

(i) Recognition and measurement: Property, plant and equipment are carried at historical cost of acquisition less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss, if any.

Cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price, including import duties and non-refundable purchase taxes, after deducting trade discounts and rebates, any directly attributable cost of bringing the item to its working condition for its intended use and estimated costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located. Freehold land is carried at historical cost and is not depreciated.

Subsequent expenditure related to an item of fixed asset are added to its book value only when it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced asset is derecognised. All repairs and maintenance are charged to the statement of profit and loss during the financial year in which they are incurred.

Gains or losses arising from de-recognition of property, plant and equipment assets are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds/ net realisable value and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognized in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognized.

Capital work-in-progress is stated at cost. All the direct expenditure related to implementation including incidental expenditure incurred during the period of implementation of a project, till it is commissioned, is accounted as capital work-in-progress (CWIP) and after commissioning the same is transferred / allocated to the respective item of property, plant and equipment. Advances paid towards the acquisition of property, plant and equipment outstanding at each balance sheet date is classified as capital advances under 'Other Non-Current Assets'.

(ii) Depreciation:

Depreciation is provided on assets to get the initial cost down to the residual value, including on assets created on lands under lease. Land is not depreciated. Depreciation is provided on a written down value basis over the estimated useful life of the asset as prescribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013.

Cost incurred on assets under development are disclosed under capital work-in-progress and not depreciated till the asset is ready to use.

The residual values and useful lives of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate. An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount. Recoverable amount is the higher of the value in use or exchange.

#### d. Investment Property:

Properties that are held for long-term rental yields or for capital appreciation or both, and that are not occupied by the company, are classified as Investment Property. These are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss, if any. Subsequent expenditure related to investment properties are added to its book value only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. Investment properties are depreciated using the written down value method over the useful lives. Depreciable investment properties have been ascribed a useful life in the range of 30 years for building.

#### e. Intangible:

Intangible assets with finite lives are amortised over the useful economic life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at the end of each reporting period. Changes in the expected useful life or the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset are considered to modify the amortisation period or method, as appropriate, and are treated as changes in accounting estimates. The amortisation expense on intangible assets with finite lives is recognised in the statement of profit and loss unless such expenditure forms part of carrying value of another asset.

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognised.

(i) Computer software:

Acquired computer software licences are capitalised on the basis of the costs incurred to acquire and bring to use the specific software. These costs are amortised over their estimated useful lives of 8 years. The cost of an intangible asset comprises its purchase price (net of duties and taxes) including any costs directly attributable to making the asset ready for their intended use.

(ii) Research and Development:

Research expenditure is recognised in the statement of profit and loss as incurred. Development expenditure is capitalised only if the costs can be reliably measured, future economic benefits are probable, the product is technically feasible, and the Company has the intent and the resources to complete the project. Development assets are amortised based on the estimated useful life, as appropriate.

#### f. Impairment of Non-Financial Assets:

Assessment for impairment is done at each Balance Sheet date as to whether there is any indication that a non-financial asset may be impaired. For the purpose of assessing impairment, the smallest identifiable group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets is considered as a cash generating unit.

If any indication of impairment exists, an estimate of the recoverable amount of the individual asset/ cash generating unit is made. Asset/cash generating unit whose carrying value exceeds their recoverable amount are written down to the recoverable amount by recognising the impairment loss as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining fair value less costs of disposal, recent market transactions are taken into account. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used. These calculations are corroborated by valuation multiples, quoted share prices for publicly traded companies or other available fair value indicators.

An assessment is made at each reporting date to determine whether there is an indication that previously recognised impairment losses no longer exist or have decreased. If such indication exists, the Company estimates the assets or CGU's recoverable amount. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. The reversal is limited so that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed its recoverable amount, nor exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. Such reversal is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

#### g. Assets held for sale and disposal groups:

Non-current assets held for sale and disposal groups are presented separately in the balance sheet when the following criteria are met:

- the company is committed to selling the asset or disposal group;
- the assets are available for sale immediately;
- an active plan of sale has commenced; and
- sale is expected to be completed within 12 months.

Assets held for sale and disposal groups are measured at the lower of their carrying amount and fair value less cost to sell. Assets held for sale are no longer amortised or depreciated.

#### h. Leases:

As a Lessee: The Company's lease asset classes primarily consist of leases for Land and Buildings.

The Company assesses whether a contract is or contains a lease, at inception of a contract. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Company assesses whether:

- (i) the contract involves the use of an identified asset
- (ii) the Company has substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset through the period of the lease and
- (iii) the Company has the right to direct the use of the asset.

At the date of commencement of the lease, the Company recognises a right-of-use asset (ROU) and a corresponding lease liability for all lease arrangements in which it is a lessee, except for leases with a term of twelve months or less (short- term leases) and leases of low value assets. For these short-term and leases of low value assets, the Company recognises the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

The right-of-use assets are initially recognised at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or prior to the commencement date of the lease plus any initial direct costs less any lease incentives. They are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. Right-of- use assets are depreciated from the commencement date on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and useful life of the underlying asset.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the future lease payments. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if not readily determinable, using the incremental borrowing rates. The lease liability is subsequently remeasured by increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on the lease liability and reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made.

A lease liability is remeasured upon the occurrence of certain events such as a change in the lease term or a change in an index or rate used to determine lease payments. The remeasurement normally also adjusts the leased assets.

Lease liability and ROU asset have been separately presented in the Balance Sheet and lease payments have been classified as financing cash flows.

As a lessor: Lease income from operating leases where the Company is a lessor is recognised in the statement of profit and loss on a straight- line basis over the lease term.

#### i. Inventories:

Raw materials, traded, and finished goods are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Packing Materials, consumables, stores and spares are carried at cost. Cost of raw materials and stores and spares includes cost of purchase and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Provision is made for obsolete, slow-moving and defective stocks, where necessary.

Cost is computed on a weighted average/FIFO basis. Cost of finished goods and work in-progress include all costs of purchases, conversion costs and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. The net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

#### j. Financial Instruments:

Financial Assets: Financial assets are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

On initial recognition, a financial asset is recognised at fair value. In case of financial assets which are recognised at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL), its transaction cost is recognised in the statement of profit and loss. In other cases, the transaction cost is attributed to the acquisition value of the financial asset.

Financial assets are subsequently classified and measured at

- amortised cost
- fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL)
- fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI).

Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their recognition, except during the period the Company changes its business model for managing financial assets.

#### Trade Receivables and Loans:

Trade receivables are initially recognised at fair value. Subsequently, these assets are held at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate (EIR) method net of any expected credit losses. The EIR is the rate that discounts estimated future cash income through the expected life of financial instrument.

#### Debt Instruments:

Debt instruments are initially measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income ('FVOCI') or fair value through profit or loss ('FVTPL') till derecognition on the basis of (i) the Company's business model for managing the financial assets and (ii) the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

(i) Measured at amortised cost:

Financial assets that are held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest, are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the 'EIR' method less impairment, if any. The amortisation of EIR and loss arising from impairment, if any is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

(ii) Measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI):

Financial assets that are held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both, selling financial assets and collecting contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest, are subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income. Fair value movements are recognised in the other comprehensive income (OCI). Interest income measured using the EIR method and impairment losses, if any are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss. On derecognition, cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI is reclassified from the equity to 'other income' in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

(iii) Measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL):

A financial asset not classified as either amortised cost or FVOCI, is classified as FVTPL. Such financial assets are measured at fair value with all changes in fair value, including interest income and dividend income if any, recognised as 'other income' in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### Equity Instruments:

All investments in equity instruments classified under financial assets are initially measured at fair value, the Company may, on initial recognition, irrevocably elect to measure the same either at FVOCI or FVTPL. The Company makes such election on an instrument- by-instrument basis. Fair value changes on an equity instrument is recognised as 'other income' in the Statement of Profit and Loss unless the Company has elected to measure such instrument at FVOCI. Fair value changes excluding dividends, on an equity instrument measured at FVOCI are recognised in OCI. Amounts recognised in OCI are not subsequently reclassified to the Statement of Profit and Loss. Dividend income on the investments in equity instruments are recognised as 'other income' in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Derivative Financial Instruments:

The Company uses derivative financial instruments to hedge its foreign currency and commodity risks. Derivatives are measured at fair value. The treatment of changes in the value of derivative depends on their use as explained below:

#### Cash flow hedges:

Derivatives are held to hedge the uncertainty in timing or amount of future forecast cash flows. Such derivatives are classified as being part of cash flow hedge relationships. For an effective hedge, gains and losses from changes in the fair value of derivatives are recognised in other comprehensive income. Any ineffective elements of the hedge are recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

If the hedged cash flow relates to a non-financial asset, the amount accumulated in equity is subsequently included within the carrying value of that asset. For other cash flow hedges, amounts accumulated in other comprehensive income are taken to the statement of profit and loss at the same time as the related cash flow.

When a derivative no longer qualifies for hedge accounting, any cumulative gain or loss remains in equity until the related cash flow occurs. When the cash flow takes place, the cumulative gain or loss is taken to the statement of profit and loss. If the hedged cash flow is no longer expected to occur, the cumulative gain or loss is taken to the statement of profit and loss immediately.

Derivatives for which hedge accounting is not applied:

Derivative financial instruments for which hedge accounting is not applied are initially recognised at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered and are subsequently measured at FVTPL.

Derecognition:

The Company derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or it transfers the contractual rights to receive the cash flows from the asset.

Offsetting financial instruments:

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset, and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet, if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle them on a net basis or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

Impairment of Financial Asset:

The Company applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of loss allowance on the following:

- i. Trade receivables
- ii. Financial assets measured at amortised cost (other than trade receivables)
- iii. Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI).

In case of trade receivables, the Company follows a simplified approach wherein an amount equal to lifetime ECL is measured and recognised as loss allowance.

In case of other assets (listed as ii and iii above), the Company determines if there has been a significant increase in credit risk of the financial asset since initial recognition. If the credit risk of such assets has not increased significantly, an amount equal to 12-month ECL is measured and recognised as loss allowance. However, if credit risk has increased significantly, an amount equal to lifetime ECL is measured and recognised as loss allowance.

Subsequently, if the credit quality of the financial asset improves such that there is no longer a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, the Company reverts to recognising impairment loss allowance based on 12-month ECL.

ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Company in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Company expects to receive (i.e. all cash shortfalls), discounted at the original effective interest rate.

Lifetime ECL are the expected credit losses resulting from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial asset. 12-month ECL are a portion of the lifetime ECL which result from default events that are possible within 12 months from the reporting date.

ECL are measured in a manner that they reflect unbiased, and probability weighted amounts determined by a range of outcomes, taking into account the time value of money and other reasonable information available as a result of past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.

As a practical expedient, the Company uses a provision matrix to measure lifetime ECL on its portfolio of trade receivables. The provision matrix is prepared based on historically observed default rates over the expected life of trade receivables and is adjusted for forward-looking estimates. At each reporting date, the historically observed default rates and changes in the forward-looking estimates are updated.

ECL allowance recognised (or reversed) during the period is recognised as income/expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss under the head 'Other expenses.

#### Write-off:

The gross carrying amount of a financial asset is written off when the Company has no reasonable expectations of recovering the financial asset in its entirety or a portion thereof.

#### Financial Liabilities:

#### Initial recognition and measurement:

Financial liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial liabilities are initially measured at the amortised cost unless at initial recognition, they are classified as fair value through profit and loss. In case of trade payables, they are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently, these liabilities are held at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

#### Subsequent measurement:

Financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Financial liabilities carried at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value with all changes in fair value recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### Derecognition:

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires. The difference between the carrying value of the financial liability and the consideration paid is recognised in Statement of profit and loss.

#### k. Cash and Cash Equivalents:

Cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flow, comprises of cash at bank, in hand, bank overdrafts and short-term highly liquid investments/bank deposits with an original maturity of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

#### I. Earnings Per Share:

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the net profit for the period attributable to the equity shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period and for all periods presented is adjusted for events, such as bonus shares, other than the conversion of potential equity shares that have changed the number of equity shares outstanding, without a corresponding change in resources.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period is adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

#### m. Income Taxes:

Income tax expense for the year comprises of current tax and deferred tax. It is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss except to the extent it relates to a business combination or to an item which is recognised directly in equity or in other comprehensive income.

Current tax is the expected tax payable/receivable on the taxable income/ loss for the year using applicable tax rates at the Balance Sheet date, and any adjustment to taxes in respect of previous years. Interest income/ expenses and penalties, if any, related to income tax are included in current tax expense.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the corresponding amounts used for taxation purposes.

A deferred tax liability is recognised based on the expected manner of realisation or settlement of the carrying amount of assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted, or substantively enacted, by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilised. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised.

Current tax assets and current tax liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle the asset and the liability on a net basis. Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities; and the deferred tax assets and the deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority.

#### n. Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets:

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Provisions are measured at the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the Balance Sheet date.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted to reflect its present value using a current pre-tax rate that reflects the current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made.

A contingent asset is a possible asset that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the company. The Company does not recognize a Contingent asset but discloses its existence in the financial statements where an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

#### o. Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs consist of interest, ancillary and other costs that the Company incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds and interest relating to other financial liabilities. Borrowing costs also include exchange differences to the extent regarded as an adjustment to the borrowing costs.

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of the asset. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they occur.

#### p. Revenue recognition

The sources of revenue for the Company are sale of packed tea, coffee, premixes, dairy products and roofing materials to customers. Revenue is measured based on the consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods.

i) Sale of goods and services

Revenue from sale of goods is recognised when control of the products being sold is transferred to our customer and when there are no longer any unfulfilled obligations. The Performance Obligations in our contracts are fulfilled at the time of dispatch, delivery or upon formal customer acceptance depending on customer terms. Revenue is measured on the basis of contracted price, after deduction of any trade discounts, volume rebates and any taxes or duties collected on behalf of the Government such as goods and services tax, etc. Accumulated experience is used to estimate the provision for such discounts and rebates.

The Company considers whether there are other promises in the contract that are separate performance obligations to which a portion of the transaction price needs to be allocated. In determining the transaction price for the sale of goods, the Company considers the effects of variable consideration (like trade discounts, volume rebates), non-cash consideration, consideration payable to the customer (if any) and applicable indirect taxes. Revenue is only recognised to the extent that it is highly probable a significant reversal will not occur.

Income from services rendered is recognised based on agreements/arrangements with the customers as the service is performed and there are no unfulfilled obligations.

#### ii) Other Income

a) Interest income and Dividend Income

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method. When a loan and receivable is impaired, the company reduces the carrying amount to its recoverable amount, being the estimated future cash flow discounted at the original effective interest rate of the instrument and continues unwinding the discount as interest income. Interest income on impaired loans and receivables is recognised using the original effective interest rate.

Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive payment is established. Income from investments are accounted on an accrual basis.

b) Other income not specifically stated above is recognised on accrual basis.

#### q. Expenditure:

Expenses are accounted on accrual basis.

#### r. Employee Benefits

The Company operates various post-employment schemes, including both defined benefit and defined contribution plans. Short-term employee benefits are recognised on an undiscounted basis whereas long-term employee benefits are recognised on a discounted basis.

Defined contribution plans:

Contributions to defined contribution schemes such as employees' state insurance, labour welfare fund, superannuation scheme, employee pension scheme etc. are charged as an expense based on the amount of contribution required to be made as and when services are rendered by the employees. Company's provident fund contribution, in respect of employees, is made to a government administered fund and charged as an expense to the Statement of Profit and Loss. The above benefits are classified as Defined Contribution Schemes as the Company has no further defined obligations beyond the monthly contributions.

Defined benefit plans:

The Company also provides for retirement/post-retirement benefits in the form of gratuity, compensated absences to its employees.

For defined benefit plans, the amount recognised as 'Employee benefit expenses' in the Statement of Profit and Loss is the cost of accruing employee benefits promised to employees over the year and the costs of individual events such as past/future service benefit changes and settlements (such events are recognised immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss). Any differences between the interest income on plan assets and the return actually achieved, and any changes in the liabilities over the year due to changes in actuarial assumptions or experience adjustments within the plans, are recognised immediately in 'Other comprehensive income' and subsequently not reclassified to the Statement of Profit and Loss.

The defined benefit plan surplus or deficit on the Balance Sheet comprises the total for each plan of the fair value of plan assets less the present value of the defined benefit liabilities (using a discount rate by reference to market yields on government bonds at the end of the reporting period).

All defined benefit plans obligations are determined based on valuations, as at the Balance Sheet date, made by independent actuary using the projected unit credit method. The classification of the Company's net obligation into current and non-current is as per the actuarial valuation report.

Employee termination benefits:

Payments to employees on termination along with additional liabilities towards retirement benefits arising pursuant to the termination are charged to the statement of profit and loss in the year in which it is incurred.

#### s. Events after the reporting period

Adjusting events are events that provide further evidence of conditions that existed at the end of the reporting period. The financial statements are adjusted for such events before authorisation for issue.

Non-adjusting events are events that are indicative of conditions that arose after the end of the reporting period. Non-adjusting events after the reporting date are not accounted but disclosed.

#### t. Key accounting judgement, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to exercise judgment and to make estimates and assumptions. These estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experiences and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Actual results may differ from these estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revision to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

The areas involving critical estimates or judgements are:

1. Depreciation and amortisation

Depreciation and amortisation are based on management's estimate of the future useful lives of the Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible Assets. Estimates may change due to technological developments, competition, changes in market conditions and other factors and may result in changes in the estimated useful life and in the depreciation and amortisation charges.

2. Employee Benefits

The present value of the defined benefit obligations depends on a number of factors that are determined on an actuarial basis using various assumptions. One of the critical assumptions used in determining the net cost (income) for these obligations include the discount rate. Any changes in these assumptions will impact the carrying amount of retirement benefit obligations.

3. Fair Value of derivatives and other financial instruments

All financial instruments are required to be fair valued as at the balance sheet date, as provided in Ind AS 109 and 113. Being a critical estimate, judgement is exercised to determine the carrying values. The fair value of financial instruments that are unlisted and not traded in an active market is determined at fair values assessed based on recent transactions entered into with third parties, based on valuation done by external appraisers etc., as applicable.

4. Estimating variable consideration for discount, volume rebates and trade incentives

Revenue is measured at the fair value of consideration received/receivable from its customers and in determining the transaction price for the sale of products, the Company considers the effects of various factors such as volume-based discounts, rebates and other promotion incentives schemes ('trade schemes') provided to the customers. At year end, amounts for trade schemes that have been incurred and not yet provided to the customers are estimated and accrued.

In estimating the variable consideration towards discounts, volume rebates and trade incentives taking into consideration the terms of the volume thresholds and expected likely pay-out based on historical experience, current trend and future expectations of customers meeting the thresholds.

5. Impairment allowance for doubtful debts

Trade receivables do not carry any interest and are stated at their nominal value as reduced by appropriate allowances for estimated irrecoverable amounts. Under Ind AS, impairment allowance has been determined based on Expected Credit Loss (ECL) model. Estimated irrecoverable amounts are based on the ageing of the receivable balance and historical experience. Individual trade receivables are written off if the same are not collectible. Further details about impairment allowance are given in Note 12.

### Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

	Land	Building	Plant & Machinery	Furniture & Fittings	Vehicles	Total	CWIP
Gross carrying amount							
At 31 March 2023	11,03.98	11,03.05	21,00.75	3,93.56	5,91.52	52,92.86	50.20
Additions/Transfers	2.83	51.57	2,46.90	24.37	1,94.02	5,19.69	-
Disposals/ Transfers	-	-	41.21	0.43	2,36.73	2,78.37	-
Adjustments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
At 31 March 2024	11,06.81	11,54.62	23,06.44	4,17.50	5,48.81	55,34.19	50.20
Additions/Transfers	19,60.12	31,58.69	96.20	57.49	7,40.51	60,13.01	4,31.65
Disposals/ Transfers	3,74.82	3.83	31.24	2.95	3,03.37	7,16.21	-
Adjustments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
At 31 March 2025	26,92.11	43,09.48	23,71.40	4,72.04	9,85.95	108,30.99	4,81.85
Accumulated Depreciation							
At 31 March 2023	-	2,62.91	8,90.95	1,44.25	2,19.05	15,17.16	-
Depreciation charge for the year	-	82.31	2,54.71	69.14	1,19.93	5,26.09	-
Disposals	-	-	38.71	0.41	1,46.40	1,85.52	-
Adjustments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
At 31 March 2024	-	3,45.22	11,06.95	2,12.98	1,92.58	18,57.74	-
Depreciation charge for the year	-	1,22.07	2,49.86	60.41	1,98.23	6,30.57	-
Disposals	-	2.65	28.52	2.72	2,81.40	3,15.29	-
Adjustments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
At 31 March 2025	-	4,64.64	13,28.29	2,70.67	1,09.41	21,73.02	-
Net carrying amount							
at 31 March 2025	26,92.11	38,44.84	10,43.11	2,01.37	8,76.54	86,57.97	4,81.85
at 31 March 2024	11,06.81	8,09.40	11,99.50	2,04.52	3,56.23	36,76.38	50.20
at 31 March 2023	11,03.98	8,40.14	12,09.80	2,49.31	3,72.47	37,75.67	50.20

#### Note No. 3 Property, plant and equipment & Capital Work in Progress

#### Note 3.1 - Property Plant and Equipments Pledged as security

Refer note 17 for the information on property, plant and equipments pledged as security by the Company.

#### Note 3.2 - Deemed Cost Exemption availed on transition to Ind AS

The Company has availed the deemed cost exemption in relation to the property plant and equipment on the date of transition i.e. 1 April 2020 and hence the carrying amount (net block) as per previous GAAP on that date has been considered as gross block.

#### Note 3.3 - Title deeds

Title deeds of all Immovable Properties are held in the name of the Company except cost of Land amounting to Rs. 4.23 lakhs (31st March 2024 - 4.23 lakhs) and Building amounting Rs. 1.94 lakhs (31st March 2024 - 1.94 lakhs;), which are held in Joint Ownership with other Companies.

#### Note 3.4 - Depreciation/Amortisation

Depreciation/amortisation is calculated over the estimated useful life of the asset. Refer Accounting policy no. 2.c.(i)&(ii) of the company for the method of depreciation and estimated useful life of the assets.

#### Note 3.5 - Contractual Commitments

Refer Note No. 48 for outstanding contractual commitments.

#### Note 3.6 - Impairment of assets

Refer Note No. 53 for disclosure relating to impairment of assets

### Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

**Note 3.7** - Capital work-in-progress ageing schedule for the year ended March 31, 2025 and March 31, 2024 is as follows:

CWIP	Amount in CWIP for a period of				
CWIP	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
As at 31st March 2025					
Projects in progress	4,31.65	-	50.20	-	4,81.85
Projects temporarily suspended	-	-	-	-	-
As at 31st March 2024					
Projects in progress	-	50.20	-	-	50.20
Projects temporarily suspended	-	-	-	-	-

There are no capital-work-in progress whose completion is overdue or has exceeded its cost compared to its original plan.

The mangement is expecting to capitalise the existing CWIP in the FY 2025-26

#### Note No. 4 Investment Property

	Land	Building	Total
Cost			
At 31 March 2023	3.08	42.41	45.49
Additions/Transfers			
Disposals/ Transfers			
At 31 March 2024	3.08	42.41	45.49
Additions/Transfers			
Disposals/ Transfers			
At 31 March 2025	3.08	42.41	45.49
Depreciation			
At 31 March 2023	-	6.04	6.04
Depreciation charge for the year	-	1.81	1.81
Disposals			
At 31 March 2024	-	7.85	7.85
Depreciation charge for the year		1.72	1.72
Disposals			
At 31 March 2025	-	9.57	9.57
Net Block			
at 31 March 2025	3.08	32.84	35.92
at 31 March 2024	3.08	34.56	37.64
at 31 March 2023	3.08	36.37	39.45

#### Note 4.1 - Depreciation/Amortisation

Depreciation/amortisation is calculated over the estimated useful life of the asset. Refer Accounting policy no. 2.d of the company for the method of depreciation and estimated useful life of the assets.

#### Note 4.2 - Title deeds

Investment property includes Rs. 3.08 lakhs (31st March 2024 - 3.08 lakhs) and Rs. 42.41 lakhs (31st March 2024 - 42.41 lakhs) respectively representing cost of Land and Buildings in Joint Ownership with other Companies.

### Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Note 4.3 - Amount recognised in the statement of profit and loss for investment property:

	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24
Depreciation for the year	1.72	1.81
Repairs and Maintenance - Buildings	19.31	21.52
Profit/(loss) from Investment Property	(21.03)	(23.33)

The company has not let out any investment property during the year.

#### Note 4.4 - Fair value:

Fair valuation of the Land is Rs 29,55.22 lakhs and Buildings is Rs. 2,32.38 lakhs based on valuation (sales comparable approach – level 2) by recognised independent valuers as on 31-03-2025.

#### Note No. 5 Intangible Assets

	Other Intangible Assets - Software	Other Intangible Assets - Trademarks	Total	Intangible Assets under development
Gross carrying amount				
At 31 March 2023	1,85.61	4.34	1,89.95	-
Additions/Transfers	50.40	-	50.40	-
Disposals/ Transfers	-	-	-	-
At 31 March 2024	2,36.01	4.34	2,40.35	-
Additions/Transfers	8.07	-	8.07	-
Disposals/ Transfers	-	-	-	-
At 31 March 2025	2,44.08	4.34	2,48.42	-
Accumulated Amortization	04.70	0.54	00.07	
At 31 March 2023	64.76	3.51	68.27	-
Amortisation	29.75	-	29.75	-
Disposals	-	-	-	-
At 31 March 2024	94.51	3.51	98.02	-
Amortisation	30.90	0.60	31.50	-
Disposals	-	-	-	-
At 31 March 2025	1,25.41	4.11	1,29.52	-
Net carrying amount				
at 31 March 2025	1,18.67	0.23	1,18.90	-
at 31 March 2024	1,41.50	0.83	1,42.33	-
at 31 March 2023	1,20.85	0.83	1,21.68	-

### Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

#### Note 5.1 - Amortization

Amortization is calculated over the estimated useful life of the asset. Refer Accounting policy no. 2.e. of the company for the method of amortisation.

#### Note 5.2 - Impairment of assets

Refer Note No. 53 for disclosure relating to impairment of assets

#### Note 5.3 - Restriction on title - Nil

#### Note 5.4 - Contractual Commitments

Refer Note No. 48 for outstanding contractual commitments.

**Note 5.5:** Intangible assets under development ageing schedule for the year ended March 31, 2025 and March 31, 2024 is as follows:

	Amo D	Tatal			
Intangible assets under development	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
As at 31st March 2025					
Projects in progress	-	-	-	-	-
Projects that are temporarily suspended	-	-	-	-	-
As at 31st March 2024					
Projects in progress	-	-	-	-	-
Projects that are temporarily suspended	-	-	-	-	-

There are no intangible assets under development. Hence the reporting requirement regarding intangible asset under development whose completion is overdue or has exceeded its cost compared to its original plan is not applicable.

### Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

#### Note No. 6 Right-of-use Assets

	Leasehold Land	Buildings	Total
Gross carrying amount			
At 31 March 2023	2,66.80	11,00.35	13,67.15
Additions/Transfers	-	3,03.50	3,03.50
Disposals/ Transfers	-	1,68.78	1,68.78
At 31 March 2024	2,66.80	12,35.07	15,01.87
Additions/Transfers	-	2,25.71	2,25.71
Disposals/ Transfers	-	-	-
At 31 March 2025	2,66.80	14,60.78	17,27.58
Accumulated Depreciation			
At 31 March 2023	19.49	3,77.57	3,97.06
Depreciation charge for the year	9.63	3,82.73	3,92.36
Disposals	-	71.66	71.66
At 31 March 2024	29.12	6,88.64	7,17.76
Depreciation charge for the year	9.17	3,58.88	3,68.05
Disposals	-	-	-
At 31 March 2025	38.29	10,47.52	10,85.81
Net carrying amount			
at 31 March 2025	2,28.51	4,13.26	6,41.95
at 31 March 2024	2,37.68	5,46.43	7,84.11
at 31 March 2023	2,47.31	7,22.78	9,70.09

Note 6.1 Depreciation has been charged to ROU assets over the useful life of the assets and is included under depreciation and amortisation expenses in statement of profit and loss. Refer Accounting policy no. 2 h of the company.

Note 6.2:- Disclosures relating to lease and ROU assets - Refer Note No. 42

### Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

		31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24
Not	e No. 7 Investments		
Νοι	n Current Investments		
<u>Qu</u>	oted - Non Trade:		
Α.	Equity Instruments - Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income		
	5 equity shares (31st March 2024 - 5) of Rs. 10 each held in Ferilisers & Chemicals (Travancore) Ltd	0.03	0.03
	Unquoted:		
	Equity Instruments - Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income		
	30 equity shares (31st March 2024 - 30) of Rs. 10 each held in Chennai Willingdon Corporation Foundation	-	-
	32200 equity shares (31st March 2024 - 32200) of Rs. 10 each held in L.J International Ltd	1,44.90	1,44.90
	Equity shares (31st March 2024 - 4545856) of Rs. 10 each held in Grover Zampa Vineyards Ltd	-	3,63.67
	Preference Shares - Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income		
	50000 Compulsorily Convertible Preference Shares (31.03.2024 - 50000) of \$20 each held in Enmasse.World Private Limited #	8,35.14	8,35.14
	# The cost of investment is considered as fair market value as at year end. <b>Total</b>		
			13,43.71
	Note 7.1 - The Board of Directors have approved an investment in Compulsorily Convertible Preference Shares of Rs.24 Crores in Bon Fresh Food Private Limited bearing trade name "Chai Kings". The first part payment of investment amounting to Rs.12 Crores was made in April'25.		
	Investment in Equity Instruments of Associate Companies - At Amortised Cost		
	119480 equity shares (31st March 2024 - 119480) of Rs. 10 each held in A.V.Thomas Investments Co Ltd.	11.95	11.95
	16500000 equity shares (31st March 2024 - 15000000) of Rs. 10 each held in AVT Gavia Foods Pvt Ltd	16,50.48	15,00.48
	4545856 equity shares of Rs. 10 each and 40000000 equity shares of Rs.8 each held in Grover Zampa Vineyards Ltd	35,63.67	
	Total	52,26.10	15,12.43
	Note 7.2 The investments in Grover Zampa Vineyards Ltd was fair valued through other comprehensive income till FY 2023-24.		

Date of reclassification from FVTOCI to Amortised Cost - 28-02-2025.

### Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

No	te No. 7 Investments (Contd.)	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24
	Impairment in value of investments		
	Opening Balance	2,40.00	2,40.00
	Add: Impairment during the year	-	-
	Less: Reversal of impairment	-	-
	Closing Balance	2,40.00	2,40.00
	Non Current Investments - Total	59,66.17	26,16.17
	Aggregate amount of quoted investments	0.03	0.03
	Market value of quoted investments	0.03	0.03
	Aggregate amount of unquoted investments	62,06.14	28,56.14
	Aggregate amount of impairment in value of investments	2,40.00	2,40.00
	For Related Party disclosure, refer Note No. 41		
	Refer Note No. 50 for classification of Financial Instruments		
Cu	rrent Investments		
Α.	Investments in Mutual Funds - Fair Valued through Profit and Loss		
	Quoted:		
	180 Units (31st March 2024 -1837) HDFC Money Market Fund (Growth)	10.11	95.68
	566309 Units (31st March 2024 - 452431) ICICI PRU MONEY MARKET- GROWTH	21,08.11	15,62.30
	0 Units (31st March 2024 - 1611305) Bandhan Liquid Fund-Growth (Erstwhiel IDFC Low Duration Fund Growth)	0.00	5,66.85
	2068850 units (31st March 2024-2068850) ICICI Ultra Short Term Fund G	5,62.23	5,23.35
	0 units (31st March 2024-3838681) HDFC Arbitrage Fund - Growth	-	10,78.17
	0 units (31st March 2024- 4232386) ICICI Pru Equity Arbitrage Fund - Growth	-	13,30.75
	4361890 Units (31st March 2024-3886993) Kotak Equity Arbitarge Fund -		
	Growth	16,08.81	13,33.48
	1350663 units (31st March 2024-1350663) IIFL Dynamic Bond Fund - Growth	2,97.65	2,72.98
	712325 units (31st March 2024-712325) Baroda BNP Paribas Gilt Fund - Growth	2,98.60	2,72.43
	1235641 units (31st March 2024-1235641) ICICI Pru Constant Maturity Gilt Fund - Growth	2,98.55	2,71.88
	1696636 units (31st March 2024-1696636) Nippon India Nivesh Lakshya Fund - Growth	3,00.48	2,74.18
	0 units (31st March 2024-409549) SBI Savings Fund - Growth	-	1,55.21
	0 units (31st March 2024-649462) Nippon NIFTY MID CAP 150 Fund	-	1,30.65
	200300 units (31st March 2024-200300) ICICI PRU NIFTY NEXT 50 INDEX-		
	GROWTH	1,10.79	1,06.85

# Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

Note No. 7 Investments (Contd.)	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24
317442 units (31st March 2024-237720) SBI Nifty Index Fund	6,56.25	4,63.28
9622 units (31st March 2024-9622) ICICI Pru S&P BSE 500 ETF FOF Fund	1.38	1.32
28429 units (31st March 2024-28429) ICICI Pru S&P BSE 500 ETF		
FOFDirect-Growth	4.16	3.94
106163 units (31st March 2024-106163) ICICI Pru Nasdaq 100 Index Fund	15.03	13.89
23231 units (31st March 2024-23231) ICICI Pru NASDAQ 100 Index Fund Direct-Growth	3.34	3.07
0 units (31st March 2024-253610) Nippon India Nifty Midcap 150 Index Fund	5.54	5.07
Direct-Growth	-	51.92
22092 units (31st March 2024-22092) SBI Nifty Index Direct-G	47.87	45.01
23838 units (31st March 2024-1478) HDFC Focused 30 Direct-Growth	57.65	3.06
148997 Units (31st March 2024-103773) HDFC Focused 30 Fund	3,18.76	1,92.10
361691 Units (31st March 2024-10175) ICICI Pru India Opportunities Fund		
Direct-G	1,29.99	3.24
768198 Units (31st March 2024-718446) ICICI Pru India Opportunities Fund	2,54.20	2,12.52
12090 Equity Shares (31st March 2024-12090) HDFC Bank Ltd.	2,21.03	1,75.05
156114 Units (31st March 2024-107928) ICICI PRU Equity & Debt - Growth	5,75.58	3,63.58
191 units (31st March 2024-191) Motilal Oswal Liquid Fund - Regular		
Plan- Growth	0.03	0.02
360129 units (31st March 2024-360129) Motilal Oswal S&P 500 Index Fund Reg - Growth	77.19	70.76
342120 Units (31st March 2024-251446) 360 One Focused Equity Direct-Growth	1,70.25	1,15.49
0 Units (31st March 2024-759) 360 One Liquid Direct-Growth	0.00	14.10
53440 Units (31st March 2024-47699) HDFC Balanced Advantage Direct-		
Growth	2,82.70	2,30.93
1409 Units (31st March 2024-533) HDFC Money Market Direct-Growth	80.55	28.23
329402 Units (31st March 2024-154896) Parag Parikh Flexi Cap Fund		
Direct-Growth	2,82.63	1,15.97
0 units (31st March 2024-1046) Parag Parikh Liquid Fund - Direct Plan - Growth		14.04
7913838 units(31st March 2024-5283425) Units ICICI PRU EQUITY	-	14.04
SAVINGS-GROWTH	17,26.80	10,70.42
497 Units (31st March 2024-0) ICICI PRU MONEY MARKET DIRECT-	·	
GROWTH	1.87	-
652118 Units (31st March 2024-0) 360 ONE FLEXICAP FUND DIRECT- GROWTH	93.34	-
1825325 (31st March 2024-0) Units IPO applied Managed	2,62.82	-
455109 (31st March 2024-0) Units Invesco India - Arbitrage-Growth	1,42.96	-
300000 (31st March 2024-0) Units Ikigai Emerging Equity	2,49.08	-
Total	112,50.79	111,66.67

# Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

Not	te No. 7 Investments (Contd.)	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24
В.	Investments in Equity - Quoted - Fair Valued through Profit and Loss		
	0 Equity Shares (31st March 2024-2114) of Ahluwalia Contracts India	-	21.59
	0 Equity Shares (31st March 2024-812) of Balkrishna Industries	-	18.82
	0 Equity Shares (31st March 2024-643) of Computer Age Mangement		
	Services Limited	-	18.75
	0 Equity Shares (31st March 2024-339) of Cera Sanitaryware Ltd		22.99
	6163 Equity Shares (31st March 2024-1651) of HDFC Bank Ltd	1,12.67	23.90
	0 Equity Shares (31st March 2024-2288) of HDFC Life Insurance Company Limited	-	14.49
	5812 Equity Shares (31st March 2024-0) of ICICI Bank Ltd	78.37	-
	16867 Equity Shares (31st March 2024-10716) of Hindustan Copper Ltd	37.24	29.80
	15490 Equity Shares (31st March 2024-15490) of Indian Energy Exchange		
	Ltd	27.23	20.81
	0 Equity Shares (31st March 2024-196) Indoco Remedies	-	0.64
	0 Equity Shares (31st March 2024-434) of L&T Technology Services Ltd	-	23.79
	0 Equity Shares (31st March 2024-2286) of RACL Geartech Ltd	-	27.02
	0 Equity Shares (31st March 2024-2152) of RHI Magmesita India Limited	-	11.89
	0 Equity Shares (31st March 2024-6302) of Syngene International Ltd	-	44.27
	1211 Equity Shares (31st March 2024-429) of Titan Co Ltd	37.10	16.31
	949 Equity Shares (31st March 2024-709) of ABB India Ltd	52.63	45.10
	6740 Equity Shares (31st March 2024-0) of Marico Ltd	43.92	-
	3360Equity Shares of (31st March 2024-0) Aurobindo Pharma Ltd	38.99	-
	1839 Equity Shares (31st March 2024-1839) of Adani Ports and Special Economic Zone Ltd	21.75	24.68
	0 units (31st March 2024 - 2371.606) Aditya Birla Sun Life Liquid Fund - Growth - Direct Plan	-	9.24
	0 Equity Shares (31st March 2024-7726) of Advanced Enzyme		
	Technologies Ltd	-	25.18
	0 Equity Shares (31st March 2024-560) of AIA Engineering Ltd	-	21.93
	0 Equity Shares (31st March 2024-4494) of Ambuja Cements Ltd	-	27.52
	0 Equity Shares (31st March 2024-2333) of Bharat Forge Ltd	-	26.35
	0 Equity Shares (31st March 2024-2242) of Divgi Torqtransfer Systems Ltd	-	17.26
	0 Equity Shares (31st March 2024-527) of Dr Reddys Laboratories Ltd	42.05	32.45
	683 Equity Shares (31st March 2024-500) of Eicher Motors Ltd	36.52	20.10
	0 Equity Shares (31st March 2024-17898) of GAIL India Ltd	-	32.40
	2346 Equity Shares (31st March 2024-1687) of ICICI Lombard General	40.00	00.40
	Insurance Co Ltd	42.06	28.42
	0 Equity Shares (31st March 2024-1387) of IndusInd Bank Ltd	-	21.54
	15520 Equity Shares (31st March 2024-7042) of ITC Ltd	63.59 35.06	30.16
	402 Equity Shares (31st March 2024-0) of Bajaj Finance Ltd	35.96	-

# Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

Note No. 7 Investments (Conta.) 31-Mar-25	
2391Equity Shares (31st March 2024-0) of Eris Lifesciences Ltd 33.89	-
7174Equity Shares (31st March 2024-0) of Vedanta Ltd 33.24	-
724Equity Shares (31st March 2024-0) of HDFC Asset Management Co Ltd 29.06	-
1880 Equity Shares (31st March 2024-0) of Havells India Ltd 28.74	-
0 Equity Shares (31st March 2024-426) of Maruti Suzuki India Ltd -	53.68
0 Equity Shares (31st March 2024-15503) of NTPC Ltd -	52.06
0 Equity Share (31st March 2024-2662) of Orchid Pharma Ltd -	27.81
0 Equity Shares (31st March 2024-1595) SBI Life Insurance Co Ltd -	23.93
0 Equity Shares (31st March 2024-108) Shree Cement Ltd -	27.74
0 Equity Shares (31st March 2024-7086) Suprajit Engineering Ltd -	29.20
0 Equity Shares (31st March 2024-494) of Tata Communications Ltd -	9.94
16199 Equity Shares (31st March 2024-16199) of Tata Steel Ltd 24.99	25.25
766 Equity Shares (31st March 2024-766) of TVS Motor Co Ltd 18.54	16.48
95Equity Shares (31st March 2024-0) of Bajaj Auto Ltd 7.48	-
1085Equity Shares (31st March 2024-0) of Reliance Industries Ltd 13.83	-
473Equity Shares (31st March 2024-0) of Tata Consultancy Services Ltd 17.06	-
1566Equity Shares (31st March 2024-0) of Max Healthcare Institute Ltd 17.18	-
898Equity Shares (31st March 2024-0)of Blue Star Ltd 19.18	-
1380Equity Shares (31st March 2024-0) of PB Fintech Ltd 21.94	-
240Equity Shares (31st March 2024-0) of Gillette India Ltd 19.26	-
5051Equity Shares (31st March 2024-0) of Piramal Pharma Ltd 11.35	-
1315Equity Shares (31st March 2024-0) of Intellect Design Arena Ltd 9.11	-
3443Equity Shares (31st March 2024-0) of International Gemmological	
Institute India Ltd 13.26	-
1910Equity Shares (31st March 2024-0) of KPIT Technologies Ltd 24.97	-
Others5.00	3,57.39
Total10,18.19	12,80.88
C. Investments in Equity - Unquoted - Fair Valued through Profit and Loss	
50000 equity shares * (31st March 2024 - Nil) of Rs.6,50 each held in	
Natioanl Stock Exchange Ltd 8,00.00	-
* out of the above, 40000 shares are received as bonus shares during the year.	
130,68.97	124,47.55
Refer Note No. 50 for classification of Financial Instruments	
Aggregate amount of quoted investments122,68.97	124,47.55
Market value of quoted investments 122,68.97	124,47.55

# Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24
Note No. 8 Other financial assets		
(Unsecured, considered good unless stated otherwise)		
A) Non Current		
Deposits with Government Authorities	-	-
Security Deposits - ROU Assets	1,04.85	1,11.25
Bank Deposits with more than 12 months maturity	-	-
Total	1,04.85	1,11.25
B) Current		
Others		
Interest accrued on deposits	3.78	18.85
Accrued income	12.00	17.30
Short Term Deposits - Lease and others	46.44	32.97
Total	62.22	69.12
Note No. 9 Deferred Tax Asset/Liability (Net) Components of Deferred tax		
Deferred Tax Asset/ (Liability)		
On Account of Depreciation	99.60	1,13.65
On Account of Fair Valuation of Investments	(1,41.97)	(39.71)
On Account of Fair Valuation of Leased Assets	4.97	1.96
On Account of Gratuity and Compensated Absences	1,88.69	1,52.60
Closing Balance	1,51.29	2,28.50
Note No. 10 Other assets		
A) Non Current Assets		
, (Unsecured, considered good)		
Capital Advances	1,00.46	1,52.09
Security Deposits	73.76	49.04
Disputed Taxes Paid	5.93	5.93
	1,80.15	2,07.06

# Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24
B) Current Assets		
Advance to suppliers	7,87.28	5,38.57
Advance to employees	0.60	0.60
Prepaid Expenses	77.50	41.32
GST Input Receivable	3,41.98	7,39.35
	12,07.36	13,19.84
Note No. 11 Inventories		
Inventories at the lower of cost and net realisable value		
Raw Materials	107,98.65	89,70.98
Work in Progress	2,63.81	2,94.20
Stores, Spares and packing material	6,99.75	7,02.60
Finished Goods		
- Packed Tea	12,42.69	15,90.60
- Packed Coffee	97.37	93.09
- Premix	49.05	43.54
- Roofing Sheets	1,19.14	1,28.20
- GI Pipe	11,27.94	12,92.06
Stock in trade	15,47.49	8,81.52
Total	159,45.89	139,96.79
Note 11.1: Carrying amount of inventories pledged as security for liabilities	159,45.89	139,96.79
<b>Note 11.2:</b> There are raw materials and components with third parties as on 31st March	3,68.56	7,41.49
<b>Note 11.3:</b> Valuation of Inventories has been made as per Company's Accounting Policy No. 2 (i)		
Note No.12 Trade receivables		
Current		
Trade receivable considered good – Unsecured	43,18.37	29,94.00
Trade receivable from Related Parties* considered good – Unsecured	69.49	4,07.95
Trade receivable – credit impaired – Unsecured	2,06.48	2,09.30
Less : Allowance for credit impairment	(2,06.48)	(2,09.30)
Total	43,87.86	34,01.95
i) Less : Allowance for credit impairment		
Opening Balance	2,09.30	2,07.87
Add: Provision during the year	2.00	1.43
Less: Reversal of provision no longer required	4.82	-
Closing Balance	2,06.48	2,09.30

# Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

#### The trade receivables ageing schedule is as follows :

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment as on 31st March 2025					Total
	Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	iotai
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good	42,72.84	18.54	9.92	11.94	74.60	43,87.86
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables- considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-
<ul> <li>(v) Disputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk</li> </ul>	-	-	-	-	-	-
(vi) Disputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	-	-	-	-	2,06.48	2,06.48

	Derticulare	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment as on 31st March 2024				Tatal	
Particulars		Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i)	Undisputed Trade receivables - considered good	32,99.82	4.88	20.65	4.85	71.75	34,01.95
(ii)	Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iii)	Undisputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv)	Disputed Trade Receivables- considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-
(v)	Disputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-
(vi)	Disputed Trade Receivables - credit impaired	-	-	-	-	2,09.30	2,09.30

Note 12.1: Refer Note No. 50 for classification of Financial Instruments

**Note 12.2:** For related party balances refer Note No. 41 & for dues with balance with Pvt Ltd company in which Directors are interested refer Note No 46.

**Note 12.3:** Information about the Company's exposure to credit and market risks, and impairment losses for trade receivables is included in Note No 51

# Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Note No. 13 Cash and Cash equivalents & Other bank balancesCash on hand3.152.59Balances with bank in current account2,02.1712,65.96Balances with bank in call and short-term deposit accounts (original maturity less than 3 months)-3,28.15Cash and cash equivalents as per balance sheet2,05.3215,96.70Bances with banks: In deposit account with original maturity more than three months44.7930.99In Current accounts as margin money for Letter of Credits, Bank Guarantees and Overdraft facility30.5222.36Bank balance80.0460.86Less : Term deposit with bank maturing after 12 months from the Balance Sheet date and other earmarked / margin money / pledged deposits classified as non- current-Net Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents80.0460.86Less : Term deposit with bank maturing after 12 months from the Balance Sheet date and other earmarked / margin money / pledged deposits classified as non- current-Net Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents80.0460.86Note 13.1: Refer Note No. 50 for classification of Financial Instruments-25,00.00Less: Allowances for credit Impaired loans(Unsecured, considered good) Less: Allowances for credit Impaired loans-25,00.00Less; Allowances for credit Impaired loans to employees54.9736.42Less; Allowances for credit Impaired loans to employeesCurrent aconsidered good)Inter-Company Leans <th></th> <th>31-Mar-25</th> <th>31-Mar-24</th>		31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24
Balances with bank in current account       2,02.17       12,65.96         Balances with bank in call and short-term deposit accounts (original maturity less than 3 months)       3,28.15         Cash and cash equivalents as per balance sheet       2,05.32       15,96.70         Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents:       2,05.32       15,96.70         Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents:       2,05.32       15,96.70         Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents:       84.79       30.99         In deposit account with original maturity more than three months       44.79       30.99         In Current accounts as margin money for Letter of Credits, Bank       30.52       22.36         Earmarked Balances (unclaimed/unpaid dividend deposit accounts)       4.73       7.51         Bank balance       80.04       60.86         Less : Term deposit with bank maturing after 12 months from the Balance Sheet date and other earmarked / margin money / pledged deposits classified as non-current       -         Net Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents       80.04       60.86         Note No. 14 Loans       25,00.00       -       -         Current at amortized cost ((Secured, considered good)       -       -       -         Inter-Company Loans       -       25,00.00       -       - <tr< td=""><td>Note No. 13 Cash and Cash equivalents &amp; Other bank balances</td><td></td><td></td></tr<>	Note No. 13 Cash and Cash equivalents & Other bank balances		
Balances with bank in call and short-term deposit accounts (original maturity       -       3,28.15         Cash and cash equivalents as per balance sheet       2,05.32       15,96.70         Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents:       Balances with banks:       -       3,28.15         In deposit account with original maturity more than three months       44.79       30.99         In Current accounts as margin money for Letter of Credits, Bank       -       30.52       22.36         Guarantees and Overdraft facility       30.52       22.36       -       -         Bank balance       80.04       60.86       -       -       -       -         Less : Term deposit with bank maturing after 12 months from the Balance Sheet date and other earmarked / margin money / pledged deposits classified as non-current       -       <	Cash on hand	3.15	2.59
less than 3 months)       3,26.15         Cash and cash equivalents as per balance sheet       2,05.32         Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents:       Balances with banks:         In deposit account with original maturity more than three months       44.79         Guarantees and Overdraft facility       30.52         Earmarked Balances (unclaimed/unpaid dividend deposit accounts)       4.73         Bank balance       80.04         Less : Term deposit with bank maturing after 12 months from the Balance Sheet date and other earmarked / margin money / pledged deposits classified as non-current       -         Net Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents       80.04       60.86         Note 13.1: Refer Note No. 50 for classification of Financial Instruments       -       -         Note No. 14 Loans       -       -       -         Current at amortized cost (Secured, considered good)       -       -       -         Inter-Company Loans       -       -       -       -         Less: Allowances for credit Impaired loans       -       -       -         (Unsecured, considered good)       -       -       -       -         Less; Allowances for credit Impaired loans to employees       -       -       -	Balances with bank in current account	2,02.17	12,65.96
Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents:         Balances with banks:         In deposit account with original maturity more than three months       44.79         30.99         In Current accounts as margin money for Letter of Credits, Bank         Guarantees and Overdraft facility       30.52         Earmarked Balances (unclaimed/unpaid dividend deposit accounts)       4.73         T.51         Bank balance       80.04         Less : Term deposit with bank maturing after 12 months from the Balance Sheet         date and other earmarked / margin money / pledged deposits classified as non-current         Net Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents       80.04         Note 13.1: Refer Note No. 50 for classification of Financial Instruments         Note No. 14 Loans       25,00.00         Less: Allowances for credit Impaired loans       -         (Unsecured, considered good)       -         Inter-Company Loans       -         Less: Allowances for credit Impaired loans to employees       54.97         S4.97       36.42         Less; Allowances for credit Impaired loans to employees       -		-	3,28.15
Balances with banks:       In deposit account with original maturity more than three months       44.79       30.99         In Current accounts as margin money for Letter of Credits, Bank       30.52       22.36         Earmarked Balances (unclaimed/unpaid dividend deposit accounts)       4.73       7.51         Bank balance       80.04       60.86         Less : Term deposit with bank maturing after 12 months from the Balance Sheet date and other earmarked / margin money / pledged deposits classified as non-current       -         Net Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents       80.04       60.86         Note 13.1: Refer Note No. 50 for classification of Financial Instruments       -       25,00.00         Less : Allowances for credit Impaired loans       -       25,00.00         Less : Allowances for credit Impaired loans to employees       54.97       36.42	Cash and cash equivalents as per balance sheet	2,05.32	15,96.70
In Current accounts as margin money for Letter of Credits, Bank Guarantees and Overdraft facility30.5222.36Earmarked Balances (unclaimed/unpaid dividend deposit accounts)4.737.51Bank balance80.0460.86Less : Term deposit with bank maturing after 12 months from the Balance Sheet date and other earmarked / margin money / pledged deposits classified as non- current-Net Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents80.0460.86Note 13.1: Refer Note No. 50 for classification of Financial Instruments80.0460.86Note No. 14 Loans Current at amortized cost (Secured, considered good) Inter-Company Loans-25,00.00Less: Allowances for credit Impaired Ioans-25,00.00Less: Allowances for credit Impaired Ioans to employees54.9736.42Less; Allowances for credit Impaired Ioans to employees			
Guarantees and Overdraft facility30.5222.36Earmarked Balances (unclaimed/unpaid dividend deposit accounts)4.737.51Bank balance80.0460.86Less : Term deposit with bank maturing after 12 months from the Balance Sheet date and other earmarked / margin money / pledged deposits classified as non- current-Net Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents80.0460.86Note 13.1: Refer Note No. 50 for classification of Financial Instruments80.0460.86Note No. 14 Loans Current at amortized cost (Secured, considered good) Inter-Company Loans-25,00.00Less: Allowances for credit Impaired loans(Unsecured, considered good) Loans to employees54.9736.42Less; Allowances for credit Impaired loans to employees	In deposit account with original maturity more than three months	44.79	30.99
Earmarked Balances (unclaimed/unpaid dividend deposit accounts)4.73 80.047.51 60.86Bank balance80.0460.86Less : Term deposit with bank maturing after 12 months from the Balance Sheet date and other earmarked / margin money / pledged deposits classified as non- current-Net Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents80.0460.86Note 13.1: Refer Note No. 50 for classification of Financial Instruments80.0460.86Note No. 14 Loans Current at amortized cost (Secured, considered good) Inter-Company Loans-25,00.00Less: Allowances for credit Impaired Ioans to employees54.9736.42Less; Allowances for credit Impaired Ioans to employees	• •		
Bank balance80.0460.86Less : Term deposit with bank maturing after 12 months from the Balance Sheet date and other earmarked / margin money / pledged deposits classified as non- current-Net Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents80.0460.86Note 13.1: Refer Note No. 50 for classification of Financial Instruments80.0460.86Note No. 14 Loans Current at amortized cost (Secured, considered good) Inter-Company Loans-25,00.00Less: Allowances for credit Impaired loans(Unsecured, considered good) Loans to employees54.9736.42Less; Allowances for credit Impaired loans to employees	-	30.52	22.36
Less : Term deposit with bank maturing after 12 months from the Balance Sheet date and other earmarked / margin money / pledged deposits classified as non- current-Net Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents80.0460.86Note 13.1: Refer Note No. 50 for classification of Financial Instruments2Note No. 14 Loans Current at amortized cost (Secured, considered good) Inter-Company Loans-25,00.00Inter-Company Loans(Unsecured, considered good) Loans to employees54.9736.42Less; Allowances for credit Impaired loans to employees54.9736.42			
date and other earmarked / margin money / pledged deposits classified as non- currentNet Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents80.0460.86Note 13.1: Refer Note No. 50 for classification of Financial Instruments80.0460.86Note No. 14 Loans Current at amortized cost (Secured, considered good) Inter-Company LoansInter-Company Loans-25,00.00Less: Allowances for credit Impaired loans to employees54.9736.42Less; Allowances for credit Impaired loans to employees	Bank balance	80.04	60.86
Note 13.1: Refer Note No. 50 for classification of Financial Instruments         Note No. 14 Loans         Current at amortized cost         (Secured, considered good)         Inter-Company Loans       -         Less: Allowances for credit Impaired loans       -         (Unsecured, considered good)         Loans to employees       54.97         Secured, considered good)         Less; Allowances for credit Impaired loans to employees       -	date and other earmarked / margin money / pledged deposits classified as non-	-	-
Note No. 14 Loans         Current at amortized cost         (Secured, considered good)         Inter-Company Loans       -         Less: Allowances for credit Impaired loans       -         (Unsecured, considered good)         Loans to employees       54.97         Less; Allowances for credit Impaired loans to employees       54.97         Secured, considered good)       -	Net Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	80.04	60.86
Current at amortized cost       (Secured, considered good)         Inter-Company Loans       -         Less: Allowances for credit Impaired loans       -         (Unsecured, considered good)       -         Loans to employees       54.97       36.42         Less; Allowances for credit Impaired loans to employees       -       -	Note 13.1: Refer Note No. 50 for classification of Financial Instruments		
(Secured, considered good)Inter-Company Loans-Less: Allowances for credit Impaired Ioans-(Unsecured, considered good)-Loans to employees54.97Less; Allowances for credit Impaired Ioans to employees	Note No. 14 Loans		
Inter-Company Loans       -       25,00.00         Less: Allowances for credit Impaired loans       -       -         (Unsecured, considered good)       -       -         Loans to employees       54.97       36.42         Less; Allowances for credit Impaired loans to employees       -       -	Current at amortized cost		
Less: Allowances for credit Impaired loans       -         (Unsecured, considered good)       -         Loans to employees       54.97       36.42         Less; Allowances for credit Impaired loans to employees       -       -	(Secured, considered good)		
(Unsecured, considered good)Loans to employees54.9736.42Less; Allowances for credit Impaired loans to employees	Inter-Company Loans	-	25,00.00
Loans to employees54.9736.42Less; Allowances for credit Impaired loans to employees	Less: Allowances for credit Impaired loans	-	-
Less; Allowances for credit Impaired loans to employees	(Unsecured, considered good)		
	Loans to employees	54.97	36.42
Total 54.97 25,36.42	Less; Allowances for credit Impaired loans to employees		
	Total	54.97	25,36.42

Note 14.1: Refer Note No. 50 for classification of Financial Instruments

## Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Note	No. 15 Share Capital	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24
A. /	Authorised Share Capital		
1	Number of Ordinary (Equity) Shares	20,00,000	20,00,000
F	Face Value per Ordinary (Equity) share in Rs.	10	10
(	Ordinary (Equity) Share Capital in Rs. lakhs	2,00.00	2,00.00
B. I	Issued, Subscribed & Paid Up		
1	Number of Ordinary (Equity) Shares	4,56,540	4,56,540
F	Face Value per Ordinary (Equity) share in Rs.	10	10
(	Ordinary (Equity) Share Capital in Rs. lakhs	45.65	45.65

## C. Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to equity shares

The company has only one class of equity shares issued having a par value of Rs. 10. Each holder is eligible for one vote share held. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting, except in case of Interim Dividend. In the event of the liquidation, the equity shareholders are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the Company after distribution of all preferential amounts, in proportion to the shareholding.

#### D. Details of buy back of shares

Particulars	FY 2023-24	FY 2022-23
Number of shares bought back	2,612.00	11,048.00
Buy back price per share	17,000.00	13,000.00
Total proceeds from buy back (In lakhs)	4,44.04	14,36.24

Except for these, there was no buyback of shares in the immediately preceding 5 years.

There was no bonus share issue in the immediately preceeding 5 years.

- E. Shares reserved under option and contract/commitments for sale of shares/disinvestment Nil (31st March 2024 - Nil)
- F. The aggregate value of calls unpaid (including Directors and Officers of the Company) Nil (31st March 2024 Nil)

#### G. Dividend paid during the year

Particulars	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24
Final Dividend for FY 2023-24 and FY 2022-23	9,13.08	6,88.73
Interim Dividend for FY 2024-25 and FY 2023-24 respectively	6,84.81	6,88.73

## Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

H. Reconciliation of the number of shares and amount outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting period:

	As at 31	As at 31-03-2025 As at 31		
Particulars	Number of shares	Amount	Number of shares	Amount
Shares outstanding at the beginning of the reporting period	4,56,540	45.65	4,59,152	45.92
Add : Shares issued during the year	-	-	-	-
Less : Shares Bought Back during the year	-	-	2612	0.26
Shares outstanding at the end of the reporting period	4,56,540	45.65	4,56,540	45.65

## I. Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the company

	As at 31	-03-2025	As at 31	-03-2024
Name of the shareholder	Number of shares held	% holding in that class of shares	Number of shares held	% holding in that class of shares
Mr. Ajit Thomas	2,28,127	49.97%	2,26,992	49.72%
Mr. Dilip Thomas	1,57,020	34.39%	1,57,020	34.39%

## J. Disclosure of Promoters Shareholding Pattern

	As 31st Mai	at rch 2025	As 31st Ma	s at rch 2024	% of	
Promoter Name	No. of shares held	% of total shares	No. of shares held	% of total shares	change during the year	
Mr. Ajit Thomas	2,28,127	49.97%	2,26,992	49.72%	0.25%	
Mr. Dilip Thomas	1,57,020	34.39%	1,57,020	34.39%	Nil	
M/s. The Highland Produce Co.Ltd	3,500	0.77%	3,500	0.77%	Nil	
M/s. The Rajagiri Rubber and Produce Co.Ltd	2,000	0.44%	2,000	0.44%	Nil	
Mrs. Priyalatha Thomas	500	0.11%	500	0.11%	Nil	
Mr. Ashwin Thomas	500	0.11%	500	0.11%	Nil	
Mr. Divesh Thomas	100	0.02%	100	0.02%	Nil	

Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

# Note No. 16 Other equity

	-						
	Share		Res	Reserves & Surplus	IIS	Items of other Comprehensive Income	
Name of the reserve	Application money pending allotment	Capital Redemption Reserve	General Reserve	Retained Earnings	Remeasurements of post employment benefit obligations through Other Comprehensive income	Equity Instruments through Other Comprehensive Income	Total
At 31 March 2023	•	1.10	229,02.97	103,62.80	(62.53)	(1,61.86)	330,42.48
Profit for the year	•	•	•	64,61.26	•	•	64,61.26
Equity investments through other comprehensive income	•	•	•	•	•	(8,77.15)	(8,77.15)
Remeasurements of post employment benefit obligation net of tax (item of other comprehensive income recognised directly in retained earnings (Not reclassified to P&L)	•	•	•	•	(6.28)	•	(6.28)
Buyback of equity shares* [Refer to note Note 15 (E)]	•	•	(573.96)	•	•	•	(5,73.96)
Amount transferred to capital redemption reserve upon buyback	•	0.27	(0.27)	•	•	•	•
Appropriations:	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Transfer to General Reserve	•	•	2500.00	(25,00.00)	•	•	•
Dividend	•	•	•	(13,77.46)	•	•	(13,77.46)
At 31 March 2024	•	1.37	248,28.73	129,46.61	(68.81)	(10,39.01)	366,68.88
Profit for the year	•	•	•	55,62.11	•		55,62.11
Equity investments through other comprehensive income	•	•	•	•	-	•	•
Remeasurements of post employment benefit obligation net of tax (item of other comprehensive income recognised directly in retained earnings (Not reclassified to P&L)	•	•		•	(50.85)	•	(50.85)
Buyback of equity shares* [Refer to note 15 (E)]	•	•	•	•	-	•	•
Amount transferred to capital redemption reserve upon buyback	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Appropriations:	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Transfer to General Reserve	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Dividend	•	•	•	(15,97.89)	•	•	(15,97.89)
At 31 March 2025	•	1.37	248,28.73	169,10.83	(1,19.66)	(10,39.01)	405,82.26

# A.V. THOMAS AND COMPANY LIMITED, ALAPPUZHA

## Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24
Note No. 17 Borrowings		
Non Current - Secured		
Term Loans from Bank(*)	3,53.88	-
Total	3,53.88	-
Less: Current Maturities of Long Term Debt		
clubbed under "Other Current Financial liabilities"	1,60.02	-
Net Non Current Borrowings	1,93.86	
Current - Secured		
Term Loans from Bank(*)	1,60.02	-
Cash Credit(#)	23,33.29	-
Total	24,93.31	-

#### Note No.17.1:

\*The Company's borrowing facilities comprising of Term Loan of Rs.6,40 Lakhs for the expansion project at Othkalmandapam pertaining to Tea Unit, against which funds to the extend of Rs.3,53 Lakhs have been disbursed by the bank. The first charge is created on the assets procured/to be procured out of the term loan, repayable in 36 equal monthly instalments of Rs.17.78 Lakhs falling due from July 2025.

Rate of interest - 9.00% per annum (31st March 2024- nil)

# The company's borrowing facilities comprising cash credit and other facilities of Rs. 93,60 Lakhs (31st March 2024 - Rs.93,60 Lakhs) secured by hypothecation of inventories and book debts and equitable mortgage of land & building at Bodinaikanur and Salem.

Rate of interest (latest) - 9.25% per annum (31st March 2024- 9%)

Period and amount of default as on 31st March 2025 - Nil (31st March 2024 - Nil;)

No loan have been guaranteed by Directors or Others.

Note No.17.2: The Company had access to the following undrawn borrowing facilities at the end of the reporting period

Fund Based facilities	96,40	90,00
Non Fund facilities	2,85	2,85

# Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Note No.17.3: Net Debt Reconciliation		
Particulars	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24
Net debt		
Cash and cash equivalents	2,05.32	15,96.70
Current Investment	130,68.97	124,47.55
Non Current & Current Borrowings	26,87.17	-
Non-current and current lease liabilities	(5,76.29)	(7,01.38)
Net (debt)/ Cash & Cash Equivalents	153,85.17	133,42.87

Particulars	Accrued du	Accrued during the Year		g the Year
Finance Cost	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24
Interest on borrowings	2,36.86	37.56	2,36.86	37.56
Bank Charges on borrowings	29.42	31.82	29.42	31.82
Unwinding interest on finance lease	81.77	84.56	81.77	84.56
Total	3,48.05	1,53.94	3,48.05	1,53.94

	Other	Assets	Borrowings	and leases	
Particulars	Cash and cash equivalents	Current Investments	Short / Long Term Borrowings	Lease liabilities	Total Net borrowings
Net (debt)/ Cash & Cash Equivalents as at 1st April 2023	14,28.72	89,06.59	(3,90.00)	(8,69.57)	90,75.74
Net Cash Inflows/(outflows)	1,67.98	24,05.95	(3,90.00)	-	21,83.93
Unrealised fair value/realised gains on current investments	-	11,35.01	-	-	11,35.01
Reversal of ROU Asset/ Liabilities	-	-	-	1,68.19	1,68.19
Interest expense	-	-	37.56	84.56	1,22.12
Interest paid	-	-	(37.56)	(84.56)	(1,22.12)
(Net debt)/ Cash & Cash Equivalents as at 31 March 2024	15,96.70	124,47.55	-	(7,01.38)	133,42.87
(Net debt)/ Cash & Cash Equivalents as at 01st April 2024	15,96.70	124,47.55	-	(7,01.38)	133,42.87
Net Cash Inflows/(outflows)	(13,91.38)	(8,56.56)	26,87.17	-	4,39.23
Unrealised fair value/realised gains on current investments	-	14,77.98	-	-	14,77.98
Reversal of ROU Asset/ Liabilities	-	-	-	1,25.09	1,25.09
Interest expense	-	-	-	81.77	81.77
Interest paid	-	-	-	(81.77)	(81.77)
(Net debt)/ Cash & Cash Equivalents as at 31 March 2025	2,05.32	130,68.97	26,87.17	(5,76.29)	153,85.17

Note No.17.4: Refer Note No. 50 for classification of Financial Instruments.

## Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

		31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24
Not	e No. 18 Lease Liabilities		
Nor	-Current Lease Liabilities	3,77.49	4,49.79
Cur	rent Lease Liabilities	1,98.80	2,51.59
Tota	al Lease Liabilities	5,76.29	7,01.38
Not	e No.18.1 Refer Note No. 50 for classification of Financial Instruments		
Not	e No.18.2: Refer Note No. 6 for disclosure of ROU assets.		
Not	e No.18.3: Refer Note No. 42 for disclosure of leases		
Not	e No. 19 Provisions		
	n Current		
	vision for Gratuity	-	-
	vision for Leave Encashment	2,97.21	2,77.06
Tota	al	2,97.21	2,77.06
-			
	rent	4 40 74	44.07
	vision for Gratuity	1,19.71	44.97
	vision for Leave Encashment vision for Claims	2,61.95	2,31.65
	vision for Bonus	6,44.65 37.67	6,29.37 41.59
	vision for Other Taxes	2,90.65	2,76.29
Tota		13,54.63	12,23.87
100	A1		12,20.01
i)	Provision for Gratuity		
	Opening Balance	44.97	35.31
	Add: Provision during the year	1,39.68	79.66
	Less: Paid during the year	64.93	70.00
	Closing Balance	1,19.72	44.97
ii)	Provision for Leave encashment		
	Opening Balance	5,08.71	4,74.70
	Add: Provision during the year	62.45	1,06.96
	Less: Paid during the year	12.00	72.95
	Closing Balance	5,59.16	5,08.71
	Provision for Claims		
iii)	Opening Balance	6,29.37	7,58.04
	Add: Provision during the year	15.28	7,30.04
	Less: Reversal of provision no longer required	-	1,28.67
	Closing Balance	6,44.65	6,29.37

Note No 19.1 : Refer note No.39 for disclosure on Employee Benefits

# Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24
Note No. 20 Trade payables		
Current		
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises; and	4,34.10	2,19.13
Total outstanding dues to Related parties (Refer Note No.41)	9,21.77	7,80.11
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises, small		
enterprises and related parties.	38,31.29	23,50.18
Total	51,87.16	33,49.42

#### The trade payables ageing schedule is as follows :

Particulars			periods from o 31st March 202		Total
	Less than 1 yr	1-2 Yrs	2-3 Yrs	More than 3 Yrs	Total
MSME	4,34.10	-	-	-	4,34.10
Others	47,53.06	-	-	-	47,53.06
Disputed Dues - MSME	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed Dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-

Particulars			periods from o 31st March 202		Total
Particulars	Less than 1 yr	1-2 Yrs	2-3 Yrs	More than 3 Yrs	TOTAL
MSME	2,19.13	-	-	-	2,19.13
Others	31,28.67	1.62	-	-	31,30.29
Disputed Dues - MSME	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed Dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-

Note No.20.1 Refer Note No. 50 for classification of Financial Instruments

**Note No.20.2** Out of the above the Trade payable not due as on 31st March 2025 is Rs.27 Lakhs (P.Y. Rs. 27 Lakhs)

**Note No.20.3** The amount due to Micro and Small Enterprises as defined in the "The Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006" has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information collected by the Management. This has been relied upon by the auditors. Refer Note No. 47.

Note No.20.4 Refer note No.41 for related party transactions

## Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24
Note No. 21 Other Financial liabilities		
Current		
Unpaid dividend	4.73	7.51
Total	4.73	7.51
Note No.21.1 Refer Note No. 50 for classification of Financial Instruments		
Note No. 22 Other Current liabilities		
Statutory dues	1,74.50	2,66.44
Advance from customers	3,54.40	6,82.22
Other Payables	0.25	0.25
Payable to Employees	1,05.49	97.07
Deposits from Distributors	8.70	10.70
Total	6,43.34	10,56.68
Note No. 23 Current Tax Liability/Asset (Net)		
Current Tax Liability (Net)		
Income Tax		
Current Tax Asset (Net)		
Tax payment pending adjustments	26.75	47.58
Total	26.75	47.58
Note No. 24 Revenue from operations		
Sale of Products		
Consumer Products - Tea, Coffee, Premix & Dairy Whitener	871,23.66	778,69.34
Traded Goods - Roofing Materials, Cardamom & Other Consumer Products	127,76.70	133,70.64
Roofing Materials & Pipes	171,53.00	147,57.60
5	1170,53.36	1059,97.58
Sale of Services - Logistics	19,88.31	18,27.76
Other Operating Revenue	-,	-, -
Export Incentives	41.42	61.71
Total Revenue from Operations	1190,83.09	1078,87.05
Note No.24.1 Revenue from sale of goods is recognised when control of the prod		

**Note No.24.1** Revenue from sale of goods is recognised when control of the products being sold is transferred to our customer and when there are no longer any unfulfilled obligations. The Performance Obligations in our contracts are fulfilled at the time of dispatch or delivery.

Income from services rendered is recognised based on agreements /arrangements with the customers as the service is performed and there are no unfulfilled obligations.

Revenue is measured on the basis of contracted price, after deduction of any trade discounts, volume rebates and any taxes or duties collected on behalf of the Government such as goods and services tax, etc. Accumulated experience is used to estimate the provision for such discounts and rebates. Revenue is only recognised to the extent that it is highly probable a significant reversal will not occur.

# Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24
Note No.24.2 Reconciliation of Revenue from sale of products with the contracted price		
Contracted Price	1189,77.13	1075,20.19
Less: Trade discounts, volume rebates, etc.	19,23.77	15,22.61
Sale of products	1170,53.36	1059,97.58
<b>Note No.24.3</b> Revenue earned by the company is disaggregated by its sources based on its key operating segments as disclosed in Note:38		
Note No. 25 Other Income		
Interest income on financial assets measured at amortised cost	1,00.08	45.95
Interest income on Security Deposits	7.65	8.21
Income from Investments - Long Term	-	1.61
Income from Investments - Short Term	21.55	44.41
Income from Short Term Leases	7.75	2.11
Service Income	12.52	15.30
Profit on Sale of Tangible Assets	18.93	61.35
Insurance Claims	64.72	13.87
Exchange Fluctuation Gain	10.34	8.72
Other Provisions written back	1.20	60.68
Miscellaneous Income	1,64.91	1,52.71
Fair value movement in Financial instruments designated at Fair Value through Profit or Loss	14,77.98	11,35.01
Total	18,87.63	15,49.93
Note No. 26 (c) Cost of motorials consumed		
Note No. 26 (a) Cost of materials consumed	642.05.70	561 42 22
Consumer Products - Tea, Coffee, Premix & Dairy Whitner	642,05.79	561,43.22
Roofing Materials & Pipes	161,24.87	144,83.52
Total	803,30.66	706,26.74
Note No. 26(b) Purchase of Stock Trade		
Consumer Products - Tea, Cardamom & Dairy Products	20,76.95	20,96.01
Roofing Materials	105,18.28	97,41.81
Total	125,95.23	118,37.82

## Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24
Note No. 27 Changes in inventories of finished products and stock in trade		
Inventory at the beginning of the year		
Packed Tea	16,46.14	7,67.73
Packed Coffee	37.56	20.43
Traded Goods	9,19.44	16,51.27
Cardamom	-	-
G.I. Pipe	13,08.76	9,07.28
Manufactured Goods	1,33.80	59.51
	40,45.70	34,06.22
Less: Inventory at the end of the year		
Packed Tea	12,42.69	16,46.14
Packed Coffee	97.37	37.56
Traded Goods	13,58.30	9,19.44
Cardamom	2,25.20	-
GI Pipe	11,57.09	13,08.76
Manufactured Goods	1,32.18	1,33.80
	42,12.83	40,45.70
Net (Increase)/Decrease	(1,67.13)	(6,39.49)
Note No. 28 Manufacturing Expenses		
Packing Charges	20,83.69	18,56.29
Power & Fuel	2,89.02	2,41.50
Short Term Leases	84.15	71.63
Repairs and Maintenance		
- Buildings	62.17	72.05
- Machinery	93.63	94.48
Production Cost	5,35.35	4,59.48
Total	31,48.01	27,95.43
Note No. 29 Employee benefits expense		
Salaries, wages and bonus	42,23.81	38,86.44
Contribution to provident and other funds	4,25.26	4,13.85
Staff welfare expenses	2,09.02	2,00.77
Directors' sitting fees	8.04	6.20
Total	48,66.13	45,07.26
Noto No. 20.1. Refer Noto No. 20 for details on employee herefite		
Note No. 29.1- Refer Note No. 39 for details on employee benefits The above includes		
- net incremental gratuity provision of	74.75	9.66
- net incremental leave encashment provision of	50.45	9.00 34.01
- חבר וווטרפרוופוונמו ופמעפ פווטמסוווופווג מוטעוסוטו טו	50.45	34.01

# Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24
Note No. 30 Finance costs		
Interest on debts and borrowings at effective interest rate on borrowings	2,36.86	37.56
Other finance costs including bank charges Interest on Lease Liabilities	29.42	31.82
	81.77	84.56
Total	3,48.05	1,53.94
<b>Note No. 31 Depreciation and amortisation expense</b> Refer Note No. 2, for accounting policy on Property Plant and Equipment, Intangibles and Investment Properties		
Depreciation on plant property & equipment	6,30.57	5,26.09
Amortisation on intangible Assets	31.50	29.71
Depreciation on right-of-use assets	3,68.05	3,74.11
Depreciation on investment property	1.74	1.82
	10,31.86	9,31.73
Note No. 32 Selling Expenses		
Freight & Transport	21,53.34	21,37.69
Shipment Expenses	16,49.30	14,62.64
Insurance	13.85	16.57
Commission	95.49	93.46
Advertisement	18,21.15	16,70.26
Business and Sales Promotion	31,85.42	29,87.10
Total	89,18.55	83,67.72
Note No. 33 Other Expenses		
Power and fuel	38.34	32.78
Short Term Leases	13.97	15.12
Rates and taxes	67.23	80.01
Insurance	85.54	63.31
Travelling and conveyance	6,08.83	6,18.04
Repairs and maintenance		
Buildings	1,40.34	1,22.49
Plant and machinery	36.17	60.74
Vehicles	3,26.86	1,64.50
IT maintenance Hardware/Software	1,90.70	1,01.24
Others	5.10	3.15
Payment to auditor (Refer Note No. 34)	46.45	48.02
CSR expenditure (Refer Note No. 35)	1,30.50	1,15.00
Allowance for credit impairment	0.23	1.43
Legal and professional fees	3,28.82	2,73.03
Donation & Charity	2,29.00	1,50.00
Security Charges	11.82	12.41
Miscellaneous Expenses	2,33.04	2,93.64
Total	24,92.94	21,54.90

# Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

		31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24
Note	No. 34 Payment made to Statutory Auditors:		
As A	uditor:		
Sta	atutory Audit	30.00	30.00
Tax	< Audit	6.60	6.60
In Of	ther Capacity		
	kation matters	3.50	3.50
Ce	rtification	2.35	2.32
Re	imbursement of expenses	4.00	5.60
Tota		46.45	48.02
Note	No. 35 Corporate Social Responsibility Expenditure:		
(i)	Amount required to be spent as per Section 135 of the Act	1,30.50	1,13.45
	Amount spent during the year on:		
(ii)	Construction / acquisition of an asset	-	-
(iii)	On purposes other than (i) above	1,30.50	1,15.00
	Total Amount spent	1,30.50	1,15.00
(iv)	Contribution to a trust controlled by the company in relation to CSR expenditure as per relevant Accounting Standard	Nil	Nil
(v)	Total of previous years shortfall	Nil	Nil
(vi)	Shortfall at the end of the year	Nil	Nil
(vii)	Reason for shortfall	NA	NA
(viii)	Nature of CSR activities		
	Education	20.00	15.00
	Eradicating hungerpoverty, etc	10.00	5.00
	Rehabiliation Programs	30.50	43.00
	Health Care	42.50	19.50
	Shelter for aged	22.50	32.50
	Facilities for Senior Citizens	5.00	-
(ix)	Details of related party transactions	-	-
(x)	Where a provision is made with respect to a liability incurred by entering		
	into a contractual obligation, the movements in the provision during the year shall be shown separately	NA	NA
		1,30.50	1,15.00

## Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

	Year ended 31st March 2025	Year ended 31st March 2024
Note No. 36 Income Tax		
The major components of income tax expense for the years ended 31 March 2025 and 31st March 2024 are:		
Statement of profit and loss:		
Income Tax		
In respect of the current year	17,67.10	20,52.11
	17,67.10	20,52.11
Deferred Tax		
In respect of the current year	77.21	1,87.56
	77.21	1,87.56
Income tax expense reported in the statement of profit or loss	18,44.31	22,39.67
Other Comprehensive Income		
Deferred tax related to items recognised in OCI during the year		
Net (gain)/loss on fair valuation of equity instruments	-	2,60.24
Net (gain)/loss on remeasurements of defined benefit plans	(17.10)	_,
Income tax charged to OCI	(17.10)	2,60.24
Reconciliation of tax expense (current tax & deferred tax) and the accounting profit multiplied by domestic tax rate for 31 March 2025 and 31st March 2024:		
Accounting profit before tax (a)	74,06.42	87,00.93
Income Tax Rate (b)	25.17%	25.17%
Calculated taxes based on above, without any adjustments for deductions [(a) x (b)]	18,64.05	21,89.85
Adjustments		
On account of Income Tax relating to Remeasurement of the defined benefit plans	(2.11)	2.11
On account of CSR Expenditure	32.84	28.94
On account of Donations	57.63	37.75
On account of Other Permanent Disallowances	5.77	5.63
On account of Exempt income	(1.17)	(0.77)
On account of Tax Rate difference in Capital Gain	(1,22.00)	(64.17)
On account of Other items	9.29	40.32
Income tax expense reported in the statement of profit and loss	18,44.31	22,39.67

The Company has utilised the option given u/s 115BAA and accordingly the tax rate applicable is 25.17%

## Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

	Year ended 31st March 2025	Year ended 31st March 2024
Note No. 37 Earnings per share (in Rs.)		
Profit after Taxation in Rs. (in lakhs)	55,62.11	64,61.26
Weighted average number of Equity Shares outstanding at the end of		
the year *	4,56,540	4,59,130
Nominal value per Equity Shares	10	10
Earnings per share (Basic and Diluted) in Rs.	1,218.32	1,407.28

\* There have been no transactions involving equity shares or potential equity shares between the reporting date and the date of authorisation of these financial statements.

#### Note No. 38 Segment Reporting

The Company has identified business segments as its primary segment as per Ind AS 108. The Company has identified three reportable segments viz. Consumer Products, Roofing Materials and Logistics activity. Segments have been identified and reported taking into account nature of products and services, the differing risks and returns and the internal business reporting systems. The accounting policies adopted for segment reporting are in line with the accounting policy of the Company with following additional policies for segment reporting :

- a) Revenue and expenses have been identified to a segment on the basis of relationship to operating activities of the segment. Revenue and expenses which relate to enterprise as a whole and are not allocable to a segment on reasonable basis have been disclosed as "Unallocable".
- b) Segment assets and segment liabilities represent assets and liabilities in respective segments. Investments, tax related assets and other assets and liabilities that cannot be allocated to a segment on reasonable basis have been disclosed as "Unallocable".
- (i) **Primary Segment Information**

Previous Year Figures ha	/e been shown in Ita	alics below the curr	ent year figures.

Particulars	Consumer Products	Roofing Materials	Others	Total
Segment Revenue				
External Revenue	891,45.00	279,50.00	19,88.08	11,90,83.08
	802,19.09	258,40.20	18,27.76	10,78,87.05
Inter-Segment Revenue				-
Total Revenue	891,45.00	27950.00	19,88.08	11,90,83.08
Segment Result	67,96.81	1,85.38	(70.04)	69,12.15
	80,87.09	94.37	6.17	81,87.63
Less: Unallocated Corporate Income over Expense			8,42.04	8,42.04
			6,66.97	6,66.97

## Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

#### (i) Primary Segment Information (Contd.)

Previous Year Figures	have been show	n in Italics below the	current vear figures
i ievious ieai i iguies	nave been snow		current year nyures.

Particulars	Consumer Products	Roofing Materials	Others	Total
Segment Result before Exceptional and non recurring items, interest and taxes	67,96.81	1,85.38	7,72.00	77,54.19
	80,87.09	94.37	6,73.14	88,54.59
Less: Finance Costs	-	-	(3,48.05)	(3,48.05)
	-	-	(1,53.94)	(1,53.94)
Segment Result before Exceptional and non recurring items, taxes	67,96.81	1,85.38	4,24.23	74,06.42
	80,87.09	94.37	5,19.20	87,00.93
Less: Provision for Taxation	-	-	17,67.10	17,67.10
	-	-	20,52.11	20,52.11
Less: Deferred Tax	-	-	77.21	77.21
	-	-	1,87.56	1,87.56
Segment Result after Tax	67,96.81	1,85.38	(14,20.08)	55,62.11
	80,87.09	94.37	(17,20.19)	64,61.26
Other Information				
Capital Employed	10256.34	55,73.31	(158,29.65)	-
(Segment Assets - Segment Liabilities)	109,41.44	69,60.68	(179,02.12)	-
Capital Expenditure	77.80	1,18.35	58,16.86	60,13.01
	2,44.06	30.13	2,45.50	5,19.69
Depreciation	4,95.62	2,13.77	3,22.47	10,31.86
	5,17.47	2,13.21	2,01.05	9,31.73

#### (c) The reportable Segments are further described below :

The Consumer Products segment includes sale of tea, coffee in packet, bulk and Dairy products.

The Roofing Materials segment includes Manufacturing and trading of Roofing Materials and Aluminium, GI & related Accessories.

The businesses, which were not reportable segments during the year, have been grouped under the "Others" segment.

#### (d) Geographical Segment:

The company's activities are within India and the exports are not significant. Considering the same, disclosure relating to geographical segment is not applicable

## Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

#### Note No. 39 Employee Benefits

(a) The Company has recognised the following expenses as defined contribution plan under the head "Company's Contribution to Provident Fund and Other Funds" (net of recoveries) :

	31.03.2025	31.03.2024
Provident fund	2,29.50	2,16.37
Superannuation fund	1,13.49	1,10.05
Employee state insurance contribution	1.75	2.85

(b) The Company operates post retirement defined benefit plans as follows :-

#### **Gratuity Scheme:**

This is a funded defined benefit plan for qualifying employees for which, the Company is making contributions to the Gratuity Fund managed by Life Insurance Corporation of India. The scheme provides for a lump sum payment to vested employees at retirement, death while in employment or on termination of employment. Vesting occurs upon completion of five years of service.

Expense recognized in the statement of profit and loss	31.03.2025	31.03.2024
Current Service Cost	70.83	71.24
Net Interest	0.89	0.02
Expense recognized in the statement of profit and loss	71.72	71.26
Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)		
Actuarial (Gain)/Loss recognized for the period	69.31	7.96
Return on Plan Assets excluding net interest	(1.36)	0.43
Total Actuarial (Gain)/Loss recognized in (OCI)	67.95	8.39
Reconciliation of Defined Benefit Obligation		
Opening Defined Benefit Obligation	10,35.06	9,35.61
Interest Cost	72.04	66.52
Current Service Cost	70.84	71.24
Past Service Cost	-	-
Interest on defined benefit obligation	-	-
Benefits paid	(37.87)	(46.27)
Actuarial Losses / (Gain) on obligation	69.31	7.96
Closing Defined Benefit Obligation	12,09.38	10,35.06

#### Defined Benefit Plans (Gratuity)- As per Actuarial Valuation on March 31, 2025:-

## Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

	31.03.2025	31.03.2024
Reconciliation of Fair Value of Plan Assets		
Opening Fair Value of Plan Assets	9,90.09	9,00.29
Return on plan assets	1.36	(0.43)
Interest income	71.16	66.50
Contributions made	64.93	70.00
Benefits Paid	(37.87)	(46.27)
Closing Fair Value of Plan Assets	10,89.67	9,90.09
Reconciliation of Net Liability/ Asset		
Opening Net Benefit Liability	44.97	35.32
Expense charged to profit and loss	71.72	71.26
Amount recognized outside profit and loss (in OCI)	67.95	8.39
Employer Contribution	(64.93)	(70.00)
Closing Net Defined Benefit Liability/ (Asset) - Current	1,19.71	44.97
Amount to be recognized in Balance Sheet and movement in net liability	,	
Present Value of Funded Obligations	12,09.38	10,35.06
Fair Value of Plan Assets	10,89.67	9,90.09
Net (asset) / Liability - Current	1,19.71	44.97
Description of Plan Assets		
Funds managed by Insurer	100%	100%
Grand Total	100%	100%
Actuarial Assumptions		
Discount rate (p.a.)	6.58%	7.09%
Salary Escalation Rate (p.a.)	6.50%	6.50%
Attrition Rate (p.a)	5.00%	5.00%
Expected rate of return on Plan Assets (p.a.)	7.09%	7.09%
Mortality Rate	Lives Mortality	Indian Assured Lives Mortality
	(2012-14) Ult	(2012-14) Ult

## Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

The discount rates are based on the benchmark yields available on government bonds at the valuation date with terms matching that of the liabilities and salary increases rates take into account inflation, Seniority, Promotion and other relevant factors.

Assets liability comparison	31-03-2025	31-03-2024	31-03-2023	31-03-2022	31-03-2021
Present value obligation at the end of the period	12,09.38	10,35.06	9,35.61	8,39.76	7,62.89
Plan assets	10,89.67	9,90.09	9,00.29	7,13.44	6,38.80
Surplus/(Deficit)	(1,19.71)	(44.97)	(35.31)	(1,26.33)	(1,24.09)
Experience adjustments on plan assets	1.36	(0.43)	(0.25)	4.14	2.02

Expected Pay-out	31.03.2025	31.03.2024
Year 1	5,97.67	4,74.84
Year 2	85.87	98.09
Year 3	89.23	73.15
Year 4	93.52	76.26
Year 5	82.01	80.89
Next 5 years	2,72.67	2,51.74

Average Duration of Defined Benefit Obligations - 3.40 years (31st March 2024 - 3.49) Projected service costs for financial year 31st March 2026 is Rs. 82.81

Effect of Change in Key Assumptions	31.03.2025	31.03.2024
Discount Rate		
Impact of increase in 100 bps on DBO	11,71.48	10,02.23
Impact of decrease in 100 bps on DBO	12,52.03	10,71.88
Salary Escalation Rate		
Impact of increase in 100 bps on DBO	12,50.48	10,70.70
Impact of decrease in 100 bps on DBO	11,72.16	10,02.70

The sensitivity analyses above have been determined based on a method that extrapolates the impact on defined benefit obligation as a result of reasonable changes in key assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period.

## (c) Other Long Term Employee Benefits :-

#### Leave Encashment:

The company also operates a non funded leave encashment scheme for its employees.

## Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Other Long Term Employee Benefits (Leave encashment)- As per Actuarial Value	ation on March	n 31, 2025:-
Amount to be recognized in Balance Sheet and movement in net liability	31.03.2025	31.03.2024
Present Value of Obligations	5,59.16	5,08.71
Fair Value of Plan Assets		
Net (asset) / Liability	5,59.16	5,08.71
Expenses recognized during the year		
Current Service Cost	26.81	75.01
Interest on Net Defined Benefit Liability	35.64	31.95
Past Service Cost		
Total amount recognised in the statement of profit and loss (A)	62.45	106.96
Actuarial (gain)/Loss recognised for the period	-	-
Total amount recognised in the other comprehensive income (B)		
Total amount recognised (A+B)	62.45	106.96
Actuarial Assumptions		
Discount rate (p.a.)	6.58%	7.09%
Salary Escalation Rate (p.a.)	6.50%	6.50%
Attrition Rate (p.a)	5%	5.00%
Effect of Change in Key Assumptions		
Discount Rate		
Impact of increase in 100 bps on DBO	5,41.48	4,92.66
Impact of decrease in 100 bps on DBO	5,78.90	5,26.59
Salary Escalation Rate		
Impact of increase in 100 bps on DBO	5,78.18	5,26.01
Impact of decrease in 100 bps on DBO	5,41.81	4,92.90

The estimate of future salary increases, considered in actuarial valuation, takes into account inflation, seniority, promotions and other relevant factors. The above information has been certified by the actuary and has been relied upon by the Auditors.

#### Exposure to Risks:

These plans typically expose the Company to actuarial risks such as: interest rate risk, longevity risk and salary risk.

Interest risk: A decrease in the Government Securities (G-Sec Bonds) interest rate will increase the plan liability.

Longevity risk: The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated by reference to the best estimate of the mortality of plan participants during their employment. An increase in the life expectancy of the plan participants will increase the plan's liability.

Salary risk: The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated by reference to the future salaries of plan participants. As such, an increase in the salary of the plan participants will increase the plan's liability.

## Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

#### Note No. 40 The Code on Social Security, 2020

The Social Security Code relating to Employee Benefit during employment and post employment benefit received presidential assent in September 2020. The Code has been published in the Gazzette of India. However, the date on which the Code will come into effect has not been notified. The Company will assess the impact of the code when it comes into effect.

#### Note No. 41 Related Party Transactions

#### Details of related parties:

#### Directors who held the office during the year:

Mr. Ajit Thomas, Executive Chairman Mr. Dilip Thomas, Executive Vice Chairman Mr. Habib Hussain Mr. F.S.Mohan Eddy Mrs. Kavitha Vijay

#### **Relatives of Directors:**

Mr. Ashwin Thomas (Son of Mr. Ajit Thomas, Director) Mr. Divesh Thomas (Son of Mr. Dilip Thomas, Director)

#### Key Management Personnel (KMP)

Mr. R Venugopalan (Chief Financial Officer)

#### Associate companies:

A V Thomas Investments Company Ltd. AVT Gavia Foods Private Ltd. Grover Zampa Vineyards Ltd

## Entities in which Directors are interested with whom transactions were carried out during the year:

- A V Thomas International Ltd.
- L.J. International Ltd.
- The Midland Rubber & Produce Company Ltd.
- The Nelliampathy Tea & Produce Company Ltd.
- Neelamalai Agro Industries Ltd.
- AVT Natural Products Ltd. and its subsidiaries
- AVT McCormick Ingredients Private Ltd.
- Aspera Holdings Pvt Ltd (Formerly AVT Holdings Private Ltd.)
- The Highland Produce Company Ltd.
- The Rajagiri Rubber & Produce Company Ltd.
- Dalp Trading and Manufacturing Ltd.
- A V Thomas Leather & Allied Products Private Ltd.
- Aspera Logistics Private Ltd.
- Midland Corporate Advisory Services Private Ltd.
- Provision Value Gard Pvt Ltd
- Alina Private Limited

#### List of other related parties in which Directors are Trustees.

- Midland Charitable Trust
- Dalp Benevolent Trust
- J. Thomas Educational & Benevolent Trust

Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

	Directors (Including relatives)	ectors g relatives)	Key Managemen Personnel (KMP)	Key Management Personnel (KMP)	Assoc	Associates	Entities/ot parties i Directors ar	Entities/other related parties in which Directors are Interested
Details of Transactions	31.03.2025	31.03.2024	31.03.2025	31.03.2024	31.03.2025	31.03.2024	31.03.2025	31.03.2024
INCOME:								
Sales	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	69.72	89.49
C&F and Warehousing Charges	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	I	Nil	13,76.17	12,69.46
Short Term Leases	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.24	0.24	1.82	1.63
Service Charges	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	1	Nil	25.82	25.74
Interest	I	•	I	•	86.43	Nil	I	•
Dividend Received	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	1	•	•	2.00
EXPENDITURE:								
Purchases	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	1	Nil	137,98.06	118,52.96
Short Term Leases	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	I	Nil	14.00	14.00
Commission Paid / C&F	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	I	Nil	3,03.06	3,32.69
Remuneration	3,99.18	3,81.15	1,33.93	1,22.99	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Donation Paid	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	50.00	1,00.00
Dividend Paid	12,16.23	10,39.80	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	17.33	14.85
OTHERS								
Investments in Shares	Nil	Nil	Nil	lin	33,50.00	lin	•	•
Inter company Deposit provided	Nil	Nil	Nil	lin	20.00	lin	•	-
Inter company Deposit repaid	Nil	Nil	Nil	lin	50.00	lin	I	•
Balance as on 31st March 2025								
Debit Balance	Nil	Nil	Nil	lin	1	lin	69.49	407.95
Credit Balance	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nii			77 100	780 11

# A.V. THOMAS AND COMPANY LIMITED, ALAPPUZHA

# Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

#### Note No. 42 Leases

#### a) As a Lessor:

The future minimum Lease Rent Receivable

Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
Not later than one year;	49.75	1.75
Later than one year and not later than five years;	-	-
Later than five years.	-	-

#### b) As a Lessee:

- (i) The right of use asset is recognised at :
  - a) The carrying amount of prepaid rent when no future lease payments are payable; or
  - b) At the carrying amount and discounted at incremental borrowing rate.
- (ii) The Company has taken on lease equipment and warehouses. Most of the leases include renewal and escalation clauses.

# The table below provides details regarding the contractual maturities of lease liabilities as of March 31, 2025 and March 31st 2024 on an undiscounted basis:

Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
Not later than one year;	2,49.99	2,83.89
Later than one year and not later than five years;	2,43.17	3,41.14
Later than five years.	4,10.43	4,12.66

The above lease contracts, entered by company pertains to building and land taken on lease for business purposes. The company has restriction with respect to disposal of these assets.

(iii) The following amounts has been recognised in statement of profit and loss

Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
Depreciation - Refer Note No. 31	3,68.05	374.11
Interest expenses - Refer Note No. 30	81.77	84.56
Expenses relating to short term lease - Refer Note No.28 & 33	98.12	86.75
Interest on Security Deposit - Refer Note No.25	7.65	8.21

Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

# Note No. 43 Ratio Analysis

					_		
Sr. No.	Ratio	Numerator	Denominator	Current Period	Previous Period	% Variance	Reason for variance
~	Current Ratio (in times)	Current Assets	Current Liabilities	3.55	6.02	(41.14)	Availment of cash credit during the year. There was no cash credit balance during previous year end.
7	Debt Equity Ratio (in times)	Total Debt (including lease liability)	Total shareholder equity	0.08	0.02	3,20.47	Increase in term loan and cash credit during the year
σ	Debt Service Coverage Ratio (in times)	Earning available for debt service (Net Profit after taxes + Non-cash operating expenses like depreciation and other amortizations + Interest + other adjustments like loss on sale of Fixed assets etc.)	Debt Service = Interest & Lease Payments + Principal Repayments	18.30	79.88	(77.10)	Increase in borrowing during the year.
4	Return on Equity Ratio (in %)	Profit after Tax	Average Shareholders Equity	19.15%	24.93%	(23.18)	Increase in cost of raw materials
5	Inventory Turn over Ratio (in times)	Cost of goods sold	Average inventory	6.41	6.13	4.50	
9	Trade Receivable Turn over Ratio (in times)	Net Credit Sales	Average Accounts Receivable	30.56	32.93	(7.19)	
7	Trade Payable Turn over Ratio (in times)	Net Credit Purchases	Average Accounts Payable	44.46	53.88	(17.49)	
ω	Net Capital Turn over Ratio (in times)	Net Sales (Sales minus sales return)	Average Working Capital	4.35	4.04	7.65	
ი	Net Profit Ratio (in %)	Net Profit (Net profit after tax)	Net Sales (Sales minus sales return)	4.67%	5.99%	(21.76)	
10	Return on Capital Employed Ratio (in %)	EBIT	Capital Employed (Tangible net worth+Total debt+Deferred Tax Liability)	17.65%	23.67%	(25.44)	Increase in cost of raw materials
7	Return on Investment (in %)	Net return on investment	Average investment	8.80%	0.29%	29,32.82	Based on fair value movement of investments through OCI

# A.V. THOMAS AND COMPANY LIMITED, ALAPPUZHA

## Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

#### Note no. 44 Forward Contracts

a) The following are the forward contracts entered by the company and outstanding as at the balance sheet date

Particulars	As at 31st I	March 2025	As at 31st I	March 2024
Particulars	Amount (in FC)	Amount (In ₹)	Amount (in FC)	Amount (In ₹)
Payable - USD	0.00	0.00	0.80	66.36

#### b) Hedged Foreign Currency exposures as at the Balance sheet date

Particulars	As at 31st I	March 2025	As at 31st March 2024		
Failiculais	Amount (in FC)	Amount (In ₹)	Amount (in FC)	Amount (In ₹)	
Payable - USD	0.00	0.00	0.80	66.36	

	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
Note No. 45 Contingent Assets		
Contingent assets are neither recognised nor disclosed in the financial statements.		
Note No. 46 Sundry Debtors include:		
Debts due by Private Limited Companies in which Director/s are interested as Director/s.		
AVT McCormick Ingredients Private Limited	12.42	311.44
<b>Note No. 47 Total outstanding to Micro &amp; Small Enterprises (SM</b> The information regarding dues to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises as required under Micro, Small & Medium Enterprise	MEs)	
Development (MSMED) Act 2006 as on 31st March 2025 is furnished below:		
(a) The Principal amount and the interest due there on remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of the accounting year		
(i) Principal due to Micro & Small Enterprise	4,34.10	2,19.13
(ii) Principal due to Medium Enterprise	5,44.68	4,84.19
(iii) Interest	Nil	Nil
(b) The amount of interest paid by the buyer under MSMED Act, 2006 along with the amounts of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during each accounting		
year.	Nil	Nil

## Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

		As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
(c)	The amount of interest due and payable for the period (Where the principal has been paid but interest under the MSMED Act2006 not paid)	Nil	Nil
(d)	The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of the accounting year	Nil	Nil
(e)	The amount of further interest due and payable even in the succeeding year, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise, for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under		
	section 23	Nil	Nil
Not	te No. 48 Commitments and Contingencies		
a)	On account of statutory liability in dispute		
	Claims not acknowledged as debts (KGST, CST, & Entry Tax, Service Tax, IncomeTax etc)	Nil	Nil
b)	Contractual Commitments		
	Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account (Property, plant and equipments and other intangible assets net of capital advances)	63.76	28.65
c)	Capital commitment for investments - Refer Note No 7.1	24,00.00	Nil
c)	Contingent Liabilities:		
	ims against the Company not acknowledged as debts - pute withtelecom company for wrong billing	35.60	Nil
dete The Per oute	e future cash outflow on the above contingent liability is erminable only on settlement of dispute with the party. e company is in the process of filing a complaint before the manent Lok Adalat. The Company does not expect the come of these proceedings to have a materially adverse effect its financial results.		

#### Note No. 49 Dividend

The Board of Directors in its meeting on 27th May 2025, have proposed a final dividend of Rs.150 per Equity Share for financial year ended 31st March 2025. The proposal is subject to the approval of Shareholders at the Annual General Meeting to be held on 23rd July 2025 and if approved, would result in a cash out flow of approximately Rs. 6.85 Crores.

#### Note no. 50 Fair Value Measurement of Financial Instruments

#### Financial Instruments by category

The material accounting policies, including the criteria for recognition, the basis of measurement and the basis on which income and expenses are recognised, in respect of each class of financial asset, financial liability and equity instrument are disclosed.

## Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

#### Financial assets and liabilities

Particulars		31	As at st March 202	25	As at 31st March 2024		24
	Particulars	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Amortised Cost	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Amortised Cost
Ass	sets:						
Νοι	n Current						
<u>Fina</u>	ancial assets						
i)	Investments	-	9,80.07	49,86.10	-	13,43.74	12,72.43
Cu	rrent						
<u>Fina</u>	ancial Assets						
i)	Investments	130,68.97	-	-	124,47.55	-	-
ii)	Trade receivables	-	-	43,87.86	-	-	34,01.95
iii)	Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	2,05.32	-	-	15,96.70
iv)	Bank balances other than (iii) above	-	-	80.04	-	-	60.86
v)	Loans	-	-	54.97	-	-	25,36.42
vi)	Other financial assets	-	-	62.22	-	-	69.12
	Total	130,68.97	9,80.07	97,76.51	124,47.55	13,43.74	89,37.48
Lia	bilities:						
Νοι	n Current						
Fina	ancial Liabilities						
i)	Borrowings	-	-	1,93.86	-	-	-
	ia) Lease liabilities	-	-	3,77.49	-	-	4,49.79
Cu	rrent						
Fina	ancial Liabilities						
i)	Borrowings	-	-	24,93.31	-	-	-
	ia) Lease liabilities	-	-	1,98.80	-	-	2,51.59
ii)	Trade Payables	-	-	51,87.16	-	-	33,49.42
iii)	Other financial liabilities	-	-	4.73	-	-	7.51
	Total	-	-	84,55.35	-	-	40,58.31

#### Fair value hierarchy

Level 1 - Level 1 hierarchy includes financial instruments measured using Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

Level 2 – Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).

Level 3 - Inputs for the assets or liabilities that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

# Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

## Fair value hierarchy

Ι.	Fair value of Financial Instruments measured through FVTPL:					
	Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair March 31, 2025:	value-recurr	ing fair valu	e measuren	nents as at	
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
	Investment in Mutual Funds & Structured Debt Instruments	130,68.97	-	-	130,68.97	
	Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair March 31, 2024:	value-recurr	ing fair valu	e measuren	nents as at	
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
	Investment in Mutual Funds & Structured Debt Instruments	124,47.55	-	-	124,47.55	
	Valuation inputs and relationship to fair value The fair value of investment in mutual funds is dete at the balance sheet date.	rmined using	the Net Asse	et Value (NA)	/) per unit	
II.	Fair value of Financial Instruments measured th	rough FVTO	CI:			
	Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair March 31, 2025:	value-recurr	ing fair valu	e measuren	nents as at	
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
	- Investment in Equity Shares	-	-	9,80.07	9,80.07	
	Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value-recurring fair value measurements as at March 31, 2024:					
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
	- Investment in Equity Shares	-	-	13,43.74	13,43.74	
	Valuation inputs and relationship to fair value					
	The fair value of forward foreign exchange contract the balance sheet date. In respect of the investme investment, fair value is considered close to the car	ent in equity	share, consi	dering the na		
III.	Fair value of Financial Instruments measured at	amortised o	ost :			
III.	Fair value of Financial Instruments measured at Due to the short-term nature of cash and cash en receivables, loans, borrowings-current, financial liab the carrying amount of assets and liabilities recogn approximate to their fair value.	quivalents ar pilities and as	id the short- sets, the mar	nagement co	nsiders that	

## Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

## Note no. 51 Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Company's principal financial liabilities, other than derivatives, comprise loans and borrowings, trade and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the Company's operations and to provide guarantees to support its operations. The Company's principal financial assets include loans, trade and other receivables, and cash and short-term deposits that derive directly from its operations. The Company also enters into derivative transactions.

The Company is exposed to market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's senior management oversees the management of these risks. The financial risk activities are governed by appropriate policies and procedures and that financial risks are identified, measured and managed by the senior management in accordance with the Company's policies and risk objectives. The Company evaluates the impact of foreign exchange rate fluctuations by assessing its exposure to exchange rate risks. It hedges a part of these risks by using derivative financial instruments in line with its risk management policies and the same is carried out by professionals who have the appropriate skills, experience and supervision. The Company, as its policy, will not be trading in derivatives for speculative purposes.

## (A) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: interest rate risk, foreign currency risk and other price risk, such as equity price risk and commodity risk. Financial instruments affected by market risk include borrowings, derivative financial instruments and Financial Instruments denominated in Foreign Currency.

The sensitivity analyses has been carried out for each of the sub-category of risk mentioned in Market Risk with relate to the position as at 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2024.

The sensitivity analyses have been carried out on the basis that the amount of net debt, the ratio of fixed to floating interest rates of the debt & derivatives and the proportion of financial instruments in foreign currencies are all constant and on the basis of hedge designations in place at 31 March 2025.

The analyses exclude the impact of movements in market variables on the carrying values of gratuity and other post-retirement obligations; provisions; and the non-financial assets.

The assumption have been made that the sensitivity of the relevant profit or loss item is the effect of the assumed changes in respective market risks. This is based on the financial assets and financial liabilities held at 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2024 including the effect of hedge accounting.

## (a) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value interest rate risk or future cash flow interest rate risk of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Company's Long Term & short-term debt obligations with fixed & floating interest rates. Further, the Company is having risk of fair value interest rate as well since the fair values of fixed interest bearing investments will fluctuate on change in Interest rate.

## Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

## Sensitivity Analysis of the Interest Rate

Profit or loss is sensitive to higher/lower interest expense from borrowings as a result of change in interest rates.

Particulars	Effect on profit before tax in Rs. lakhs		
	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24	
Increase in Interest rate by 100bp	(25.61)	(4.55)	
Decrease in Interest rate by 100bp	25.61	4.55	

The assumed movement in basis points(bp) for the interest rate sensitivity analysis is based on the currently observable market environment which shows a significantly higher volatility than in prior years.

#### (b) Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of an exposure will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in foreign exchange rates relates primarily to the Company's operating activities (when revenue or expense is denominated in a foreign currency).

The Company mitigates its foreign currency risk by using foreign currency forward contracts.

When a derivative is entered into for the purpose of being a hedge, the Company negotiates the terms of those derivatives to match the terms of the hedged exposure. For hedges of forecast transactions, the derivatives cover the period of exposure from the point the cash flows of the transactions are forecasted up to the point of settlement of the resulting receivable or payable that is denominated in the foreign currency.

## (1) Foreign Currency Risk Exposure

The company exposure to foreign currency risk at the end of the year expressed in Rs. as follows:

Particulars	31-03-2025	31-03-2024
Financial Assets	(in Lakhs)	(in Lakhs)
Trade Receivables - USD	1,29.74	3,43.77
Forward Cover Contracts - USD	-	66.36
Net Unhedged Exposure - USD	1,29.74	2,77.41

	31-03-2025	31-03-2024
Financial Liabilities		
Trade Payables - USD	1,46.65	Nil

## (2) Foreign currency sensitivity

The following tables demonstrate the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in USD, GBP & SGD exchange rates, with all other variables held constant. The impact on the Company's profit before tax is due to changes in the fair value of monetary assets and liabilities including non-designated foreign currency derivatives. The impact on the Company's pre-tax equity is due to changes in the fair value of forward exchange contracts designated as cash flow hedges. The Company's exposure to foreign currency changes for all other currencies is not material.

### Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

#### Sensitivity Analysis

Particulars	Effect on profit before tax in Rs. lakhs	
	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24
USD Exposure strengthening by 1%	(1.29)	(3.46)
USD Exposure weakening by 1%	1.29	3.46

#### (c) Commodity price risk

The prices of agricultural commodities and the metals are subject to fluctuations due to various factors. In the ordinary course of business, the company is exposed to commodity price risk to the extent its open sales are not balanced by the purchase contracts and inventory. The company has in place in a risk management policy to mitigate such risk by hedging the sales by direct purchases of the commodity and strategic stocking policies.

#### (B) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. The Company is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities (primarily trade receivables) and from its financing activities including deposits with banks and financial institutions, foreign exchange transactions and other financial instruments.

#### (a) Trade receivables

Customer credit risk is managed as per the Company's established policy, procedures and control relating to customer credit risk management. Credit limits are set with approvals on the basis of the defined policies. Outstanding customer receivables are regularly monitored and exposures are kept within the credit limits fixed for each customer.

#### Excessive risk concentration

Concentrations arise when a number of counterparties are engaged in similar business activities, or activities in the same geographical region, or have economic features that would cause their ability to meet contractual obligations to be similarly affected by changes in economic, political or other conditions. Concentrations indicate the relative sensitivity of the Company's performance to developments affecting a particular industry.

In order to avoid excessive concentrations of risk, the Company's policies and procedures include specific guidelines to focus on the maintenance of a diversified portfolio. Identified concentrations of credit risks are controlled and managed accordingly.

Particulars	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24
No of Customers to whom Sales made is more than 10% of the Turnover	Nil	Nil
Contribution of Customers in Sales more than 10% of Turnover	Nil	Nil

Particulars	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24
No of Customers who owed more than 10% of the Total receivables	Nil	Nil
Contribution of Customers in owing more than 10% of Total receivables	Nil	Nil

An impairment analysis is performed at each reporting date on an individual basis for major clients. In addition, a large number of minor receivables are grouped into homogenous company's and assessed for impairment collectively. The calculation is based on exchange losses historical data. The Company does not hold collateral as security. The Company evaluates the concentration of risk with respect to trade receivables as low, as its customers are located in several jurisdictions and industries and operate in largely independent markets.

### Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

#### (Amount in Rs. Lakhs)

Particulars	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24
Opening provision for doubtful debts	2,09.30	2,07.87
Add- Provision made during the year (Net)	2.00	1.43
Less- Reversals made during the year	4.82	-
Closing provision for doubtful debts	2,06.48	2,09.30

#### (b) Financial instruments and cash deposits

Credit risk from balances with banks and financial institutions is managed by the Company's treasury department in accordance with the Company's policy. Investments of surplus funds are made only with approved counterparties and within credit limits assigned to each counterparty.

The Company's maximum exposure to credit risk for the components of the balance sheet at 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2024 is the carrying amounts as mentioned in Notes.

#### (C) Liquidity risk

The Company's objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of bank overdrafts and bank loans. The Company's debt has been settled during the current financial year. The Company assessed the concentration of risk with respect to refinancing its debt and concluded it to be low. The Company has access to a sufficient variety of sources of funding and debt maturing within 12 months can be rolled over with existing lenders.

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Company's financial liabilities based on contractual undiscounted payments.

Year ended 31 March 2025	On demand	Less than 3 months	3 to 12 months	1 to 5 years	> 5 years	Total
	Rs. Lakhs	Rs. Lakhs	Rs. Lakhs	Rs. Lakhs	Rs. Lakhs	Rs. Lakhs
Interest-bearing loans and borrowings	-	23,33.29		-	-	23,33.29
Term Loan	-	-	1,60.02	1,93.86	-	3,53.88
Other financial liabilities	4.73	-	-	-	-	4.73
Trade and other payables		51,87.16	-	-		51,87.16
Year ended 31 March 2024			-			
Interest-bearing loans and borrowings	-	-	-	-	-	-
Term Loan	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other financial liabilities	7.51	-	-	-	-	7.51
Trade and other payables	-	33,49.42	-	-	-	33,49.42

#### Note No. 52 - Capital management

For the purpose of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued equity capital and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders of the parent. The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to maximise the shareholder value.

#### Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in light of changes in economic conditions and the requirements of the financial covenants. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. The Company monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by fund attributable to Equity Shares Holders. The company includes within net debt, interest bearing loans and borrowings less cash and short-term deposits and current investments.

	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24
	Rs. lakhs	Rs. lakhs
Interest-bearing borrowings (Refer Note No. 17)	26,87.17	-
Interest bearing lease liabilities (Refer Note No. 18)	5,76.29	7,01.38
Less: cash and short-term deposits (Refer Note No. 13)	2,05.32	15,96.70
Less: current investments (Refer Note No. 7)	130,68.97	124,47.55
Net debt	(100,10.83)	(133,42.87)
Equity (Refer Note No. 15)	45.65	45.65
Other Equity (Refer Note No. 16)	405,82.26	366,68.88
Total capital	406,27.91	367,14.54
Gearing ratio	(25%)	(36%)

In order to achieve this overall objective, the Company's capital management, amongst other things, aims to ensure that it meets financial covenants attached to the interest-bearing loans and borrowings that define capital structure requirements. Breaches in meeting the financial covenants would permit the bank to immediately call loans and borrowings. There have been no breaches in the financial covenants of any interest-bearing loans and borrowing in the current period.

No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2024.

#### Note No.53 Impairment of Assets

Company has analysed indications of impairment of assets. On the basis of assessment of internal and external factors, none of the assets has found indications of impairment of its assets.

#### Note No. 54 Other Statutory Information

#### Additional Regulatory Information as required under Schedule III Division II of Companies Act 2013:

- (i) The Company does not hold any Benami property and there are no Proceedings have been initiated or pending against the company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibitions) Act, 1988(45 of 1988) and the rules made thereunder.
- (ii) The Company is not declared willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender in any time during the year and previous year.
- (iii) The company has no transactions with companies struck off under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or section 560 of Companies Act, 1956.
- (iv) All the charges/satisfaction are registered with Registrar of Companies within the statutory period as specified in the Companies Act, 2013.

#### Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

- (a) The Company confirms that no funds(which are material either individually or in the aggregate) (v) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds)by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entity('Intermediaries")with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company('Ultimate Beneficiaries")or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
  - (b) The Management confirms that no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the Company from any person or entity, including foreign entity("Funding Parties")with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party("Ultimate Beneficiaries")or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
- (vi) There were no transactions relating to previously unrecorded income that have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961.
- (vii) The Company has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency anytime during the financial year.
- (viii) During the year there are no loans or advances made to Promoters, Directors, KMPs and related parties except for the inter corporate deposits provided to AVT Gavia Foods Private Ltd.
- (ix) The Company has borrowings from banks on the basis of security of current assets.
- The Quarterly returns / statements of current assets filed by the Company with the banks are agreement (x) with books of accounts and hence no separate disclosure is made for reason for discrepancies.
- (xi) The Company has complied with Sec 2(87) of the Act read with Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017 for the investments made by the Company.
- (xii) All title deeds of immovable properties other than leased assets are in the name of the company.
- (xiii) Company has used the borrowings from banks and financial institutions for the specific purpose for which it was taken at the balance sheet date.
- Compliance with number of layers of companies The Company has complied with the number of layers (xiv) prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013.
- (xv) Compliance with approved scheme(s) of arrangements - The Company has not entered into any scheme of arrangement which has an accounting impact on current or previous financial year.
- (xvi) Valuation of Property, Plant and Equipment - The Company has not revalued its property, plant and equipment (including right-of-use assets) during the current or previous year

Note No. 55. Figures for the previous periods have been regrouped / reclassified to conform to the classification of the current period.

As per our report of even date attached For Suri & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm's Regn.No:004283S G. RENGARAJAN Partner Membership No.219922 Date: 27th May 2025

Place: Chennai

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Ajit Thomas Executive Chairman DIN: 00018691

F.S. Mohan Eddy Director DIN: 01633183

R. Venugopalan Chief Financial Officer

### Particulars of Profits, Provisions, Dividends etc.,

### (For the last 10 Years)

					DIVIDENDS PAID	
Year	Net Profit before Taxation	Depreciation written off		Share Holders Funds	Amount	On Equity Share Percentage
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	%
2014-2015	43,08,00,910	2,84,81,211	13,71,00,000	1,40,24,77,589	7,05,30,000	1500
2015-2016	43,32,44,110	2,60,85,592	15,20,00,000	1,59,88,33,449	7,05,30,000	1500
2016-2017	40,74,33,824	3,05,37,949	14,01,00,000	1,82,37,23,148	7,05,30,000	1500
2017-2018	37,05,84,517	2,93,70,712	13,61,00,000	1,97,33,19,415	7,05,30,000	1500
2018-2019	36,19,74,813	2,82,59,833	12,39,00,000	2,12,63,65,633	7,05,30,000	1500
2019-2020	1,21,45,57,062	4,82,83,801	29,48,00,000	2,49,38,10,595	47,02,00,000	10,000
2020-2021	52,86,19,000	6,08,70,000	13,77,89,000	2,79,28,58,000	9,40,40,000	2000
2021-2022	60,78,00,000	6,60,39,000	16,07,60,000	3,12,07,09,000	11,75,50,000	2500
2022-2023	68,67,79,000	8,37,74,000	18,01,48,000	3,30,88,39,000	11,58,92,800	1500
2023-2024	87,00,93,000	9,31,74,000	22,39,67,000	3,67,14,54,000	15,97,89,000	3500
2024-2025	74,06,42,000	10,31,86,000	18,44,31,000	4,06,27,91,000	6,84,81,000	1500*
						1500**

\* Interim Dividend Paid

\*\* Final Dividend Recommended

# Consolidated Financial Statements

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

#### To the Members of

#### A.V. Thomas & Company Limited, Alappuzha

#### Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

#### Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of AV Thomas and Company Limited ("the Holding Company") and its associates (collectively referred to as "the Group") which comprise the consolidated Balance Sheet as at 31<sup>st</sup> March 2025, and the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity and Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as the "Consolidated Financial Statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us the aforesaid consolidated financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the consolidated state of affairs of the Group as at March 31, 2025 and the consolidated profit, their consolidated total comprehensive income, their consolidated changes in equity, and their consolidated cash flows for the year ended on that date.

#### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by ICAI, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the provisions of the Act and Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained, and evidence obtained by other auditors in terms of their reports referred to in the 'Other Matters' paragraph below, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the consolidated financial statements.

#### Information Other than the Consolidated Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Management and Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report, Corporate Governance and Shareholder's Information, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the Consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements, or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

## Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position, consolidated financial performance, consolidated changes in equity and consolidated cash flows of the Group in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act, read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015. The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Group and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, which have been used for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company, as aforesaid.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the Board of Directors of the company included in the Group are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors of Companies included in the Group are also responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

#### Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements of the Company, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Holding Company and its associates has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures

in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit of the financial statements of such entities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the consolidated financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the consolidated financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance of the Holding company and such other entities included in the consolidated financial statements regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

#### **Other Matters**

The consolidated Ind-AS financial statements include the unaudited financial statements of one Associate Company, whose financial statements reflect Group's share of total net worth of Rs.35.64 Crores and group's share of total net loss of Rs.7.22 Crores for the year ended 31-03-2025, respectively, as considered in the consolidated Ind-AS financial statements. These unaudited financial statements have been furnished to us by the Board of Directors and our opinion on the consolidated Ind-AS financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of this associate is based solely on such unaudited financial statements /financial information.

#### **Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements**

- 1. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
- a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements.
- b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law relating to the preparation of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements have been kept so far as it appears from our examination of those books except for the matters stated in the paragraph 1(h)(vi) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014.

- c) The Consolidated Balance Sheet, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity and the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this report are in agreement with the books of account.
- d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Consolidated financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act.
- e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the Holding Company as on 31<sup>st</sup>March 2025 taken on record by the Board of Directors of the holding company and its associate companies incorporated in India and the reports of the statutory auditors of its associate company incorporated in India none of the directors of the Group companies incorporated in India is disqualified as on 31<sup>st</sup> March 2025 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- f) The modifications relating to the maintenance of accounts and other matters connected therewith are as stated in the paragraph 1(b) above on reporting under 143(3)(b) of the Act and paragraph 1(i)(vi) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules,2014
- g) With respect to adequacy of internal financial controls over financial reporting of the holding company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer our separate report in Annexure A;, which is based on the auditor's reports of the Holding Company and its associate companies incorporated in India. Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the internal financial control over financial reporting of those companies, for reasons stated therein.
- h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended:

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Holding Company to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act.

- i) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
  - i. The Holding Company does not have any pending disclosed litigation which would impact its financial position in its financial statements.
  - ii. Provision has been made in the consolidated financial statements, as required under the applicable law or accounting standards, for material foreseeable losses, if any, on long-term contracts including derivative contracts Refer Note 43 to the consolidated financial statements in respect of such items as it relates to the Holding Company.
  - iii. There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Holding Company and its associate companies incorporated in India.
  - iv. (a) The management of Holding Company has represented that, to the best of their knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the Note 54 to the consolidated financial statements, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds by the Holding Company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Holding Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
    - (b) The management of the Holding Company has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the Note 54 to the consolidated financial statements, no funds have been received by the Holding Company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Holding Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

- (c) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.
- v. As stated in note 48 to the consolidated financial statements,
  - a. The final dividend proposed in the previous year, declared and paid by the Holding Company during the year is in accordance with section 123 of the Companies Act 2013 as applicable.
  - b. The interim dividend declared and paid by the Holding Company during the year and until the date of this audit report is in accordance with section 123 of the Companies Act 2013 as applicable.
  - c. The Board of Directors of the Holding Company has proposed final dividend for the year which is subject to the approval of the members at the ensuing Annual General Meeting. The dividend declared is in accordance with section 123 of the Companies Act 2013 as applicable.
- vi. The reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 is applicable from 1 April 2023:

Based on our examination which included test checks, except for the instances mentioned below, the holding company and its associates have used accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has been operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software except for the below:

- In case of the Holding Company, the feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility was not enabled at the BASIS level to log any direct data changes at database for the accounting software used for maintaining the books of account.
- In case an associate company incorporated in India, the feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility of the accounting software used for maintaining general ledger was not enabled for the period 1 April 2024 to 31st March 2025.
- In the case of the associate company wherein the audited financial statements for the year end is not available, we have relied on the latest available audited financial statements (31.03.2024) to comment on the compliance with the requirement of Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules and the company has complied with and maintained such records. However, we are unable to comment on the statutory requirements for record retention of audit trail by the associate company.

Further, during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of the audit trail feature being tampered with and the audit trail has been preserved by the company as per the statutory requirements for record retention in case of the Holding Company and its Associates, except for the cases wherein the audit trail feature is not being enabled as given in the point above.

2. With respect to the matters specified in paragraphs 3(xxi) and 4 of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 (the "Order"/ "CARO") issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, to be included in the Auditor's report, according to the information and explanations given to us, and based on the CARO reports issued by us for the Company and its audited associates included in the consolidated financial statements of the Company, to which reporting under CARO is applicable, we report that there are no qualifications or adverse remarks in these CARO reports.

For Suri& Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 004283S

> G Rengarajan Partner Membership No. 219922

Place of Signature: Chennai Date: 27/05/2025 UDIN: 25219922BMISUD7527

### ANNEXURE "A" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 1(f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report to the Members of **A.V THOMAS & COMPANY LIMITED, ALAPPUZHA** of even date)

# Report on the Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

In conjunction with our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the Company as of and for the year ended March 31, 2025, we have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **A.V THOMAS & COMPANY LIMITED, ALAPPUZHA** (hereinafter referred to as "Holding Company") and its associate companies, which are companies incorporated in India, as of that date.

#### Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Board of Directors of the Holding Company and its associate companies, which are companies incorporated in India, are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the respective Companies considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (the "ICAI"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the respective company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and its associate companies, which are companies incorporated in India, based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and the Standards on Auditing, prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls system over financial reporting of the Company and its associate companies, which are companies incorporated in India.

#### Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

#### Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

#### Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Holding Company and its associates, which are companies incorporated in India, have, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2025, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the respective companies considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For Suri& Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 004283S

> G Rengarajan Partner Membership No. 219922

Place of Signature: Chennai Date: 27/05/2025 UDIN: 25219922BMISUD7527

CIN: U51109KL1935PLC000024

#### CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31ST MARCH 2025

	(All amou	unts in Rs. Lakhs, unle	ess otherwise stated
Particulars	Note No.	As at	As at
SSETS		31st March 2025	31st March 2024
Ion-current assets			
a) Property, Plant and Equipment	3	86,57.97	36,76.38
b) Capital work-in-progress	3	4,81.85	50.20
c) Investment Property	4	35.92	37.64
d) Right-of-use assets	6	6,41.95	7,84.11
e) Other Intangible Assets	5	1,18.90	1,42.33
) Intangible assets under development	5	-	
g) Financial assets	7		
i) Investments	7	45,62.06	19,52.79
ii) Other financial assets	8 9	1,04.85	1,11.25
n) Deferred tax assets (net) ) Other non-current assets	9 10	1,51.29	2,28.50 2,07.06
	10	1,80.15	
otal non-current assets		149,34.93	71,90.20
urrent assets			
a) Inventories	11	159,45.89	139,96.79
b) Financial Assets			
i) Investments	7	130,68.97	124,47.55
ii) Trade receivables	12	43,87.86	34,01.95
iii) Cash and cash equivalents	13	2,05.32	15,96.70
iv) Bank balances other than (iii) above	13	80.04	60.86
v) Loans	14	54.97	25,36.42
vi) Other financial assets	8	62.22	69.12
c) Current Tax Assets (Net)	23	26.75	47.58
d) Other current assets	10	12,07.36	13,19.84
otal current assets		350,39.38	354,76.81
otal Assets		499,74.32	426,67.07
QUITY AND LIABILITIES guity			
a) Equity Share Capital	15	45.65	45.65
b) Other Equity	16	391,78.14	360,05.51
otal equity		<b>392,23.79</b>	360,51.16
abilities on-current liabilities		002,20110	000,01110
a) Financial Liabilities			
i) Borrowings	17	1,93.86	
ia) Lease liabilities	18	3,77.49	4,49.79
b) Provisions	19	2,97.21	2,77.06
otal non-current liabilities urrent liabilities		8,68.56	7,26.85
a) Financial Liabilities			
i) Borrowings	17	24,93.31	
ia) Lease liabilities	18	1,98.80	2,51.59
ii) Trade Payables	20		
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises; and Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and		4,34.10	2,19.13
small enterprises.	04	47,53.06	31,30.29
iii) Other financial liabilities	21	4.73	7.51
b) Other current liabilities	22	6,43.34	10,56.68
c) Provisions	19	13,54.63	12,23.87
d) Current Tax liabilities (Net)	23	-	
otal current liabilities otal liabilities		98,81.97 107,50.53	58,89.07 66,15.92
otal equity and liabilities		499,74.32	426,67.07
Corporate information & material accounting policies See accompanying notes to the Consolidated financial statements	1 & 2		
As per our report of even date attached	For and c	n behalf of the Board	of Directors
For Suri & Co. Chartered Accountants	Ajit Thoma	IS	F.S. Mohan Eddy
Firm's Regn.No:004283S	Executive Cha		Directo
G. RENGARAJAN	DIN: 000186	691	DIN: 01633183
Place: Chennai Membership No.219922		R. Venugopalan	

Membership No.219922

R. Venugopalan Chief Financial Officer

CIN: U51109KL1935PLC000024

#### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31ST MARCH 2025

		(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise s			
	Particulars	Note No.	Year ended 31st March 2025	Year ended 31st March 2024	
I	Revenue from operations	24	1190,83.09	1078,87.05	
II	Other Income	25	18,87.63	15,49.93	
III	Total income		1209,70.72	1094,36.98	
IV	Expenses				
	Cost of materials consumed	26 (a)	803,30.66	706,26.74	
	Purchases of Stock-in-Trade	26 (b)	125,95.23	118,37.82	
	Changes in inventories of finished goods and stock in trade	27	(1,67.13)	(6,39.49)	
	Manufacturing Expenses	28	31,48.01	27,95.43	
	Employee benefits expense	29	48,66.13	45,07.26	
	Finance costs	30	3,48.05	1,53.94	
	Depreciation and amortisation expense	31	10,31.86	9,31.73	
	Selling Expenses	32	89,18.55	83,67.72	
	Other expenses	33	24,92.94	21,54.90	
	Total expenses (IV)		1135,64.30	1007,36.05	
V VI	Profit/(loss) before exceptional items and tax (III-IV) Exceptional items		74,06.42	87,00.93	
VII	Profit/(loss) before tax (V-VI)		74,06.42	87,00.93	
VIII	Share of net profit/(loss) of associates and joint ventures		(7,55.44)	(84.69)	
VIII	accounted for using equity method		(7,55.44)	(04.03)	
IX	Profit Before Tax (VII-VIII)		66,50.98	86,16.24	
X	Tax expense		66,50.98	86,16.24	
~	Current tax	36	00,00.00	00,10.24	
	Deferred tax	36	17,67.10	20,52.11	
	Deletted lax	50	77.21	1,87.56	
XI	Profit (Loss) for the year (VII-VIII)		48,06.67	<b>63,76.57</b>	
XII	Other Comprehensive Income				
,	Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or lo	SS			
	(i) Equity instruments through other comprehensive income	7	-	(11,37.39)	
	<li>(ii) Remeasurement of the defined benefit plans</li>	39	(67.95)	(8.39)	
	(iii) Share of other comprehensive income of associates and joint	t	14.70	67.75	
	ventures accounted for using the equity method"				
	(iii) Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	36	17.10	2,62.35	
	Total other comprehensive income / (loss), net of tax		(36.15)	(8,15.68)	
XIII	Total Comprehensive Income for the year		47,70.52	55,60.89	
XIV	Earnings per equity share (in Rs.)				
	(1) Basic	37	1,052.85	1,388.84	
	(2) Diluted	37	1,052.85	1,388.84	
	Face value per ordinary share - Rs. 10		,	, -	
	Corporate information & material accounting policies	1 & 2			
	See accompanying notes to the Consolidated financial state				

As per our report of even date attached For Suri & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm's Regn.No:004283S G. RENGARAJAN Partner Place: Chennai Date: 27<sup>th</sup> May 2025 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Ajit Thomas Executive Chairman DIN: 00018691 F.S. Mohan Eddy Director DIN: 01633183

R. Venugopalan Chief Financial Officer

CIN: U51109KL1935PLC000024

### CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2025

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

		31st March 2025	31st March 2024
Α	CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
	Net Profit Before Tax and Extraordinary Items:	74,06.42	87,00.93
	Adjustments for:		
	Depreciation and amortisation	10,31.86	9,31.73
	(Profit)/ Loss on Sale of PPE	(18.93)	(61.35)
	Allowance for credit impairment	0.23	1.43
	Interest / Dividend Received	(21.55)	(44.41)
	Unrealised Exchange gain fluctuation	(10.34)	(8.72)
	Interest Expense	3,48.05	1,53.94
	Adjustment for fair valuation of leases	77.00	87.33
	Repayment of Lease Liability	(4,28.03)	(4,43.65)
	Interest income on financial assets measured at amortised cost	(1,00.08)	(45.95)
	Fair Value of investments recognised in P&L account	(14,77.98)	(11,35.01)
		(5,99.77)	(5,64.66)
	Operating Profit before Working Capital Changes	68,06.65	81,36.27
	Adjustments for		
	Adjustments for: Trade Receivables	(0.75.90)	(2.46.50)
		(9,75.80)	(2,46.50)
	Inventories	(19,49.10)	(4,13.87)
	Trade Payables	18,37.74	7,39.99
	Other current liabilities	(4,13.34)	2,33.09
	Provision	82.96	(68.17)
	Accrued Income	6.90	(0.85)
	Loans	(18.55)	2.31
	Other current assets	126.61	8,40.02
		(13,02.58)	10,86.02
	Cash Generated from Operations	55,04.07	92,22.29
	Direct Taxes Paid	(17,29.17)	(22,63.33)
	Net Cash from Operating Activities	37,74.91	69,58.96
в	CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
	Sales of PPE	4,19.77	1,54.20
	Purchase of PPE	(64,52.73)	(5,70.01)
	Interest / Dividend Received	1,21.63	90.36
	Purchase of Investments	(86,78.23)	(99,52.36)
	Inter- Corporate Loan	25,00.00	(25,00.00)
	Sale of Investments	61,84.83	84,86.45
	Net Cash From Investing Activities	(59,04.73)	(42,91.36)
		(33,04.73)	(72,31.30)

CIN: U51109KL1935PLC000024

#### CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2025

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

		31st March 2025	31st March 2024
С	CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
	Long Term Borrowings Repayment	-	(3,90.00)
	Long Term Borrowings Receipt	1,93.86	-
	Short-term Borrowings	24,93.31	-
	Interest Paid	(3,48.05)	(1,53.94)
	Buy Back of shares (including tax)	-	(5,74.23)
	Dividend Paid	(16,00.67)	(13,81.45)
		7,38.45	(24,99.62)
	Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(13,91.38)	1,67.98
	Cash and Cash Equivalents as at beginning of the period	15,96.70	14,28.72
	Cash and Cash Equivalents as at end of the period	2,05.32	15,96.70
		(13,91.38)	1,67.98
	Corporate information & material accounting policies	1 & 2	
	See accompanying notes to the Consolidated financial state	ements	

Notes:

1. The above Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows has been prepared under the 'Indirect Method' as set out in Ind AS 7, 'Statement of Cash Flows'.

2. The figures in brackets represent cash outflow.

As	per our report of even date attached	For and on behalf of the Board of Directors		
	For Suri & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm's Regn.No:004283S	Ajit Thomas Executive Chairman	F.S. Mohan Eddy Director	
	G. RENGARAJAN Partner	DIN: 00018691	DIN: 01633183	
hennai <sup>≞</sup> May 2025	Membership No.219922	R. Venugopalan Chief Financial Officer		

Place: Chennai Date: 27<sup>th</sup> May 2025 CIN: U51109KL1935PLC000024

### Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the period ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

#### **Equity Share Capital** Α.

Balance as at 1st April 2024	Changes in Equity Share Capital due to prior period errors	Restated balance at the beginning of the previous reporting period	Changes in equity share capital during the year	Balance as at 31st March 2025
45.65	-	-	-	45.65

1st April 2023 45.92	to prior period errors -	of the previous reporting period	the year (0.27)	31st March 2024 45.65
Balance as at	Changes in Equity Share Capital due	Restated balance at the beginning	Changes in equity share capital during	Balance as at

#### В. **Other Equity**

Place: Chennai

	Reser	ves and Surp	lus	Items of Other Comprhe	nsive Income	
	Capital Redemption Reserves	General Reserve	Retained Earnings	Remeasurements of post employment benefit obligations through Other Comprehensive Income	Equity Instruments through Other Comprehensive Income	Total
Balance as at 31st March 2023	1.10	229,02.97	95,29.00	(62.53)	25.50	323,96.04
Changes in accounting policy or prior period errors						
Restated balance at the beginning of the current reporting period	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Comprehensive Income for the year	-	-	63,76.57	(6.28)	(8,09.40)	5560.89
Dividends	-	-	(13,77.46)	-	-	(13,77.46)
Transfer to General Reserve	-	25,00.00	(25,00.00)	-	-	-
Transfer to capital redemption reserve	0.27	(0.27)	-	-	-	-
Buyback of Equity shares	-	(5,73.96)	-	-	-	(5,73.96)
Balance as at 31st March 2024	1.37	248,28.74	120,28.11	(68.81)	(7,83.90)	360,05.51
Changes in accounting policy or prior period errors	-	-	-	-	-	-
Restated balance at the beginning of the current reporting period	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Comprehensive Income for the year	-	-	48,06.67	(50.85)	14.70	47,70.53
Dividends	-	-	(15,97.89)	-	-	(15,97.89)
Transfer to General Reserve	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfer to capital redemption reserve	-	-	-	-	-	-
Buyback of Equity shares	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 31st March 2025	1.37	248,28.74	152,36.89	(1,19.66)	(7,69.20)	391,78.14

As per our report of even date attached For Suri & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm's Regn.No:004283S G. RENGARAJAN Partner Membership No.219922 Date: 27th May 2025

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Ajit Thomas Executive Chairman DIN: 00018691

F.S. Mohan Eddy Director DIN: 01633183

R. Venugopalan Chief Financial Officer

#### Notes to Financial Statements

#### 1. Company Information:

A V Thomas & Company Limited ("The Company") is engaged in the trading, production and distribution of Consumer Products (which includes Tea, Coffee, Cardamom, Milkshakes, Ghee, Dairy Whitener) and Roofing Materials (which includes GI Sheets, Pipes and Profiled Sheets). The company has a Logistics Division which is into the service of Clearing House Agency. The Company has branded beverage business operations mainly in South India and exports to Middle East. The Company has a pipe manufacturing facility at Perundurai, Erode Tamilnadu and Roof Profiling units in the states of Tamil Nadu & Kerala and sells primarily in India through independent distributors.

The Company is a public limited company incorporated and domiciled in India and has its registered office at Alappuzha Kerala. The financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025, were approved for issue by Company's board of directors on 27<sup>th</sup> May 2025.

#### 2. Material Accounting Policies:

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of the financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### a. Basis of preparation and presentation of financial statements

(i) Accounting convention:

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with and in compliance, in all material aspect with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) read along with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended from time to time.

(ii) Basis of measurement:

The financial statements have been prepared on accrual and going concern basis. The accounting policies are applied consistently to all the periods presented in the financial statements,. All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the Company's normal operating cycle and other criteria as set out in the Division II of Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013. Based on the nature of products and the time between acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents, the Company has ascertained its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of current or non-current classification of assets and liabilities.

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis except for the following assets and liabilities which have been measured at fair value:

- Derivative financial instruments, if any
- Financial assets and liabilities that are qualified to be measured at fair value
- The defined benefit asset / liability is recognised as the present value of defined benefit obligation less fair value of plan assets.

#### b. Foreign currency and translations:

(i) Functional and presentation currency Items included in the financial statements of the Company are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates ("functional currency"). The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (Rs.), which is the functional currency of the Company.

(ii) Foreign currency transactions and balances: Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated at the yearend rate. Any resultant exchange differences are taken to the statement of profit and loss, except when deferred in other comprehensive income as qualifying cash flow hedges. Nonmonetary assets and liabilities denominated in a foreign currency and measured at historical cost are translated at the exchange rate prevalent at the date of transaction

#### c. Property, Plant and Equipment

(i) Recognition and measurement: Property, plant and equipment are carried at historical cost of acquisition less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss, if any.

Cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price, including import duties and non-refundable purchase taxes, after deducting trade discounts and rebates, any directly attributable cost of bringing the item to its working condition for its intended use and estimated costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located. Freehold land is carried at historical cost and is not depreciated.

Subsequent expenditure related to an item of fixed asset are added to its book value only when it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced asset is derecognised. All repairs and maintenance are charged to the statement of profit and loss during the financial year in which they are incurred.

Gains or losses arising from de-recognition of property, plant and equipment assets are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds/ net realisable value and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognized in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognized.

Capital work-in-progress is stated at cost. All the direct expenditure related to implementation including incidental expenditure incurred during the period of implementation of a project, till it is commissioned, is accounted as capital work-in-progress (CWIP) and after commissioning the same is transferred / allocated to the respective item of property, plant and equipment. Advances paid towards the acquisition of property, plant and equipment outstanding at each balance sheet date is classified as capital advances under 'Other Non-Current Assets'.

(ii) Depreciation:

Depreciation is provided on assets to get the initial cost down to the residual value, including on assets created on lands under lease. Land is not depreciated. Depreciation is provided on a written down value basis over the estimated useful life of the asset as prescribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013.

Cost incurred on assets under development are disclosed under capital work-in-progress and not depreciated till the asset is ready to use.

The residual values and useful lives of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate. An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount. Recoverable amount is the higher of the value in use or exchange.

#### d. Investment Property:

Properties that are held for long-term rental yields or for capital appreciation or both, and that are not occupied by the company, are classified as Investment Property. These are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss, if any. Subsequent expenditure related to investment properties are added to its book value only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. Investment properties are depreciated using the written down value method over the useful lives. Depreciable investment properties have been ascribed a useful life in the range of 30 years for building.

#### e. Intangible:

Intangible assets with finite lives are amortised over the useful economic life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at the end of each reporting period. Changes in the expected useful life or the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset are considered to modify the amortisation period or method, as appropriate, and are treated as changes in accounting estimates. The amortisation expense on intangible assets with finite lives is recognised in the statement of profit and loss unless such expenditure forms part of carrying value of another asset.

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognised.

(i) Computer software:

Acquired computer software licences are capitalised on the basis of the costs incurred to acquire and bring to use the specific software. These costs are amortised over their estimated useful lives of 8 years. The cost of an intangible asset comprises its purchase price (net of duties and taxes) including any costs directly attributable to making the asset ready for their intended use.

(ii) Research and Development:

Research expenditure is recognised in the statement of profit and loss as incurred. Development expenditure is capitalised only if the costs can be reliably measured, future economic benefits are probable, the product is technically feasible, and the Company has the intent and the resources to complete the project. Development assets are amortised based on the estimated useful life, as appropriate.

#### f. Impairment of Non-Financial Assets:

Assessment for impairment is done at each Balance Sheet date as to whether there is any indication that a non-financial asset may be impaired. For the purpose of assessing impairment, the smallest identifiable group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets is considered as a cash generating unit.

If any indication of impairment exists, an estimate of the recoverable amount of the individual asset/ cash generating unit is made. Asset/cash generating unit whose carrying value exceeds their recoverable amount are written down to the recoverable amount by recognising the impairment loss as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining fair value less costs of disposal, recent market transactions are taken into account. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used. These calculations are corroborated by valuation multiples, quoted share prices for publicly traded companies or other available fair value indicators.

An assessment is made at each reporting date to determine whether there is an indication that previously recognised impairment losses no longer exist or have decreased. If such indication exists, the Company estimates the assets or CGU's recoverable amount. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. The reversal is limited so that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed its recoverable amount, nor exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. Such reversal is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

#### g. Assets held for sale and disposal groups:

Non-current assets held for sale and disposal groups are presented separately in the balance sheet when the following criteria are met:

- the company is committed to selling the asset or disposal group;
- the assets are available for sale immediately;
- an active plan of sale has commenced; and
- sale is expected to be completed within 12 months.

Assets held for sale and disposal groups are measured at the lower of their carrying amount and fair value less cost to sell. Assets held for sale are no longer amortised or depreciated.

#### h. Leases:

As a Lessee: The Company's lease asset classes primarily consist of leases for Land and Buildings.

The Company assesses whether a contract is or contains a lease, at inception of a contract. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Company assesses whether:

- (i) the contract involves the use of an identified asset
- (ii) the Company has substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset through the period of the lease and
- (iii) the Company has the right to direct the use of the asset.

At the date of commencement of the lease, the Company recognises a right-of-use asset (ROU) and a corresponding lease liability for all lease arrangements in which it is a lessee, except for leases with a term of twelve months or less (short- term leases) and leases of low value assets. For these short-term and leases of low value assets, the Company recognises the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

The right-of-use assets are initially recognised at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or prior to the commencement date of the lease plus any initial direct costs less any lease incentives. They are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. Right-of- use assets are depreciated from the commencement date on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and useful life of the underlying asset.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the future lease payments. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if not readily determinable, using the incremental borrowing rates. The lease liability is subsequently remeasured by increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on the lease liability and reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made.

A lease liability is remeasured upon the occurrence of certain events such as a change in the lease term or a change in an index or rate used to determine lease payments. The remeasurement normally also adjusts the leased assets.

Lease liability and ROU asset have been separately presented in the Balance Sheet and lease payments have been classified as financing cash flows.

As a lessor: Lease income from operating leases where the Company is a lessor is recognised in the statement of profit and loss on a straight- line basis over the lease term.

#### i. Inventories:

Raw materials, traded, and finished goods are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Packing Materials, consumables, stores and spares are carried at cost. Cost of raw materials and stores and spares includes cost of purchase and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Provision is made for obsolete, slow-moving and defective stocks, where necessary.

Cost is computed on a weighted average/FIFO basis. Cost of finished goods and work in-progress include all costs of purchases, conversion costs and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. The net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

#### j. Financial Instruments:

Financial Assets: Financial assets are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

On initial recognition, a financial asset is recognised at fair value. In case of financial assets which are recognised at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL), its transaction cost is recognised in the statement of profit and loss. In other cases, the transaction cost is attributed to the acquisition value of the financial asset.

Financial assets are subsequently classified and measured at

- amortised cost
- fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL)
- fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI).

Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their recognition, except during the period the Company changes its business model for managing financial assets.

#### Trade Receivables and Loans:

Trade receivables are initially recognised at fair value. Subsequently, these assets are held at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate (EIR) method net of any expected credit losses. The EIR is the rate that discounts estimated future cash income through the expected life of financial instrument.

#### Debt Instruments:

Debt instruments are initially measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income ('FVOCI') or fair value through profit or loss ('FVTPL') till derecognition on the basis of (i) the Company's business model for managing the financial assets and (ii) the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

(i) Measured at amortised cost:

Financial assets that are held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest, are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the 'EIR' method less impairment, if any. The amortisation of EIR and loss arising from impairment, if any is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

(ii) Measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI):

Financial assets that are held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both, selling financial assets and collecting contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest, are subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income. Fair value movements are recognised in the other comprehensive income (OCI). Interest income measured using the EIR method and impairment losses, if any are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss. On derecognition, cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI is reclassified from the equity to 'other income' in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

(iii) Measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL):

A financial asset not classified as either amortised cost or FVOCI, is classified as FVTPL. Such financial assets are measured at fair value with all changes in fair value, including interest income and dividend income if any, recognised as 'other income' in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### Equity Instruments:

All investments in equity instruments classified under financial assets are initially measured at fair value, the Company may, on initial recognition, irrevocably elect to measure the same either at FVOCI or FVTPL. The Company makes such election on an instrument- by-instrument basis. Fair value changes on an equity instrument is recognised as 'other income' in the Statement of Profit and Loss unless the Company has elected to measure such instrument at FVOCI. Fair value changes excluding dividends, on an equity instrument measured at FVOCI are recognised in OCI. Amounts recognised in OCI are not subsequently reclassified to the Statement of Profit and Loss. Dividend income on the investments in equity instruments are recognised as 'other income' in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Derivative Financial Instruments:

The Company uses derivative financial instruments to hedge its foreign currency and commodity risks. Derivatives are measured at fair value. The treatment of changes in the value of derivative depends on their use as explained below:

#### Cash flow hedges:

Derivatives are held to hedge the uncertainty in timing or amount of future forecast cash flows. Such derivatives are classified as being part of cash flow hedge relationships. For an effective hedge, gains and losses from changes in the fair value of derivatives are recognised in other comprehensive income. Any ineffective elements of the hedge are recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

If the hedged cash flow relates to a non-financial asset, the amount accumulated in equity is subsequently included within the carrying value of that asset. For other cash flow hedges, amounts accumulated in other comprehensive income are taken to the statement of profit and loss at the same time as the related cash flow.

When a derivative no longer qualifies for hedge accounting, any cumulative gain or loss remains in equity until the related cash flow occurs. When the cash flow takes place, the cumulative gain or loss is taken to the statement of profit and loss. If the hedged cash flow is no longer expected to occur, the cumulative gain or loss is taken to the statement of profit and loss immediately.

Derivatives for which hedge accounting is not applied:

Derivative financial instruments for which hedge accounting is not applied are initially recognised at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered and are subsequently measured at FVTPL.

Derecognition:

The Company derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or it transfers the contractual rights to receive the cash flows from the asset.

Offsetting financial instruments:

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset, and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet, if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle them on a net basis or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

Impairment of Financial Asset:

The Company applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of loss allowance on the following:

- i. Trade receivables
- ii. Financial assets measured at amortised cost (other than trade receivables)
- iii. Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI).

In case of trade receivables, the Company follows a simplified approach wherein an amount equal to lifetime ECL is measured and recognised as loss allowance.

In case of other assets (listed as ii and iii above), the Company determines if there has been a significant increase in credit risk of the financial asset since initial recognition. If the credit risk of such assets has not increased significantly, an amount equal to 12-month ECL is measured and recognised as loss allowance. However, if credit risk has increased significantly, an amount equal to lifetime ECL is measured and recognised as loss allowance.

Subsequently, if the credit quality of the financial asset improves such that there is no longer a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, the Company reverts to recognising impairment loss allowance based on 12-month ECL.

ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Company in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Company expects to receive (i.e. all cash shortfalls), discounted at the original effective interest rate.

Lifetime ECL are the expected credit losses resulting from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial asset. 12-month ECL are a portion of the lifetime ECL which result from default events that are possible within 12 months from the reporting date.

ECL are measured in a manner that they reflect unbiased, and probability weighted amounts determined by a range of outcomes, taking into account the time value of money and other reasonable information available as a result of past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.

As a practical expedient, the Company uses a provision matrix to measure lifetime ECL on its portfolio of trade receivables. The provision matrix is prepared based on historically observed default rates over the expected life of trade receivables and is adjusted for forward-looking estimates. At each reporting date, the historically observed default rates and changes in the forward-looking estimates are updated.

ECL allowance recognised (or reversed) during the period is recognised as income/expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss under the head 'Other expenses.

#### Write-off:

The gross carrying amount of a financial asset is written off when the Company has no reasonable expectations of recovering the financial asset in its entirety or a portion thereof.

#### Financial Liabilities:

#### Initial recognition and measurement:

Financial liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial liabilities are initially measured at the amortised cost unless at initial recognition, they are classified as fair value through profit and loss. In case of trade payables, they are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently, these liabilities are held at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

#### Subsequent measurement:

Financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Financial liabilities carried at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value with all changes in fair value recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### Derecognition:

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires. The difference between the carrying value of the financial liability and the consideration paid is recognised in Statement of profit and loss.

#### k. Cash and Cash Equivalents:

Cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flow, comprises of cash at bank, in hand, bank overdrafts and short-term highly liquid investments/bank deposits with an original maturity of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

#### I. Earnings Per Share:

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the net profit for the period attributable to the equity shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period and for all periods presented is adjusted for events, such as bonus shares, other than the conversion of potential equity shares that have changed the number of equity shares outstanding, without a corresponding change in resources.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period is adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

#### m. Income Taxes:

Income tax expense for the year comprises of current tax and deferred tax. It is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss except to the extent it relates to a business combination or to an item which is recognised directly in equity or in other comprehensive income.

Current tax is the expected tax payable/receivable on the taxable income/ loss for the year using applicable tax rates at the Balance Sheet date, and any adjustment to taxes in respect of previous years. Interest income/ expenses and penalties, if any, related to income tax are included in current tax expense.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the corresponding amounts used for taxation purposes.

A deferred tax liability is recognised based on the expected manner of realisation or settlement of the carrying amount of assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted, or substantively enacted, by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilised. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised.

Current tax assets and current tax liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle the asset and the liability on a net basis. Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities; and the deferred tax assets and the deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority.

#### n. Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets:

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Provisions are measured at the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the Balance Sheet date.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted to reflect its present value using a current pre-tax rate that reflects the current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made.

A contingent asset is a possible asset that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the company. The Company does not recognize a Contingent asset but discloses its existence in the financial statements where an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

#### o. Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs consist of interest, ancillary and other costs that the Company incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds and interest relating to other financial liabilities. Borrowing costs also include exchange differences to the extent regarded as an adjustment to the borrowing costs.

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of the asset. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they occur.

#### p. Revenue recognition

The sources of revenue for the Company are sale of packed tea, coffee, premixes, dairy products and roofing materials to customers. Revenue is measured based on the consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods.

i) Sale of goods and services

Revenue from sale of goods is recognised when control of the products being sold is transferred to our customer and when there are no longer any unfulfilled obligations. The Performance Obligations in our contracts are fulfilled at the time of dispatch, delivery or upon formal customer acceptance depending on customer terms. Revenue is measured on the basis of contracted price, after deduction of any trade discounts, volume rebates and any taxes or duties collected on behalf of the Government such as goods and services tax, etc. Accumulated experience is used to estimate the provision for such discounts and rebates.

The Company considers whether there are other promises in the contract that are separate performance obligations to which a portion of the transaction price needs to be allocated. In determining the transaction price for the sale of goods, the Company considers the effects of variable consideration (like trade discounts, volume rebates), non-cash consideration, consideration payable to the customer (if any) and applicable indirect taxes. Revenue is only recognised to the extent that it is highly probable a significant reversal will not occur.

Income from services rendered is recognised based on agreements/arrangements with the customers as the service is performed and there are no unfulfilled obligations.

#### ii) Other Income

a) Interest income and Dividend Income

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method. When a loan and receivable is impaired, the company reduces the carrying amount to its recoverable amount, being the estimated future cash flow discounted at the original effective interest rate of the instrument and continues unwinding the discount as interest income. Interest income on impaired loans and receivables is recognised using the original effective interest rate.

Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive payment is established. Income from investments are accounted on an accrual basis.

b) Other income not specifically stated above is recognised on accrual basis.

#### q. Expenditure:

Expenses are accounted on accrual basis.

#### r. Employee Benefits

The Company operates various post-employment schemes, including both defined benefit and defined contribution plans. Short-term employee benefits are recognised on an undiscounted basis whereas long-term employee benefits are recognised on a discounted basis.

Defined contribution plans:

Contributions to defined contribution schemes such as employees' state insurance, labour welfare fund, superannuation scheme, employee pension scheme etc. are charged as an expense based on the amount of contribution required to be made as and when services are rendered by the employees. Company's provident fund contribution, in respect of employees, is made to a government administered fund and charged as an expense to the Statement of Profit and Loss. The above benefits are classified as Defined Contribution Schemes as the Company has no further defined obligations beyond the monthly contributions.

Defined benefit plans:

The Company also provides for retirement/post-retirement benefits in the form of gratuity, compensated absences to its employees.

For defined benefit plans, the amount recognised as 'Employee benefit expenses' in the Statement of Profit and Loss is the cost of accruing employee benefits promised to employees over the year and the costs of individual events such as past/future service benefit changes and settlements (such events are recognised immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss). Any differences between the interest income on plan assets and the return actually achieved, and any changes in the liabilities over the year due to changes in actuarial assumptions or experience adjustments within the plans, are recognised immediately in 'Other comprehensive income' and subsequently not reclassified to the Statement of Profit and Loss.

The defined benefit plan surplus or deficit on the Balance Sheet comprises the total for each plan of the fair value of plan assets less the present value of the defined benefit liabilities (using a discount rate by reference to market yields on government bonds at the end of the reporting period).

All defined benefit plans obligations are determined based on valuations, as at the Balance Sheet date, made by independent actuary using the projected unit credit method. The classification of the Company's net obligation into current and non-current is as per the actuarial valuation report.

Employee termination benefits:

Payments to employees on termination along with additional liabilities towards retirement benefits arising pursuant to the termination are charged to the statement of profit and loss in the year in which it is incurred.

#### s. Events after the reporting period

Adjusting events are events that provide further evidence of conditions that existed at the end of the reporting period. The financial statements are adjusted for such events before authorisation for issue.

Non-adjusting events are events that are indicative of conditions that arose after the end of the reporting period. Non-adjusting events after the reporting date are not accounted but disclosed.

#### t. Key accounting judgement, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to exercise judgment and to make estimates and assumptions. These estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experiences and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Actual results may differ from these estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revision to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

The areas involving critical estimates or judgements are:

1. Depreciation and amortisation

Depreciation and amortisation are based on management's estimate of the future useful lives of the Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible Assets. Estimates may change due to technological developments, competition, changes in market conditions and other factors and may result in changes in the estimated useful life and in the depreciation and amortisation charges.

2. Employee Benefits

The present value of the defined benefit obligations depends on a number of factors that are determined on an actuarial basis using various assumptions. One of the critical assumptions used in determining the net cost (income) for these obligations include the discount rate. Any changes in these assumptions will impact the carrying amount of retirement benefit obligations.

3. Fair Value of derivatives and other financial instruments

All financial instruments are required to be fair valued as at the balance sheet date, as provided in Ind AS 109 and 113. Being a critical estimate, judgement is exercised to determine the carrying values. The fair value of financial instruments that are unlisted and not traded in an active market is determined at fair values assessed based on recent transactions entered into with third parties, based on valuation done by external appraisers etc., as applicable.

4. Estimating variable consideration for discount, volume rebates and trade incentives

Revenue is measured at the fair value of consideration received/receivable from its customers and in determining the transaction price for the sale of products, the Company considers the effects of various factors such as volume-based discounts, rebates and other promotion incentives schemes ('trade schemes') provided to the customers. At year end, amounts for trade schemes that have been incurred and not yet provided to the customers are estimated and accrued.

In estimating the variable consideration towards discounts, volume rebates and trade incentives taking into consideration the terms of the volume thresholds and expected likely pay-out based on historical experience, current trend and future expectations of customers meeting the thresholds.

5. Impairment allowance for doubtful debts

Trade receivables do not carry any interest and are stated at their nominal value as reduced by appropriate allowances for estimated irrecoverable amounts. Under Ind AS, impairment allowance has been determined based on Expected Credit Loss (ECL) model. Estimated irrecoverable amounts are based on the ageing of the receivable balance and historical experience. Individual trade receivables are written off if the same are not collectible. Further details about impairment allowance are given in Note 12.

### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

	Land	Building	Plant & Machinery	Furniture & Fittings	Vehicles	Total	CWIP
Gross carrying amount							
At 31 March 2023	11,03.98	11,03.05	21,00.75	3,93.56	5,91.52	52,92.86	50.20
Additions/Transfers	2.83	51.57	2,46.90	24.37	1,94.02	5,19.69	-
Disposals/ Transfers	-	-	41.21	0.43	2,36.73	2,78.37	-
Adjustments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
At 31 March 2024	11,06.81	11,54.62	23,06.44	4,17.50	5,48.81	55,34.19	50.20
Additions/Transfers	19,60.12	31,58.69	96.20	57.49	7,40.51	60,13.01	4,31.65
Disposals/ Transfers	3,74.82	3.83	31.24	2.95	3,03.37	7,16.21	-
Adjustments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
At 31 March 2025	26,92.11	43,09.48	23,71.40	4,72.04	9,85.95	108,30.99	4,81.85
Accumulated Depreciation							
At 31 March 2023	-	2,62.91	8,90.95	1,44.25	2,19.05	15,17.16	-
Depreciation charge for the year	-	82.31	2,54.71	69.14	1,19.93	5,26.09	-
Disposals	-	-	38.71	0.41	1,46.40	1,85.52	-
Adjustments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
At 31 March 2024	-	3,45.22	11,06.95	2,12.98	1,92.58	18,57.74	-
Depreciation charge for the year	-	1,22.07	2,49.86	60.41	1,98.23	6,30.57	-
Disposals	-	2.65	28.52	2.72	2,81.40	3,15.29	-
Adjustments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
At 31 March 2025	-	4,64.64	13,28.29	2,70.67	1,09.41	21,73.02	-
Net carrying amount							
at 31 March 2025	26,92.11	38,44.84	10,43.11	2,01.37	8,76.54	86,57.97	4,81.85
at 31 March 2024	11,06.81	8,09.40	11,99.50	2,04.52	3,56.23	36,76.38	50.20
at 31 March 2023	11,03.98	8,40.14	12,09.80	2,49.31	3,72.47	37,75.67	50.20

#### Note No. 3 Property, plant and equipment & Capital Work in Progress

#### Note 3.1 - Property Plant and Equipments Pledged as security

Refer note 17 for the information on property, plant and equipments pledged as security by the Company.

#### Note 3.2 - Deemed Cost Exemption availed on transition to Ind AS

The Company has availed the deemed cost exemption in relation to the property plant and equipment on the date of transition i.e. 1 April 2020 and hence the carrying amount (net block) as per previous GAAP on that date has been considered as gross block.

#### Note 3.3 - Title deeds

Title deeds of all Immovable Properties are held in the name of the Company except cost of Land amounting to Rs. 4.23 lakhs (31st March 2024 - 4.23 lakhs) and Building amounting Rs. 1.94 lakhs (31st March 2024 - 1.94 lakhs;), which are held in Joint Ownership with other Companies.

#### Note 3.4 - Depreciation/Amortisation

Depreciation/amortisation is calculated over the estimated useful life of the asset. Refer Accounting policy no. 2.c.(i)&(ii) of the company for the method of depreciation and estimated useful life of the assets.

#### Note 3.5 - Contractual Commitments

Refer Note No. 48 for outstanding contractual commitments.

#### Note 3.6 - Impairment of assets

Refer Note No. 53 for disclosure relating to impairment of assets

### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

**Note 3.7** - Capital work-in-progress ageing schedule for the year ended March 31, 2025 and March 31, 2024 is as follows:

CWIP	Amount in CWIP for a period of				
CWIP	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
As at 31st March 2025					
Projects in progress	4,31.65	-	50.20	-	4,81.85
Projects temporarily suspended	-	-	-	-	-
As at 31st March 2024					
Projects in progress	-	50.20	-	-	50.20
Projects temporarily suspended	-	-	-	-	-

There are no capital-work-in progress whose completion is overdue or has exceeded its cost compared to its original plan.

The mangement is expecting to capitalise the existing CWIP in the FY 2025-26

#### Note No. 4 Investment Property

	Land	Building	Total
Cost			
At 31 March 2023	3.08	42.41	45.49
Additions/Transfers			
Disposals/ Transfers			
At 31 March 2024	3.08	42.41	45.49
Additions/Transfers			
Disposals/ Transfers			
At 31 March 2025	3.08	42.41	45.49
Depreciation			
At 31 March 2023	-	6.04	6.04
Depreciation charge for the year	-	1.81	1.81
Disposals			
At 31 March 2024	-	7.85	7.85
Depreciation charge for the year	-	1.72	1.72
Disposals			
At 31 March 2025	-	9.57	9.57
Net Block			
at 31 March 2025	3.08	32.84	35.92
at 31 March 2024	3.08	34.56	37.64
at 31 March 2023	3.08	36.37	39.45

#### Note 4.1 - Depreciation/Amortisation

Depreciation/amortisation is calculated over the estimated useful life of the asset. Refer Accounting policy no. 2.d of the company for the method of depreciation and estimated useful life of the assets.

#### Note 4.2 - Title deeds

Investment property includes Rs. 3.08 lakhs (31st March 2024 - 3.08 lakhs) and Rs. 42.41 lakhs (31st March 2024 - 42.41 lakhs) respectively representing cost of Land and Buildings in Joint Ownership with other Companies.

### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Note 4.3 - Amount recognised in the statement of profit and loss for investment property:

	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24
Depreciation for the year	1.72	1.81
Repairs and Maintenance - Buildings	19.31	21.52
Profit/(loss) from Investment Property	(21.03)	(23.33)

The company has not let out any investment property during the year.

#### Note 4.4 - Fair value:

Fair valuation of the Land is Rs 29,55.22 lakhs and Buildings is Rs. 2,32.38 lakhs based on valuation (sales comparable approach – level 2) by recognised independent valuers as on 31-03-2025.

#### Note No. 5 Intangible Assets

	Other Intangible Assets - Software	Other Intangible Assets - Trademarks	Total	Intangible Assets under development
Gross carrying amount				
At 31 March 2023	1,85.61	4.34	1,89.95	-
Additions/Transfers	50.40	-	50.40	-
Disposals/ Transfers	-	-	-	-
At 31 March 2024	2,36.01	4.34	2,40.35	-
Additions/Transfers	8.07	-	8.07	-
Disposals/ Transfers	-	-	-	-
At 31 March 2025	2,44.08	4.34	2,48.42	-
Accumulated Amortization At 31 March 2023	64.76	3.51	68.27	
		3.31		-
Amortisation Disposals	29.75	-	29.75	-
At 31 March 2024	94.51	3.51	98.02	-
Amortisation	30.90	0.60	31.50	-
Disposals	-	-	-	-
At 31 March 2025	1,25.41	4.11	1,29.52	-
Net carrying amount				
at 31 March 2025	1,18.67	0.23	1,18.90	-
at 31 March 2024	1,41.50	0.83	1,42.33	-
at 31 March 2023	1,20.85	0.83	1,21.68	-

### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

#### Note 5.1 - Amortization

Amortization is calculated over the estimated useful life of the asset. Refer Accounting policy no. 2.e. of the company for the method of amortisation.

#### Note 5.2 - Impairment of assets

Refer Note No. 53 for disclosure relating to impairment of assets

#### Note 5.3 - Restriction on title - Nil

#### Note 5.4 - Contractual Commitments

Refer Note No. 48 for outstanding contractual commitments.

**Note 5.5:** Intangible assets under development ageing schedule for the year ended March 31, 2025 and March 31, 2024 is as follows:

	Amo D	Tatal			
Intangible assets under development	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
As at 31st March 2025					
Projects in progress	-	-	-	-	-
Projects that are temporarily suspended	-	-	-	-	-
As at 31st March 2024					
Projects in progress	-	-	-	-	-
Projects that are temporarily suspended	-	-	-	-	-

There are no intangible assets under development. Hence the reporting requirement regarding intangible asset under development whose completion is overdue or has exceeded its cost compared to its original plan is not applicable.

### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

#### Note No. 6 Right-of-use Assets

	Leasehold Land	Buildings	Total
Gross carrying amount			
At 31 March 2023	2,66.80	11,00.35	13,67.15
Additions/Transfers	-	3,03.50	3,03.50
Disposals/ Transfers	-	1,68.78	1,68.78
At 31 March 2024	2,66.80	12,35.07	15,01.87
Additions/Transfers	-	2,25.71	2,25.71
Disposals/ Transfers	-	-	-
At 31 March 2025	2,66.80	14,60.78	17,27.58
Accumulated Depreciation			
At 31 March 2023	19.49	3,77.57	3,97.06
Depreciation charge for the year	9.63	3,82.73	3,92.36
Disposals	-	71.66	71.66
At 31 March 2024	29.12	6,88.64	7,17.76
Depreciation charge for the year	9.17	3,58.88	3,68.05
Disposals	-	-	-
At 31 March 2025	38.29	10,47.52	10,85.81
Net carrying amount			
at 31 March 2025	2,28.51	4,13.26	6,41.95
at 31 March 2024	2,37.68	5,46.43	7,84.11
at 31 March 2023	2,47.31	7,22.78	9,70.09

Note 6.1 Depreciation has been charged to ROU assets over the useful life of the assets and is included under depreciation and amortisation expenses in statement of profit and loss. Refer Accounting policy no. 2 h of the company.

Note 6.2:- Disclosures relating to lease and ROU assets - Refer Note No. 42

### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

		31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24
No	te No. 7 Investments		
No	n Current Investments		
<u>Qu</u>	oted - Non Trade:		
Α.	Equity Instruments - Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income		
	5 equity shares (31st March 2024- 5) of Rs. 10 each held in Ferilisers & Chemicals (Travancore) Ltd	0.03	0.03
	Total	0.03	0.03
	Unquoted:		
	Equity Instruments - Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income		
	30 equity shares (31st March 2024 - 30) of Rs. 10 each held in Chennai Willingdon Corporation Foundation	-	-
	32,200 equity shares (31st March 2024 - 32,200) of Rs. 10 each held in L.J International Ltd	1,44.90	1,44.90
	Equity shares (31st March 2024 - 45,45,856) of Rs. 10 each held in Grover Zampa Vineyards Ltd	-	3,63.67
	Preference Shares - Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income		
	50,000 Compulsorily Convertiable Preference Shares (31.03.2024 - 50000) of \$20 each held in Enmasse.World Private Limited #	8,35.14	8,35.14
	# The cost of investment is considered as fair market value as at year end.		
	Total	9,80.04	13,43.71
	Note 7.1 - The Board of Directors have approved an investment in Compulsorily Convertiable Preference Shares of Rs.24 Crores in Bon Fresh Food Private Limited bearing trade name "Chai Kings". The first part payment of investment amounting to Rs.12 Crores was made in April'25.		
	Investment in Equity Instruments of Associate Companies - At Amortised Cost		
	1,19,480 equity shares (31st March 2024 - 1,19,480) of Rs. 10 each held in A.V.Thomas Investments Co Ltd.	3,19.96	2,47.22
	Add: Share of Profit/(Loss) of the Associate	19.68	72.74
	Add: Adjustment		
	Total	3,39.64	3,19.96

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

2,40.00

Note No. 7 Investments (Contd.)	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24
1,65,00,000 equity shares (31st March 2024 - 1,50,00,000) of Rs. 10 each held in AVT Gavia Foods Pvt Ltd	6,79.09	6,18.77
Add: Share of Profit/(Loss) of the Associate	(82.42)	(89.68)
Less: Adjustment	-	-
Total	5,96.68	5,29.09
45,45,856 equity shares of Rs. 10 each and 4,00,00,000 equity shares of Rs.8 each held in Grover Zampa Vineyards Ltd	35,63.67	-
Add: Share of Profit/(Loss) of the Associate	(6,78.00)	-
Less: Adjustment	-	-
Total	28,85.67	-
Grand Total	38,21.99	8,49.05

Note 7.2 The investments in Grover Zampa Vineyards Ltd was fair valued through other comprehensive income till FY 2023-24

#### Impairment in value of investments

Opening Balance	2,40.00	2,40.00
Add: Impairment during the year	-	-
Less: Reversal of impairment	-	-
Closing Balance	2,40.00	2,40.00
Non Current Investments - Total	45,62.06	19,52.79
Aggregate amount of quoted investments	0.03	0.03
Market value of quoted investments	0.03	0.03
Aggregate amount of unquoted investments	48,02.03	21,92.76

Aggregate amount of impairment in value of investments2,40.00

For Related Party disclosure, refer Note No. 41

Refer Note No. 50 for classification of Financial Instruments

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24
Note No. 8 Other financial assets		
(Unsecured, considered good unless stated otherwise)		
A) Non Current		
Deposits with Government Authorities	-	-
Security Deposits - ROU Assets	1,04.85	1,11.25
Bank Deposits with more than 12 months maturity		-
Total	1,04.85	1,11.25
B) Current		
Others		
Interest accrued on deposits	3.78	18.85
Accrued income	12.00	17.30
Short Term Deposits - Lease and others	46.44	32.97
Total	62.22	69.12
Note No.8.1: Refer Note No. 50 for classification of Financial Instruments Note No. 9 Deferred Tax Asset/Liability (Net) Components of Deferred tax		
Deferred Tax Asset/ (Liability)		
On Account of Depreciation	99.60	1,13.65
On Account of Fair Valuation of Investments	(1,41.97)	(39.71)
On Account of Fair Valuation of Leased Assets	4.97	1.96
On Account of Gratuity and Compensated Absences	1,88.69	1,52.60
Closing Balance	1,51.29	2,28.50
Note No. 10 Other assets		
A) Non Current Assets		
(Unsecured, considered good)		
Capital Advances	1,00.46	1,52.09
Security Deposits	73.76	49.04
Disputed Taxes Paid	5.93	5.93
	1,80.15	2,07.06

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24
B) Current Assets		
Advance to suppliers	7,87.28	5,38.57
Advance to employees	0.60	0.60
Prepaid Expenses	77.50	41.32
GST Input Receivable	3,41.98	7,39.35
	12,07.36	13,19.84
Note No. 11 Inventories		
Inventories at the lower of cost and net realisable value		
Raw Materials	107,98.65	89,70.98
Work in Progress	2,63.81	2,94.20
Stores, Spares and packing material	6,99.75	7,02.60
Finished Goods		
- Packed Tea	12,42.69	15,90.60
- Packed Coffee	97.37	93.09
- Premix	49.05	43.54
- Roofing Sheets	1,19.14	1,28.20
- GI Pipe	11,27.94	12,92.06
Stock in trade	15,47.49	8,81.52
Total	159,45.89	139,96.79
Note 11.1: Carrying amount of inventories pledged as security for liabilities	159,45.89	139,96.79
<b>Note 11.2:</b> There are raw materials and components with third parties as on 31st March	3,68.56	7,41.49
<b>Note 11.3:</b> Valuation of Inventories has been made as per Company's Accounting Policy No. 2 (i)		
Note No.12 Trade receivables		
Current		
Trade receivable considered good – Unsecured	43,18.37	29,94.00
Trade receivable from Related Parties* considered good – Unsecured	69.49	4,07.95
Trade receivable – credit impaired – Unsecured	2,06.48	2,09.30
Less : Allowance for credit impairment	(2,06.48)	(2,09.30)
Total	43,87.86	34,01.95
i) Less : Allowance for credit impairment		
Opening Balance	2,09.30	2,07.87
Add: Provision during the year	2.00	1.43
Less: Reversal of provision no longer required	4.82	-
Closing Balance	2,06.48	2,09.30

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

#### The trade receivables ageing schedule is as follows :

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment as on 31st March 2025					Total
i antonars	Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good	42,72.84	18.54	9.92	11.94	74.60	43,87.86
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables- considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-
<ul> <li>(v) Disputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk</li> </ul>	-	-	-	-	-	-
(vi) Disputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	-	-	-	-	2,06.48	2,06.48

	Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment as on 31st March 2024				Total	
	Faruculars		6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i)	Undisputed Trade receivables - considered good	32,99.82	4.88	20.65	4.85	71.75	34,01.95
(ii)	Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iii)	Undisputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv)	Disputed Trade Receivables- considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-
(v)	Disputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-
(vi)	Disputed Trade Receivables - credit impaired	-	-	-	-	2,09.30	2,09.30

Note 12.1: Refer Note No. 50 for classification of Financial Instruments

**Note 12.2:** For related party balances refer Note No. 41 & for dues with balance with Pvt Ltd company in which Directors are interested refer Note No 46.

**Note 12.3:** Information about the Company's exposure to credit and market risks, and impairment losses for trade receivables is included in Note No 51

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24
Note No. 13 Cash and Cash equivalents & Other bank balances		
Cash on hand	3.15	2.59
Balances with bank in current account	2,02.17	12,65.96
Balances with bank in call and short-term deposit accounts (original maturity less than 3 months)	-	3,28.15
Cash and cash equivalents as per balance sheet	2,05.32	15,96.70
Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents: Balances with banks:		
In deposit account with original maturity more than three months	44.79	30.99
In Current accounts as margin money for Letter of Credits, Bank		
Guarantees and Overdraft facility	30.52	22.36
Earmarked Balances (unclaimed/unpaid dividend deposit accounts)	4.73	7.51
Bank balance	80.04	60.86
Less : Term deposit with bank maturing after 12 months from the Balance Sheet date and other earmarked / margin money / pledged deposits classified as non-current	-	-
Net Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	80.04	60.86
Note 13.1: Refer Note No. 50 for classification of Financial Instruments		
Note No. 14 Loans		
Current at amortized cost		
(Secured, considered good)		
Inter-Company Loans	-	25,00.00
Less: Allowances for credit Impaired loans	-	-
(Unsecured, considered good)		
Loans to employees	54.97	36.42
Less; Allowances for credit Impaired loans to employees	-	
Total	54.97	25,36.42

Note 14.1: Refer Note No. 50 for classification of Financial Instruments

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Not	te No. 15 Share Capital	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24
Α.	Authorised Share Capital		
	Number of Ordinary (Equity) Shares	20,00,000	20,00,000
	Face Value per Ordinary (Equity) share in Rs.	10	10
	Ordinary (Equity) Share Capital in Rs. lakhs	2,00.00	2,00.00
В.	Issued, Subscribed & Paid Up		
	Number of Ordinary (Equity) Shares	4,56,540	4,56,540
	Face Value per Ordinary (Equity) share in Rs.	10	10
	Ordinary (Equity) Share Capital in Rs. lakhs	45.65	45.65

#### C. Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to equity shares

The company has only one class of equity shares issued having a par value of Rs. 10. Each holder is eligible for one vote share held. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting, except in case of Interim Dividend. In the event of the liquidation, the equity shareholders are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the Company after distribution of all preferential amounts, in proportion to the shareholding.

#### D. Details of buy back of shares

Particulars	FY 2023-24	FY 2022-23
Number of shares bought back	2,612.00	11,048.00
Buy back price per share	17,000.00	13,000.00
Total proceeds from buy back (In lakhs)	4,44.04	14,36.24

Except for these, there was no buyback of shares in the immediately preceding 5 years.

There was no bonus share issue in the immediately preceeding 5 years.

- E. Shares reserved under option and contract/commitments for sale of shares/disinvestment Nil (31st March 2024 - Nil)
- F. The aggregate value of calls unpaid (including Directors and Officers of the Company) Nil (31st March 2024 Nil)

#### G. Dividend paid during the year

Particulars	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24
Final Dividend for FY 2023-24 and FY 2022-23	9,13.08	6,88.73
Interim Dividend for FY 2024-25 and FY 2023-24 respectively	6,84.81	6,88.73

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

H. Reconciliation of the number of shares and amount outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting period:

	As at 31	-03-2025	As at 31	-03-2024
Particulars	Number of shares	Amount	Number of shares	Amount
Shares outstanding at the beginning of the reporting period	4,56,540	45.65	4,59,152	45.92
Add : Shares issued during the year	-	-	-	-
Less : Shares Bought Back during the year	-	-	2612	0.26
Shares outstanding at the end of the reporting period	4,56,540	45.64	4,56,540	45.65

#### I. Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the company

	As at 31-03-2025		As at 31-03-2024	
Name of the shareholder	Number of shares held	% holding in that class of shares	Number of shares held	% holding in that class of shares
Mr. Ajit Thomas	2,28,127	49.97%	2,26,992	49.72%
Mr.Dilip Thomas	1,57,020	34.39%	1,57,020	34.39%

#### J. Disclosure of Promoters Shareholding Pattern

	As 31st Mai	at rch 2025	As 31st Ma	% of change	
Promoter Name	No. of shares held	% of total shares	No. of shares held	% of total shares	during the year
Mr. Ajit Thomas	2,28,127	49.97%	2,26,992	49.72%	0.25%
Mr. Dilip Thomas	1,57,020	34.39%	1,57,020	34.39%	Nil
M/s. The Highland Produce Co.Ltd	3,500	0.77%	3,500	0.77%	Nil
M/s. The Rajagiri Rubber and Produce Co.Ltd	2,000	0.44%	2,000	0.44%	Nil
Mrs. Priyalatha Thomas	500	0.11%	500	0.11%	Nil
Mr. Ashwin Thomas	500	0.11%	500	0.11%	Nil
Mr. Divesh Thomas	100	0.02%	100	0.02%	Nil

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

# Note No. 16 Other equity

	Share Amilioetion		Res	Reserves & Surplus	lus	Items of other Comprehensive Income	
Name of the reserve	Application money pending allotment	Capital Redemption Reserve	General Reserve	Retained Earnings	Remeasurements of post employment benefit obligations through Other Comprehensive income	Equity Instruments through Other Comprehensive Income	Total
At 31 March 2023	•	1.10	229,02.97	95,29.00	(62.53)	25.50	323,96.04
Profit for the year	•	•		63,76.57	•	•	6,376.57
Equity investments through other comprehensive income	•	•	•	•		(8,09.40)	(8,09.40)
Remeasurements of post employment benefit obligation net of tax (item of other comprehensive income recognised directly in retained earnings (Not reclassified to P&L)	•		•	•	(6.28)	•	(6.28)
Buyback of equity shares* (Refer to note 15 ( E)	•	•	(5,73.96)	•	•	•	(5,73.96)
Amount transferred to capital redemption reserve upon buyback	•	0.27	(0.27)	•	•	•	•
Appropriations:	•	•	•	•	•		•
Transfer to General Reserve	•	•	25,00.00	(25,00.00)	•	•	•
Dividend	•	•	•	(13,77.46)	•	•	(13,77.46)
At 31 March 2024	-	1.37	248,28.74	120,28.11	(68.81)	(7,83.90)	360,05.51
Profit for the year	•	•		48,06.67	•	•	48,06.67
Equity investments through other comprehensive income	•	•		•	•	14.70	14.70
Remeasurements of post employment benefit obligation net of tax (item of other comprehensive income recognised directly in retained earnings (Not reclassified to P&L)	•	•	•	•	(50.85)	•	(50.85)
Buyback of equity shares* (Refer to note 15 ( E)	•	•		•	•	•	•
Amount transferred to capital redemption reserve upon buyback	-	•	•	-	•	•	•
Appropriations:	-	•	•	•	-	•	•
Transfer to General Reserve	-	•	•	•	•	•	•
Dividend	-	•	•	(15,97.89)	-	•	(15,97.89)
At 31 March 2025		1.37	248,28.74	152,36.89	(1,19.66)	(7,69.20)	391,78.14

# A.V. THOMAS AND COMPANY LIMITED, ALAPPUZHA

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24
Note No. 17 Borrowings		
Non Current - Secured		
Term Loans from Bank(*)	3,53.88	-
Total	3,53.88	
Less: Current Maturities of Long Term Debt		
clubbed under "Other Current Financial liabilities"	1,60.02	-
Net Non Current Borrowings	1,93.86	
Current - Secured		
Term Loans from Bank(*)	1,60.02	-
Cash Credit (#)	23,33.29	-
Total	24,93.31	-

#### Note No.17.1:

\*The Company's borrowing facilities comprising of Term Loan of Rs.6,40 Lakhs for the expansion project at Othkalmandapam pertaining to Tea Unit, against which funds to the extend of Rs.3,53 Lakhs have been disbursed by the bank. The first charge is created on the assets procured/to be procured out of the term loan, repayable in 36 equal monthly instalments of Rs.17.78 Lakhs falling due from July 2025.

Rate of interest - 9.00% per annum (31st March 2024- nil)

# The company's borrowing facilities comprising cash credit and other facilities of Rs. 93,60 Lakhs (31st March 2024 - Rs.93,60 Lakhs) secured by hypothecation of inventories and book debts and equitable mortgage of land & building at Bodinaikanur and Salem.

Rate of interest (latest) - 9.25% per annum (31st March 2024- 9%)

Period and amount of default as on 31st March 2025 - Nil (31st March 2024 - Nil;)

No loan have been guaranteed by Directors or Others.

Note No.17.2: The Company had access to the following undrawn borrowing facilities at the end of the reporting period

Fund Based facilities	96,40	90,00
Non Fund facilities	2,85	2,85

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Note No.17.3: Net Debt Reconciliation		
Particulars	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24
Net debt		
Cash and cash equivalents	2,05.32	15,96.70
Current Investment	130,68.97	124,47.55
Non Current & Current Borrowings	26,87.17	-
Non-current and current lease liabilities	(5,76.29)	(7,01.38)
Net (debt)/ Cash & Cash Equivalents	153,85.17	133,42.87

Particulars	Accrued du	ring the Year	Paid durin	ig the Year
Finance Cost	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24
Interest on borrowings	2,36.86	37.56	2,36.86	37.56
Bank Charges on borrowings	29.42	31.82	29.42	31.82
Unwinding interest on finance lease	81.77	84.56	81.77	84.56
Total	3,48.05	1,53.94	3,48.05	1,53.94

	Other	Assets	Borrowings		
Particulars	Cash and cash equivalents	Current Investments	Short / Long Term Borrowings	Lease liabilities	Total Net borrowings
Net (debt)/ Cash & Cash Equivalents as at 1st April 2023	14,28.72	89,06.59	(3,90.00)	(8,69.57)	90,75.74
Net Cash Inflows/(outflows)	1,67.98	24,05.95	(3,90.00)	-	21,83.93
Unrealised fair value/realised gains on current investments	-	11,35.01	-	-	11,35.01
Reversal of ROU Asset/ Liabilities	-	-	-	1,68.19	1,68.19
Interest expense	-	-	37.56	84.56	1,22.12
Interest paid	-	-	(37.56)	(84.56)	(1,22.12)
(Net debt)/ Cash & Cash Equivalents as at 31 March 2024	15,96.70	124,47.55	-	(7,01.38)	133,42.87
(Net debt)/ Cash & Cash Equivalents as at 01st April 2024	15,96.70	124,47.55	-	(7,01.38)	133,42.87
Net Cash Inflows/(outflows)	(13,91.38)	(8,56.56)	26,87.17	-	4,39.23
Unrealised fair value/realised gains on current investments	-	14,77.98	-	-	14,77.98
Reversal of ROU Asset/ Liabilities	-	-	-	1,25.09	1,25.09
Interest expense	-	-	-	81.77	81.77
Interest paid	-	-	-	(81.77)	(81.77)
(Net debt)/ Cash & Cash Equivalents as at 31 March 2025	2,05.32	130,68.97	26,87.17	(5,76.29)	153,85.17

Note No.17.4: Refer Note No. 50 for classification of Financial Instruments.

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

		31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24
Note	No. 18 Lease Liabilities		
Non-	Current Lease Liabilities	3,77.49	4,49.79
Curre	ent Lease Liabilities	1,98.80	2,51.59
Total	Lease Liabilities	5,76.29	7,01.38
Note	No.18.1 Refer Note No. 50 for classification of Financial Instruments		
Note	No.18.2: Refer Note No. 6 for disclosure of ROU assets.		
Note	No.18.3: Refer Note No. 42 for disclosure of leases		
Note	No. 19 Provisions		
Non	Current		
Provi	sion for Gratuity	-	-
Provi	sion for Leave Encashment	2,97.21	2,77.06
Total		2,97.21	2,77.06
Curre	ent		
Provi	sion for Gratuity	1,19.71	44.97
Provi	sion for Leave Encashment	2,61.95	2,31.65
Provi	sion for Claims	6,44.65	6,29.37
Provi	sion for Bonus	37.67	41.59
Provi	sion for Other Taxes	2,90.65	2,76.29
Total		13,54.63	12,23.87
i) F	Provision for Gratuity		
•	Dpening Balance	44.97	35.31
	Add: Provision during the year	1,39.68	79.66
	_ess: Paid during the year	64.93	70.00
	Closing Balance	1,19.72	44.97
	Provision for Leave encashment		
,	Opening Balance	5,08.71	4,74.70
	Add: Provision during the year	62.45	1,06.96
	Less: Paid during the year	12.00	72.95
	Closing Balance	5,59.16	5,08.71
,	Provision for Claims	0.00.07	
	Opening Balance	6,29.37	7,58.04
	Add: Provision during the year	15.28	-
	Less: Reversal of provision no longer required	-	1,28.67
(	Closing Balance	6,44.65	6,29.37

Note No 19.1 : Refer note No.39 for disclosure on Employee Benefits

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24
Note No. 20 Trade payables		
Current		
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises; and	4,34.10	2,19.13
Total outstanding dues to Related parties (Refer Note No.41)	9,21.77	7,80.11
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises, small		
enterprises and related parties.	38,31.29	23,50.18
Total	51,87.16	33,49.42

#### The trade payables ageing schedule is as follows :

Particulars	Outstandin p	Total			
	Less than 1 yr	1-2 Yrs	1-2 Yrs 2-3 Yrs		Total
MSME	4,34.10	-	-	-	4,34.10
Others	47,53.06		-	-	47,53.06
Disputed Dues - MSME	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed Dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-

Particulars	Outstandin	Total			
T articulars	Less than 1 yr	1-2 Yrs	2-3 Yrs	More than 3 Yrs	TOTAL
MSME	2,19.13	-	-	-	2,19.13
Others	31,28.67	1.62	-	-	31,30.29
Disputed Dues - MSME	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed Dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-

Note No.20.1 Refer Note No. 50 for classification of Financial Instruments

**Note No.20.2** Out of the above the Trade payable not due as on 31st March 2025 is Rs.27 Lakhs (P.Y. Rs. 27 Lakhs)

**Note No.20.3** The amount due to Micro and Small Enterprises as defined in the "The Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006" has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information collected by the Management. This has been relied upon by the auditors. Refer Note No. 47.

Note No.20.4 Refer note No.41 for related party transactions

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24
Note No. 21 Other Financial liabilities		
Current		
Unpaid dividend	4.73	7.51
Total	4.73	7.51
Note No.21.1 Refer Note No. 50 for classification of Financial Instruments		
Note No. 22 Other Current liabilities		
Statutory dues	1,74.50	2,66.44
Advance from customers	3,54.40	6,82.22
Other Payables	0.25	0.25
Payable to Employees	1,05.49	97.07
Deposits from Distributors	8.70	10.70
Total	6,43.34	10,56.68
Note No. 23 Current Tax Liability/Asset (Net)		
Current Tax Liability (Net)		
Income Tax		
		1,65.75
Current Tax Asset (Net)		
Tax payment pending adjustments	26.75	47.58
Total	26.75	47.58
Note No. 24 Revenue from operations		
Sale of Products		
Consumer Products - Tea, Coffee, Premix & Dairy Whitener	871,23.66	778,69.34
Traded Goods - Roofing Materials, Cardamom & Other Consumer Products	127,76.70	133,70.64
Roofing Materials & Pipes	171,53.00	147,57.60
	1170,53.36	1059,97.58
Sale of Services - Logistics	19,88.31	18,27.76
Other Operating Revenue		
Export Incentives	41.42	61.71
Total Revenue from Operations	1190,83.09	1078,87.05
Note No.24.1 Revenue from sale of goods is recognised when control of the prod	ucts being sold	is transferred

**Note No.24.1** Revenue from sale of goods is recognised when control of the products being sold is transferred to our customer and when there are no longer any unfulfilled obligations. The Performance Obligations in our contracts are fulfilled at the time of dispatch or delivery.

Income from services rendered is recognised based on agreements /arrangements with the customers as the service is performed and there are no unfulfilled obligations.

Revenue is measured on the basis of contracted price, after deduction of any trade discounts, volume rebates and any taxes or duties collected on behalf of the Government such as goods and services tax, etc. Accumulated experience is used to estimate the provision for such discounts and rebates. Revenue is only recognised to the extent that it is highly probable a significant reversal will not occur.

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24
Note No.24.2 Reconciliation of Revenue from sale of products with the contracted price		
Contracted Price	1189,77.13	1075,20.19
Less: Trade discounts, volume rebates, etc.	19,23.77	15,22.61
Sale of products	1170,53.36	1059,97.58
<b>Note No.24.3</b> Revenue earned by the company is disaggregated by its sources based on its key operating segments as disclosed in Note:38 <b>Note No. 25 Other Income</b>		
Interest income on financial assets measured at amortised cost	1,00.08	45.95
Interest income on Security Deposits	7.65	8.21
Income from Investments - Long Term	-	1.61
Income from Investments - Short Term	21.55	44.41
Income from Short Term Leases	7.75	2.11
Service Income	12.52	15.30
Profit on Sale of Tangible Assets	18.93	61.35
Insurance Claims	64.72	13.87
Exchange Fluctuation Gain	10.34	8.72
Other Provisions written back	1.20	60.68
Miscellaneous Income	1,64.91	1,52.71
Fair value movement in Financial instruments designated at Fair Value through Profit or Loss	14,77.98	11,35.01
Total	18,87.63	15,49.93
Note No. 26 (a) Cost of materials consumed		
Consumer Products - Tea, Coffee, Premix & Dairy Whitner	642,05.79	561,43.22
Roofing Materials & Pipes	161,24.87	144,83.52
Total	803,30.66	706,26.74
Note No. 26(b) Purchase of Stock Trade		
Consumer Products - Tea, Cardamom & Dairy Products	20,76.95	20,96.01
Roofing Materials	105,18.28	97,41.81
Total	125,95.23	118,37.82

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24
Note No. 27 Changes in inventories of finished products and stock in trade		
Inventory at the beginning of the year		
Packed Tea	16,46.14	7,67.73
Packed Coffee	37.56	20.43
Traded Goods	9,19.44	16,51.27
Cardamom	-	-
G.I. Pipe	13,08.76	9,07.28
Manufactured Goods	1,33.80	59.51
	40,45.70	34,06.22
Less: Inventory at the end of the year		
Packed Tea	12,42.69	16,46.14
Packed Coffee	97.37	37.56
Traded Goods	13,58.30	9,19.44
Cardamom	2,25.20	-
GI Pipe	11,57.09	13,08.76
Manufactured Goods	1,32.18	1,33.80
	42,12.83	40,45.70
Net (Increase)/Decrease	(1,67.13)	(6,39.49)
Note No. 28 Manufacturing Expenses		
Packing Charges	20,83.69	18,56.29
Power & Fuel	2,89.02	2,41.50
Short Term Leases	84.15	71.63
Repairs and Maintenance		
- Buildings	62.17	72.05
- Machinery	93.63	94.48
Production Cost	5,35.35	4,59.48
Total	31,48.01	27,95.43
Note No. 29 Employee benefits expense		
Salaries, wages and bonus	42,23.81	38,86.44
Contribution to provident and other funds	4,25.26	4,13.85
Staff welfare expenses	2,09.02	2,00.77
Directors' sitting fees	8.04	6.20
Total	48,66.13	45,07.26
Note No. 29.1- Refer Note No. 39 for details on employee benefits		
The above includes		
- net incremental gratuity provision of	74.75	9.66
- net incremental leave encashment provision of	50.45	34.01
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	00.10	

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24
Note No. 30 Finance costs	2 26 96	27 56
Interest on debts and borrowings at effective interest rate on borrowings Other finance costs including bank charges	2,36.86 29.42	37.56 31.82
Interest on Lease Liabilities	81.77	84.56
Total	3,48.05	1,53.94
	0,40.00	1,00.04
<b>Note No. 31 Depreciation and amortisation expense</b> Refer Note No. 2, for accounting policy on Property Plant and Equipment, Intangibles and Investment Properties		
Depreciation on plant property & equipment	6,30.57	5,26.09
Amortisation on intangible Assets	31.50	29.71
Depreciation on right-of-use assets	3,68.05	3,74.11
Depreciation on investment property	1.74	1.82
	10,31.86	9,31.73
Note No. 32 Selling Expenses		
Freight & Transport	21,53.34	21,37.69
Shipment Expenses	16,49.30	14,62.64
Insurance	13.85	16.57
Commission	95.49	93.46
Advertisement	18,21.15	16,70.26
Business and Sales Promotion	31,85.42	29,87.10
Total	89,18.55	83,67.72
Note No. 33 Other Expenses		
Power and fuel	38.34	32.78
Short Term Leases	13.97	15.12
Rates and taxes	67.23	80.01
Insurance	85.54	63.31
Travelling and conveyance	6,08.83	6,18.04
Repairs and maintenance		
Buildings	1,40.34	1,22.49
Plant and machinery	36.17	60.74
Vehicles	3,26.86	1,64.50
IT maintenance Hardware/Software	1,90.70	1,01.24
Others	5.10	3.15
Payment to auditor (Refer Note No. 34)	46.45	48.02
CSR expenditure (Refer Note No. 35)	1,30.50	1,15.00
Allowance for credit impairment	0.23	1.43
Legal and professional fees	3,28.82	2,73.03
Donation & Charity Security Charges	2,29.00 11.82	1,50.00 12.41
Miscellaneous Expenses	2,33.04	2,93.64
Total	<b>24,92.94</b>	<u>2,93.04</u> <b>21,54.90</b>
	27,02.04	21,04.00

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

		31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24
Note	No. 34 Payment made to Statutory Auditors:		
As A	uditor:		
Sta	tutory Audit	30.00	30.00
Tax	Audit	6.60	6.60
In Ot	her Capacity		
	ation matters	3.50	3.50
Cei	tification	2.35	2.32
Rei	mbursement of expenses	4.00	5.60
Total		46.45	48.02
Note	No. 35 Corporate Social Responsibility Expenditure:		
(i)	Amount required to be spent as per Section 135 of the Act	1,30.50	1,13.45
	Amount spent during the year on:		
(ii)	Construction / acquisition of an asset	-	-
(iii)	On purposes other than (i) above	1,30.50	1,15.00
	Total Amount spent	1,30.50	1,15.00
(iv)	Contribution to a trust controlled by the company in relation to CSR expenditure as per relevant Accounting Standard	Nil	Nil
(v)	Total of previous years shortfall	Nil	Nil
(vi)	Shortfall at the end of the year	Nil	Nil
(vii)	Reason for shortfall	NA	NA
(viii)	Nature of CSR activities		
	Education	20.00	15.00
	Eradicating hungerpoverty, etc	10.00	5.00
	Rehabiliation Programs	30.50	43.00
	Health Care	42.50	19.50
	Shelter for aged	22.50	32.50
	Facilities for Senior Citizens	5.00	-
(ix)	Details of related party transactions	-	-
(x)	Where a provision is made with respect to a liability incurred by entering		
	into a contractual obligation, the movements in the provision during the year shall be shown separately	NA	NA
		1,30.50	1,15.00

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

	Year ended 31st March 2025	Year ended 31st March 2024
Note No. 36 Income Tax		
The major components of income tax expense for the years ended 31 March 2025 and 31st March 2024 are:		
Statement of profit and loss:		
Income Tax		
In respect of the current year	17,67.10	20,52.11
	17,67.10	20,52.11
Deferred Tax		
In respect of the current year	77.21	1,87.56
	77.21	1,87.56
Income tax expense reported in the statement of profit or loss	18,44.31	22,39.67
Other Comprehensive Income		
Deferred tax related to items recognised in OCI during the year		
Net (gain)/loss on fair valuation of equity instruments	-	2,60.24
Net (gain)/loss on remeasurements of defined benefit plans	(17.10)	
Income tax charged to OCI	(17.10)	2,60.24
Reconciliation of tax expense (current tax & deferred tax) and the accounting profit multiplied by domestic tax rate for 31 March 2025 and 31st March 2024:		
Accounting profit before tax (a)	74,06.42	87,00.93
Income Tax Rate (b)	25.17%	25.17%
Calculated taxes based on above, without any adjustments for deductions [(a) x (b)]	18,64.05	21,89.85
Adjustments		
On account of Income Tax relating to Remeasurement of the defined benefit plans	(2.11)	2.11
On account of CSR Expenditure	32.84	28.94
On account of Donations	57.63	37.75
On account of Other Permanent Disallowances	5.77	5.63
On account of Exempt income	(1.17)	(0.77)
On account of Tax Rate difference in Capital Gain	(1,22.00)	(64.17)
On account of Other items	9.29	40.32
Income tax expense reported in the statement of profit and loss	18,44.31	22,39.67
The Company has utilised the option given u/s 115BAA and accordingl		

The Company has utilised the option given u/s 115BAA and accordingly the tax rate applicable is 25.17%

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

	Year ended 31st March 2025	Year ended 31st March 2024
Note No. 37 Earnings per share (in Rs.)		
Profit after Taxation in Rs. (in lakhs)	55,62.11	64,61.26
Weighted average number of Equity Shares outstanding at the end of		
the year *	4,56,540	4,59,130
Nominal value per Equity Shares	10	10
Earnings per share (Basic and Diluted) in Rs.	1,218.32	1,407.28

\* There have been no transactions involving equity shares or potential equity shares between the reporting date and the date of authorisation of these financial statements.

#### Note No. 38 Segment Reporting

The Company has identified business segments as its primary segment as per Ind AS 108. The Company has identified three reportable segments viz. Consumer Products, Roofing Materials and Logistics activity. Segments have been identified and reported taking into account nature of products and services, the differing risks and returns and the internal business reporting systems. The accounting policies adopted for segment reporting are in line with the accounting policy of the Company with following additional policies for segment reporting :

- a) Revenue and expenses have been identified to a segment on the basis of relationship to operating activities of the segment. Revenue and expenses which relate to enterprise as a whole and are not allocable to a segment on reasonable basis have been disclosed as "Unallocable".
- b) Segment assets and segment liabilities represent assets and liabilities in respective segments. Investments, tax related assets and other assets and liabilities that cannot be allocated to a segment on reasonable basis have been disclosed as "Unallocable".
- (i) **Primary Segment Information**

Previous Year Figures have been shown in Italics	below the current year figures.

Particulars	Consumer Products	Roofing Materials	Others	Total
Segment Revenue				
External Revenue	891,45.00	279,50.00	19,88.08	11,90,83.08
	802,19.09	258,40.20	18,27.76	10,78,87.05
Inter-Segment Revenue	-	-	-	-
Total Revenue	891,45.00	27950.00	19,88.08	11,90,83.08
Segment Result	67,96.81	1,85.38	(70.04)	69,12.15
	80,87.09	94.37	6.17	81,87.63
Less: Unallocated Corporate Income over Expense	-	-	8,42.04	8,42.04
	-	-	6,66.97	6,66.97

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

#### (i) **Primary Segment Information (Contd.)**

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Previous Year Figures	nave been snowr	i in italics below the	current vear tidures.

Particulars	Consumer Products	Roofing Materials	Others	Total
Segment Result before Exceptional and non recurring items, interest and taxes	67,96.81	1,85.38	7,72.00	77,54.19
	80,87.09	94.37	6,73.14	88,54.59
Less: Finance Costs	-	-	(3,48.05)	(3,48.05)
	-	-	(1,53.94)	(1,53.94)
Segment Result before Exceptional and non recurring items, taxes	67,96.81	1,85.38	4,24.23	74,06.42
	80,87.09	94.37	5,19.20	87,00.93
Less: Provision for Taxation	-	-	17,67.10	17,67.10
	-	-	20,52.11	20,52.11
Less: Deferred Tax	-	-	77.21	77.21
	-	-	1,87.56	1,87.56
Segment Result after Tax	67,96.81	1,85.38	(14,20.08)	55,62.11
	80,87.09	94.37	(17,20.19)	64,61.26
Other Information				
Capital Employed	10256.34	55,73.31	(158,29.65)	-
(Segment Assets - Segment Liabilities)	109,41.44	69,60.68	(179,02.12)	-
Capital Expenditure	77.80	1,18.35	58,16.86	60,13.01
	2,44.06	30.13	2,45.50	5,19.69
Depreciation	4,95.62	2,13.77	3,22.47	10,31.86
	5,17.47	2,13.21	2,01.05	9,31.73

#### (c) The reportable Segments are further described below :

The Consumer Products segment includes sale of tea, coffee in packet, bulk and Dairy products.

The Roofing Materials segment includes Manufacturing and trading of Roofing Materials and Aluminium, GI & related Accessories.

The businesses, which were not reportable segments during the year, have been grouped under the "Others" segment.

#### (d) Geographical Segment:

The company's activities are within India and the exports are not significant. Considering the same, disclosure relating to geographical segment is not applicable

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

#### Note No. 39 Employee Benefits

(a) The Company has recognised the following expenses as defined contribution plan under the head "Company's Contribution to Provident Fund and Other Funds" (net of recoveries) :

	31.03.2025	31.03.2024
Provident fund	2,29.50	2,16.37
Superannuation fund	1,13.49	1,10.05
Employee state insurance contribution	1.75	2.85

(b) The Company operates post retirement defined benefit plans as follows :-

#### **Gratuity Scheme:**

This is a funded defined benefit plan for qualifying employees for which, the Company is making contributions to the Gratuity Fund managed by Life Insurance Corporation of India. The scheme provides for a lump sum payment to vested employees at retirement, death while in employment or on termination of employment. Vesting occurs upon completion of five years of service.

Expense recognized in the statement of profit and loss	31.03.2025	31.03.2024
Current Service Cost	70.83	71.24
Net Interest	0.89	0.02
Expense recognized in the statement of profit and loss	71.72	71.26
Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)		
Actuarial (Gain)/Loss recognized for the period	69.31	7.96
Return on Plan Assets excluding net interest	(1.36)	0.43
Total Actuarial (Gain)/Loss recognized in (OCI)	67.95	8.39
Reconciliation of Defined Benefit Obligation		
Opening Defined Benefit Obligation	10,35.06	9,35.61
Interest Cost	72.04	66.52
Current Service Cost	70.84	71.24
Past Service Cost	-	-
Interest on defined benefit obligation	-	-
Benefits paid	(37.87)	(46.27)
Actuarial Losses / (Gain) on obligation	69.31	7.96
Closing Defined Benefit Obligation	12,09.38	10,35.06

#### Defined Benefit Plans (Gratuity)- As per Actuarial Valuation on March 31, 2025:-

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

	31.03.2025	31.03.2024
Reconciliation of Fair Value of Plan Assets		
Opening Fair Value of Plan Assets	9,90.09	9,00.29
Return on plan assets	1.36	(0.43)
Interest income	71.16	66.50
Contributions made	64.93	70.00
Benefits Paid	(37.87)	(46.27)
Closing Fair Value of Plan Assets	10,89.67	9,90.09
Reconciliation of Net Liability/ Asset		
Opening Net Benefit Liability	44.97	35.32
Expense charged to profit and loss	71.72	71.26
Amount recognized outside profit and loss (in OCI)	67.95	8.39
Employer Contribution	(64.93)	(70.00)
Closing Net Defined Benefit Liability/ (Asset) - Current	1,19.71	44.97
Amount to be recognized in Balance Sheet and movement in net liability		
Present Value of Funded Obligations	12,09.38	10,35.06
Fair Value of Plan Assets	10,89.67	9,90.09
Net (asset) / Liability - Current	1,19.71	44.97
Description of Plan Assets		
Funds managed by Insurer	100%	100%
Grand Total	100%	100%
Actuarial Assumptions		
Discount rate (p.a.)	6.58%	7.09%
Salary Escalation Rate (p.a.)	6.50%	6.50%
Attrition Rate (p.a)	5.00%	5.00%
Expected rate of return on Plan Assets (p.a.)	7.09%	7.09%
Mortality Rate	Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2012-14) Ult	Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2012-14) Ult

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

The discount rates are based on the benchmark yields available on government bonds at the valuation date with terms matching that of the liabilities and salary increases rates take into account inflation, Seniority, Promotion and other relevant factors.

Assets liability comparison	31-03-2025	31-03-2024	31-03-2023	31-03-2022	31-03-2021
Present value obligation at the end of the period	12,09.38	10,35.06	9,35.61	8,39.76	7,62.89
Plan assets	10,89.67	9,90.09	9,00.29	7,13.44	6,38.80
Surplus/(Deficit)	(1,19.71)	(44.97)	(35.31)	(1,26.33)	(1,24.09)
Experience adjustments on plan assets	1.36	(0.43)	(0.25)	4.14	2.02

Expected Pay-out	31.03.2025	31.03.2024
Year 1	5,97.67	4,74.84
Year 2	85.87	98.09
Year 3	89.23	73.15
Year 4	93.52	76.26
Year 5	82.01	80.89
Next 5 years	2,72.67	2,51.74

Average Duration of Defined Benefit Obligations - 3.40 years (31st March 2024 - 3.49) Projected service costs for financial year 31st March 2026 is Rs. 82.81

Effect of Change in Key Assumptions	31.03.2025	31.03.2024
Discount Rate		
Impact of increase in 100 bps on DBO	11,71.48	10,02.23
Impact of decrease in 100 bps on DBO	12,52.03	10,71.88
Salary Escalation Rate		
Impact of increase in 100 bps on DBO	12,50.48	10,70.70
Impact of decrease in 100 bps on DBO	11,72.16	10,02.70

The sensitivity analyses above have been determined based on a method that extrapolates the impact on defined benefit obligation as a result of reasonable changes in key assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period.

#### (c) Other Long Term Employee Benefits :-

#### Leave Encashment:

The company also operates a non funded leave encashment scheme for its employees.

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Other Long Term Employee Benefits (Leave encashment)- As per Actuarial Valu	ation on March	31, 2025:-
Amount to be recognized in Balance Sheet and movement in net liability	31.03.2025	31.03.2024
Present Value of Obligations	5,59.16	5,08.71
Fair Value of Plan Assets		
Net (asset) / Liability	5,59.16	5,08.71
Expenses recognized during the year		
Current Service Cost	26.81	75.01
Interest on Net Defined Benefit Liability	35.64	31.95
Past Service Cost		
Total amount recognised in the statement of profit and loss (A)	62.45	106.96
Actuarial (gain)/Loss recognised for the period	-	-
Total amount recognised in the other comprehensive income (B)		
Total amount recognised (A+B)	62.45	106.96
Actuarial Assumptions		
Discount rate (p.a.)	6.58%	7.09%
Salary Escalation Rate (p.a.)	6.50%	6.50%
Attrition Rate (p.a)	5%	5.00%
Effect of Change in Key Assumptions		
Discount Rate		
Impact of increase in 100 bps on DBO	5,41.48	4,92.66
Impact of decrease in 100 bps on DBO	5,78.90	5,26.59
Salary Escalation Rate		
Impact of increase in 100 bps on DBO	5,78.18	5,26.01
Impact of decrease in 100 bps on DBO	5,41.81	4,92.90

The estimate of future salary increases, considered in actuarial valuation, takes into account inflation, seniority, promotions and other relevant factors. The above information has been certified by the actuary and has been relied upon by the Auditors.

#### Exposure to Risks:

These plans typically expose the Company to actuarial risks such as: interest rate risk, longevity risk and salary risk.

Interest risk: A decrease in the Government Securities (G-Sec Bonds) interest rate will increase the plan liability.

Longevity risk: The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated by reference to the best estimate of the mortality of plan participants during their employment. An increase in the life expectancy of the plan participants will increase the plan's liability.

Salary risk: The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated by reference to the future salaries of plan participants. As such, an increase in the salary of the plan participants will increase the plan's liability.

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

#### Note No. 40 The Code on Social Security, 2020

The Social Security Code relating to Employee Benefit during employment and post employment benefit received presidential assent in September 2020. The Code has been published in the Gazzette of India. However, the date on which the Code will come into effect has not been notified. The Company will assess the impact of the code when it comes into effect.

#### Note No. 41 Related Party Transactions

#### Details of related parties:

#### Directors who held the office during the year:

Mr. Ajit Thomas, Executive Chairman Mr. Dilip Thomas, Executive Vice Chairman Mr. Habib Hussain Mr. F.S.Mohan Eddy Mrs. Kavitha Vijay

#### **Relatives of Directors:**

Mr. Ashwin Thomas (Son of Mr. Ajit Thomas, Director) Mr. Divesh Thomas (Son of Mr. Dilip Thomas, Director)

#### Key Management Personnel (KMP)

Mr. R Venugopalan (Chief Financial Officer)

#### Associate companies:

A V Thomas Investments Company Ltd. AVT Gavia Foods Private Ltd. Grover Zampa Vineyards Ltd

#### Entities in which Directors are interested with whom transactions were carried out during the year:

- A V Thomas International Ltd.
- L.J. International Ltd.
- The Midland Rubber & Produce Company Ltd.
- The Nelliampathy Tea & Produce Company Ltd.
- Neelamalai Agro Industries Ltd.
- AVT Natural Products Ltd. and its subsidiaries
- AVT McCormick Ingredients Private Ltd.
- Aspera Holdings Pvt Ltd (Formerly AVT Holdings Private Ltd.)
- The Highland Produce Company Ltd.
- The Rajagiri Rubber & Produce Company Ltd.
- Dalp Trading and Manufacturing Ltd.
- A V Thomas Leather & Allied Products Private Ltd.
- Aspera Logistics Private Ltd.
- Midland Corporate Advisory Services Private Ltd.
- Provision Value Gard Pvt Ltd
- Alina Private Limited

#### List of other related parties in which Directors are Trustees.

- Midland Charitable Trust
- Dalp Benevolent Trust
- J. Thomas Educational & Benevolent Trust

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

	Directors (Including relatives)	:tors relatives)	Key Man Personn	Key Management Personnel (KMP)	Assoc	Associates	Entities/ot parties Directors ar	Entities/other related parties in which Directors are Interested
<b>Details of Transactions</b>	31.03.2025	31.03.2024	31.03.2025	31.03.2024	31.03.2025	31.03.2024	31.03.2025	31.03.2024
INCOME:								
Sales	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	69.72	89.49
C&F and Warehousing Charges	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	I	Nil	13,76.17	12,69.46
Short Term Leases	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.24	0.24	1.82	1.63
Service Charges	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	I	Nil	25.82	25.74
Interest	1	I	I	I	86.43	Nil	•	I
Dividend Received	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	I		•	2.00
EXPENDITURE:								
Purchases	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	I	Nil	137,98.06	118,52.96
Short Term Leases	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	I	Nil	14.00	14.00
Commission Paid / C&F	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	I	Nil	3,03.06	3,32.69
Remuneration	3,99.18	3,81.15	1,33.93	1,22.99	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Donation Paid	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	50.00	1,00.00
Dividend Paid	12,16.23	10,39.80	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	17.33	14.85
OTHERS								
Investments in Shares	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	33,50.00	Nil	•	I
Inter company Deposit provided	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	50.00	Nil	•	•
Inter company Deposit repaid	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	50.00	Nil	•	•
Balance as on 31st March 2025								
Debit Balance	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	I	Nil	69.49	407.95
Credit Balance	IIN	Nil	ΪΖ	Nil	1	1	921.77	780.11

# A.V. THOMAS AND COMPANY LIMITED, ALAPPUZHA

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

#### Note No. 42 Leases

#### a) As a Lessor:

The future minimum Lease Rent Receivable

Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
Not later than one year;	49.75	1.75
Later than one year and not later than five years;	-	-
Later than five years.	-	-

#### b) As a Lessee:

- (i) The right of use asset is recognised at :
  - a) The carrying amount of prepaid rent when no future lease payments are payable; or
  - b) At the carrying amount and discounted at incremental borrowing rate.
- (ii) The Company has taken on lease equipment and warehouses. Most of the leases include renewal and escalation clauses.

# The table below provides details regarding the contractual maturities of lease liabilities as of March 31, 2025 and March 31st 2024 on an undiscounted basis:

Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
Not later than one year;	2,49.99	2,83.89
Later than one year and not later than five years;	2,43.17	3,41.14
Later than five years.	4,10.43	4,12.66

The above lease contracts, entered by company pertains to building and land taken on lease for business purposes. The company has restriction with respect to disposal of these assets.

(iii) The following amounts has been recognised in statement of profit and loss

Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
Depreciation - Refer Note No. 31	3,68.05	374.11
Interest expenses - Refer Note No. 30	81.77	84.56
Expenses relating to short term lease - Refer Note No.28 & 33	98.12	86.75
Interest on Security Deposit - Refer Note No.25	7.65	8.21

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

# Note No. 43 Ratio Analysis

S. S.	Ratio	Numerator	Denominator	Current Period	Previous Period	% Variance	Reason for variance
~	Current Ratio (in times)	Current Assets	Current Liabilities	3.55	6.02	(41.14)	Availment of cash credit during the year. There was no cash credit balance during previous year end.
2	Debt Equity Ratio (in times)	Total Debt (including lease liability)	Total shareholder equity	0.08	0.02	3,20.47	Increase in term loan and cash credit during the year
e	Debt Service Coverage Ratio (in times)	Earning available for debt service (Net Profit after taxes + Non-cash operating expenses like depreciation and other amortizations + Interest + other adjustments like loss on sale of Fixed assets etc.)	Debt Service = Interest & Lease Payments + Principal Repayments	18.30	79.88	(77.10)	Increase in borrowing during the year.
4	Return on Equity Ratio (in %)	Profit after Tax	Average Shareholders Equity	19.15%	24.93%	(23.18)	Increase in cost of raw materials
5	Inventory Turn over Ratio (in times)	Cost of goods sold	Average inventory	6.41	6.13	4.50	
9	Trade Receivable Turn over Ratio (in times)	Net Credit Sales	Average Accounts Receivable	30.56	32.93	(7.19)	
7	Trade Payable Turn over Ratio (in times)	Net Credit Purchases	Average Accounts Payable	44.46	53.88	(17.49)	
ω	Net Capital Turn over Ratio (in times)	Net Sales (Sales minus sales return)	Average Working Capital	4.35	4.04	7.65	
ი	Net Profit Ratio (in %)	Net Profit (Net profit after tax)	Net Sales (Sales minus sales return)	4.67%	5.99%	(21.76)	
10	Return on Capital Employed Ratio (in %)	EBIT	Capital Employed (Tangible net worth+Total debt+Deferred Tax Liability)	17.65%	23.67%	(25.44)	Increase in cost of raw materials
7	Return on Investment (in %)	Net return on investment	Average investment	8.80%	0.29%	29,32.82	Based on fair value movement of investments through OCI

# A.V. THOMAS AND COMPANY LIMITED, ALAPPUZHA

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

#### Note no. 44 Forward Contracts

a) The following are the forward contracts entered by the company and outstanding as at the balance sheet date

Particulars	As at 31st I	March 2025	As at 31st I	March 2024
Failiculais	Amount (in FC)	Amount (In ₹)	Amount (in FC)	Amount (In ₹)
Payable - USD	0.00	0.00	0.80	66.36

#### b) Hedged Foreign Currency exposures as at the Balance sheet date

Particulars	As at 31st I	March 2025	As at 31st M	Aarch 2024
Farticulars	Amount (in FC)	Amount (In ₹)	Amount (in FC)	Amount (In ₹)
Payable - USD	0.00	0.00	0.80	66.36

	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
Note No. 45 Contingent Assets		
Contingent assets are neither recognised nor disclosed in the financial statements.		
Note No. 46 Sundry Debtors include:		
Debts due by Private Limited Companies in which Director/s are interested as Director/s.		
AVT McCormick Ingredients Private Limited	12.42	311.44
Note No. 47 Total outstanding to Micro & Small Enterprises (SM The information regarding dues to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises as required under Micro, Small & Medium Enterprise Development (MSMED) Act 2006 as on 31st March 2025 is furnished below:	1Es)	
(a) The Principal amount and the interest due there on remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of the accounting year		
(i) Principal due to Micro & Small Enterprise	4,34.10	2,19.13
(ii) Principal due to Medium Enterprise	5,44.68	4,84.19
(iii) Interest	Nil	Nil
(b) The amount of interest paid by the buyer under MSMED Act, 2006 along with the amounts of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during each accounting year.	Nil	Nil

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

		As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
(c)	The amount of interest due and payable for the period (Where the principal has been paid but interest under the MSMED Act2006 not paid)	Nil	Nil
(d)	The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of the accounting year	Nil	Nil
(e)	The amount of further interest due and payable even in the succeeding year, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise, for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under		
	section 23	Nil	Nil
Not	te No. 48 Commitments and Contingencies		
a)	On account of statutory liability in dispute		
	Claims not acknowledged as debts (KGST, CST, & Entry Tax, Service Tax, IncomeTax etc)	Nil	Nil
b)	Contractual Commitments		
	Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account (Property, plant and equipments and other intangible assets net of capital advances)	63.76	28.65
c)	Capital commitment for investments - Refer Note No 7.1	24,00.00	Nil
c)	Contingent Liabilities:		
, Cla	ims against the Company not acknowledged as debts - bute withtelecom company for wrong billing	35.60	Nil
dete The Per oute	e future cash outflow on the above contingent liability is erminable only on settlement of dispute with the party. e company is in the process of filing a complaint before the manent Lok Adalat. The Company does not expect the come of these proceedings to have a materially adverse effect its financial results.		

#### Note No. 49 Dividend

The Board of Directors in its meeting on 27th May 2025, have proposed a final dividend of Rs.150 per Equity Share for financial year ended 31st March 2025. The proposal is subject to the approval of Shareholders at the Annual General Meeting to be held on 23rd July 2025 and if approved, would result in a cash out flow of approximately Rs. 6.85 Crores.

#### Note no. 50 Fair Value Measurement of Financial Instruments

#### Financial Instruments by category

The material accounting policies, including the criteria for recognition, the basis of measurement and the basis on which income and expenses are recognised, in respect of each class of financial asset, financial liability and equity instrument are disclosed.

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

#### Financial assets and liabilities

	Destinutore	31	As at st March 202	25	As at 31st March 2024		24
	Particulars	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Amortised Cost	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Amortised Cost
Ass	sets:						
Νοι	n Current						
<u>Fina</u>	ancial assets						
i)	Investments	-	9,80.07	49,86.10	-	13,43.74	12,72.43
Cu	rrent						
<u>Fina</u>	ancial Assets						
i)	Investments	130,68.97	-	-	124,47.55	-	-
ii)	Trade receivables	-	-	43,87.86	-	-	34,01.95
iii)	Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	2,05.32	-	-	15,96.70
iv)	Bank balances other than (iii) above	-	-	80.04	-	-	60.86
v)	Loans	-	-	54.97	-	-	25,36.42
vi)	Other financial assets	-	-	62.22	-	-	69.12
	Total	130,68.97	9,80.07	97,76.51	124,47.55	13,43.74	89,37.48
Lia	bilities:						
Νοι	n Current						
Fina	ancial Liabilities						
i)	Borrowings	-	-	1,93.86	-	-	-
	ia) Lease liabilities	-	-	3,77.49	-	-	4,49.79
Cu	rrent						
Fina	ancial Liabilities						
i)	Borrowings	-	-	24,93.31	-	-	-
	ia) Lease liabilities	-	-	1,98.80	-	-	2,51.59
ii)	Trade Payables	-	-	51,87.16	-	-	33,49.42
iii)	Other financial liabilities	-	-	4.73	-	-	7.51
	Total	-	-	84,55.35	-	-	40,58.31

#### Fair value hierarchy

Level 1 - Level 1 hierarchy includes financial instruments measured using Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

Level 2 – Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).

Level 3 - Inputs for the assets or liabilities that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

#### Fair value hierarchy

I.	Fair value of Financial Instruments measured through FVTPL:						
	Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair March 31, 2025:	value-recurr	ing fair valu	e measuren	nents as at		
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total		
	Investment in Mutual Funds & Structured Debt Instruments	130,68.97	-	-	130,68.97		
	Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair March 31, 2024:	value-recurr	ing fair valu	e measuren	nents as at		
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total		
	Investment in Mutual Funds & Structured Debt Instruments	124,47.55	-	_	124,47.55		
	Valuation inputs and relationship to fair value The fair value of investment in mutual funds is dete at the balance sheet date.	rmined using	the Net Asse	et Value (NA	/) per unit		
П.	Fair value of Financial Instruments measured th	rough FVTO	CI:				
	Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair March 31, 2025:	value-recurr	ing fair valu	e measuren	nents as at		
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total		
	- Investment in Equity Shares	-	-	9,80.07	9,80.07		
	Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value-recurring fair value measurements as at March 31, 2024:						
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total		
	- Investment in Equity Shares	-	-	13,43.74	13,43.74		
	Valuation inputs and relationship to fair value						
	The fair value of forward foreign exchange contract the balance sheet date. In respect of the investment investment, fair value is considered close to the car	ent in equity	share, consi	dering the n			
III.	Fair value of Financial Instruments measured at amortised cost :						
	Due to the short-term nature of cash and cash end receivables, loans, borrowings-current, financial liab the carrying amount of assets and liabilities recogn approximate to their fair value.	oilities and as	sets, the mar	nagement co	nsiders that		

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

#### Note no. 51 Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Company's principal financial liabilities, other than derivatives, comprise loans and borrowings, trade and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the Company's operations and to provide guarantees to support its operations. The Company's principal financial assets include loans, trade and other receivables, and cash and short-term deposits that derive directly from its operations. The Company also enters into derivative transactions.

The Company is exposed to market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's senior management oversees the management of these risks. The financial risk activities are governed by appropriate policies and procedures and that financial risks are identified, measured and managed by the senior management in accordance with the Company's policies and risk objectives. The Company evaluates the impact of foreign exchange rate fluctuations by assessing its exposure to exchange rate risks. It hedges a part of these risks by using derivative financial instruments in line with its risk management policies and the same is carried out by professionals who have the appropriate skills, experience and supervision. The Company, as its policy, will not be trading in derivatives for speculative purposes.

#### (A) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: interest rate risk, foreign currency risk and other price risk, such as equity price risk and commodity risk. Financial instruments affected by market risk include borrowings, derivative financial instruments and Financial Instruments denominated in Foreign Currency.

The sensitivity analyses has been carried out for each of the sub-category of risk mentioned in Market Risk with relate to the position as at 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2024.

The sensitivity analyses have been carried out on the basis that the amount of net debt, the ratio of fixed to floating interest rates of the debt & derivatives and the proportion of financial instruments in foreign currencies are all constant and on the basis of hedge designations in place at 31 March 2025.

The analyses exclude the impact of movements in market variables on the carrying values of gratuity and other post-retirement obligations; provisions; and the non-financial assets.

The assumption have been made that the sensitivity of the relevant profit or loss item is the effect of the assumed changes in respective market risks. This is based on the financial assets and financial liabilities held at 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2024 including the effect of hedge accounting.

#### (a) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value interest rate risk or future cash flow interest rate risk of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Company's Long Term & short-term debt obligations with fixed & floating interest rates. Further, the Company is having risk of fair value interest rate as well since the fair values of fixed interest bearing investments will fluctuate on change in Interest rate.

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

#### Sensitivity Analysis of the Interest Rate

Profit or loss is sensitive to higher/lower interest expense from borrowings as a result of change in interest rates.

Particulars	Effect on profit before tax in Rs. lakhs		
	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24	
Increase in Interest rate by 100bp	(25.61)	(4.55)	
Decrease in Interest rate by 100bp	25.61	4.55	

The assumed movement in basis points(bp) for the interest rate sensitivity analysis is based on the currently observable market environment which shows a significantly higher volatility than in prior years.

#### (b) Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of an exposure will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in foreign exchange rates relates primarily to the Company's operating activities (when revenue or expense is denominated in a foreign currency).

The Company mitigates its foreign currency risk by using foreign currency forward contracts.

When a derivative is entered into for the purpose of being a hedge, the Company negotiates the terms of those derivatives to match the terms of the hedged exposure. For hedges of forecast transactions, the derivatives cover the period of exposure from the point the cash flows of the transactions are forecasted up to the point of settlement of the resulting receivable or payable that is denominated in the foreign currency.

#### (1) Foreign Currency Risk Exposure

The company exposure to foreign currency risk at the end of the year expressed in Rs. as follows:

Particulars	31-03-2025	31-03-2024
Financial Assets	(in Lakhs)	(in Lakhs)
Trade Receivables - USD	1,29.74	3,43.77
Forward Cover Contracts - USD	-	66.36
Net Unhedged Exposure - USD	1,29.74	2,77.41

	31-03-2025	31-03-2024
Financial Liabilities		
Trade Payables - USD	1,46.65	Nil

#### (2) Foreign currency sensitivity

The following tables demonstrate the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in USD, GBP & SGD exchange rates, with all other variables held constant. The impact on the Company's profit before tax is due to changes in the fair value of monetary assets and liabilities including non-designated foreign currency derivatives. The impact on the Company's pre-tax equity is due to changes in the fair value of forward exchange contracts designated as cash flow hedges. The Company's exposure to foreign currency changes for all other currencies is not material.

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

#### Sensitivity Analysis

Particulars	Effect on profit before tax in Rs. lakhs	
	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24
USD Exposure strengthening by 1%	(1.29)	(3.46)
USD Exposure weakening by 1%	1.29	3.46

#### (c) Commodity price risk

The prices of agricultural commodities and the metals are subject to fluctuations due to various factors. In the ordinary course of business, the company is exposed to commodity price risk to the extent its open sales are not balanced by the purchase contracts and inventory. The company has in place in a risk management policy to mitigate such risk by hedging the sales by direct purchases of the commodity and strategic stocking policies.

#### (B) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. The Company is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities (primarily trade receivables) and from its financing activities including deposits with banks and financial institutions, foreign exchange transactions and other financial instruments.

#### (a) Trade receivables

Customer credit risk is managed as per the Company's established policy, procedures and control relating to customer credit risk management. Credit limits are set with approvals on the basis of the defined policies. Outstanding customer receivables are regularly monitored and exposures are kept within the credit limits fixed for each customer.

#### Excessive risk concentration

Concentrations arise when a number of counterparties are engaged in similar business activities, or activities in the same geographical region, or have economic features that would cause their ability to meet contractual obligations to be similarly affected by changes in economic, political or other conditions. Concentrations indicate the relative sensitivity of the Company's performance to developments affecting a particular industry.

In order to avoid excessive concentrations of risk, the Company's policies and procedures include specific guidelines to focus on the maintenance of a diversified portfolio. Identified concentrations of credit risks are controlled and managed accordingly.

Particulars	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24
No of Customers to whom Sales made is more than 10% of the Turnover	Nil	Nil
Contribution of Customers in Sales more than 10% of Turnover	Nil	Nil

Particulars	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24
No of Customers who owed more than 10% of the Total receivables	Nil	Nil
Contribution of Customers in owing more than 10% of Total receivables	Nil	Nil

An impairment analysis is performed at each reporting date on an individual basis for major clients. In addition, a large number of minor receivables are grouped into homogenous company's and assessed for impairment collectively. The calculation is based on exchange losses historical data. The Company does not hold collateral as security. The Company evaluates the concentration of risk with respect to trade receivables as low, as its customers are located in several jurisdictions and industries and operate in largely independent markets.

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

#### (Amount in Rs. Lakhs)

Particulars	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24
Opening provision for doubtful debts	2,09.30	2,07.87
Add- Provision made during the year (Net)	2.00	1.43
Less- Reversals made during the year	4.82	-
Closing provision for doubtful debts	2,06.48	2,09.30

#### (b) Financial instruments and cash deposits

Credit risk from balances with banks and financial institutions is managed by the Company's treasury department in accordance with the Company's policy. Investments of surplus funds are made only with approved counterparties and within credit limits assigned to each counterparty.

The Company's maximum exposure to credit risk for the components of the balance sheet at 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2024 is the carrying amounts as mentioned in Notes.

#### (C) Liquidity risk

The Company's objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of bank overdrafts and bank loans. The Company's debt has been settled during the current financial year. The Company assessed the concentration of risk with respect to refinancing its debt and concluded it to be low. The Company has access to a sufficient variety of sources of funding and debt maturing within 12 months can be rolled over with existing lenders.

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Company's financial liabilities based on contractual undiscounted payments.

Year ended 31 March 2025	On demand	Less than 3 months	3 to 12 months	1 to 5 years	> 5 years	Total
	Rs. Lakhs	Rs. Lakhs	Rs. Lakhs	Rs. Lakhs	Rs. Lakhs	Rs. Lakhs
Interest-bearing loans and borrowings	-	23,33.29	-	-	-	23,33.29
Term Loan	-	-	1,60.02	1,93.86	-	3,53.88
Other financial liabilities	4.73	-	-	-	-	4.73
Trade and other payables	-	51,87.16	-	-	-	51,87.16
Year ended 31 March 2024						
Interest-bearing loans and borrowings	-	-	-	-	-	-
Term Loan	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other financial liabilities	7.51	-	-	-	-	7.51
Trade and other payables	-	33,49.42	-	-	-	33,49.42

#### Note No. 52 - Capital management

For the purpose of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued equity capital and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders of the parent. The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to maximise the shareholder value.

### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in light of changes in economic conditions and the requirements of the financial covenants. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. The Company monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by fund attributable to Equity Shares Holders. The company includes within net debt, interest bearing loans and borrowings less cash and short-term deposits and current investments.

	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24
	Rs. lakhs	Rs. lakhs
Interest-bearing borrowings (Refer Note No. 17)	26,87.17	-
Interest bearing lease liabilities (Refer Note No. 18)	5,76.29	7,01.38
Less: cash and short-term deposits (Refer Note No. 13)	2,05.32	15,96.70
Less: current investments (Refer Note No. 7)	130,68.97	124,47.55
Net debt	(100,10.83)	(133,42.87)
Equity (Refer Note No. 15)	45.65	45.65
Other Equity (Refer Note No. 16)	405,82.26	366,68.88
Total capital	406,27.91	367,14.54
Gearing ratio	(25%)	(36%)

In order to achieve this overall objective, the Company's capital management, amongst other things, aims to ensure that it meets financial covenants attached to the interest-bearing loans and borrowings that define capital structure requirements. Breaches in meeting the financial covenants would permit the bank to immediately call loans and borrowings. There have been no breaches in the financial covenants of any interest-bearing loans and borrowing in the current period.

No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2024.

#### Note No.53 Impairment of Assets

Company has analysed indications of impairment of assets. On the basis of assessment of internal and external factors, none of the assets has found indications of impairment of its assets.

#### Note No. 54 Other Statutory Information

#### Additional Regulatory Information as required under Schedule III Division II of Companies Act 2013:

- (i) The Company does not hold any Benami property and there are no Proceedings have been initiated or pending against the company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibitions) Act, 1988(45 of 1988) and the rules made thereunder.
- (ii) The Company is not declared willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender in any time during the year and previous year.
- (iii) The company has no transactions with companies struck off under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or section 560 of Companies Act, 1956.
- (iv) All the charges/satisfaction are registered with Registrar of Companies within the statutory period as specified in the Companies Act, 2013.

### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

- (a) The Company confirms that no funds(which are material either individually or in the aggregate) (v) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds)by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entity('Intermediaries")with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company('Ultimate Beneficiaries")or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
  - (b) The Management confirms that no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the Company from any person or entity, including foreign entity("Funding Parties") with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party("Ultimate Beneficiaries")or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
- (vi) There were no transactions relating to previously unrecorded income that have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961.
- (vii) The Company has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency anytime during the financial year.
- (viii) During the year there are no loans or advances made to Promoters, Directors, KMPs and related parties except for the inter corporate deposits provided to AVT Gavia Foods Private Ltd.
- The Company has borrowings from banks on the basis of security of current assets. (ix)
- The Quarterly returns / statements of current assets filed by the Company with the banks are agreement (X) with books of accounts and hence no separate disclosure is made for reason for discrepancies.
- (xi) The Company has complied with Sec 2(87) of the Act read with Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017 for the investments made by the Company.
- All title deeds of immovable properties other than leased assets are in the name of the company. (xii)
- (xiii) Company has used the borrowings from banks and financial institutions for the specific purpose for which it was taken at the balance sheet date.
- (xiv) Compliance with number of layers of companies - The Company has complied with the number of layers prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013.
- (xv) Compliance with approved scheme(s) of arrangements - The Company has not entered into any scheme of arrangement which has an accounting impact on current or previous financial year.
- (xvi) Valuation of Property, Plant and Equipment The Company has not revalued its property, plant and equipment (including right-of-use assets) during the current or previous year

Note No. 55. Figures for the previous periods have been regrouped / reclassified to conform to the classification of the current period.

As per our report of even date attached For Suri & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm's Regn.No:004283S G. RENGARAJAN Partner Membership No.219922 Date: 27th May 2025

Place: Chennai

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Ajit Thomas Executive Chairman DIN: 00018691

F.S. Mohan Eddy Director DIN: 01633183

R. Venugopalan Chief Financial Officer